LOVELAND CITY COUNCIL STUDY SESSION TUESDAY, DECEMBER 11, 2012 CITY COUNCIL CHAMBERS 500 EAST THIRD STREET LOVELAND, COLORADO

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6:30 P.M. STUDY SESSION - City Council Chambers

1. PUBLIC WORKS

(60 minutes)

Stormwater Rates Discussion

Presentation and discussion of existing rates for Stormwater Utility including System Investment Fees and Stormwater Utility Fees with additional revisions for potential adjustment to rates going forward as the result of input from City Council at the March 13, 2012 Study Session.

2. POLICE (60 minutes)

Police Staff and Resource Study - Phase II

This is the second phase of a four phase Staff and Resource Study being carried out by the Loveland Police Department. The objective of the study is to generate a ten year financial and operational strategy for the deployment of police resources to protect the safety of employees and the community in a way that promotes employee development. This project is intended to enable a sustainable pursuit of our mission: Preserve and enhance the quality of life for inhabitants of Loveland by procuring and sustaining the necessary public safety resources to defend human life, protect property, and safeguard the rights guaranteed to all people by the United States Constitution.

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City of Loveland

CITY OF LOVELAND

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

Administration Offices • 410 East Fifth Street • Loveland, Colorado 80537 (970) 962-2555 • FAX (970) 962-2908 • TDD (970) 962-2620

AGENDA ITEM: 1

MEETING DATE: 12/11/2012 TO: City Council

FROM: Keith Reester, Director, Public Works Department

PRESENTER: David Klockeman, City Engineer

Kevin Gingery, Senior Civil Engineer, Stormwater Engineering

Jason Mumm, StepWise Utility Advisors

TITLE:

Stormwater Rates – Update on Information Presented at March 13, 2012 Study Session.

RECOMMENDED CITY COUNCIL ACTION:

Discuss existing rates for Stormwater Utility – System Investment Fees and Stormwater Utility Fees and recommendations for potential rate adjustment going forward.

DESCRIPTION:

Presentation and discussion of existing rates for Stormwater Utility including System Investment Fees and Stormwater Utility Fees with additional revisions for potential adjustment to rates going forward as the result of input from City Council at the March 13, 2012 Study Session.

BUDGET IMPACT:		
□ Positive		
Negative ■		
☐ Neutral or negligible		

SUMMARY:

The presentation and discussion will review existing rates for Stormwater Utility specifically the System Investment Fees and Stormwater Utility Fees. Options will be presented for a potential adjustment of the rates going forward.

REVIEWED BY CITY MANAGER:	W.	uliant Calul	_
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LIST OF ATTACHMENTS:

1. Stormwater Rates PowerPoint Presentation





City of Loveland Stormwater Rate Study



Agenda

- System Investment Fees
 - Review of information from March 13, 2012 Study
 Session
 - Additional changes not recommended
- Stormwater User Charges
 - Includes Stormwater Utility Fee
 - Adjustments from March 13, 2012 Study Session

System Investment Fee (SIF)

- A one-time charge on newly developed land to recover the City's costs of design and construction for the master planned stormwater improvements needed to meet the drainage requirements prompted by growth.
- Last updated in 2003

Sample SIF Projects

- Buck 1st Subdivision regional detention pond, \$200,000
- Mirasol Development storm sewer improvements, \$206,000
- Cattail Reservoir regional detention pond, \$402,000
- Long's 3rd Subdivision canal spill structure, \$186,000
- East I-25 Basin at Hwy. 34 culvert improvements, \$144,000

Why Change the SIF?

12,800 Acres Remaining Growth Current Fees Related Insufficient SIF

SIF Revenue Shortfall

Average Monthly Residential Bill



Changes since Last SIF Study

Updates in land use assumptions

 Updates in impervious area assumptions from current Stormwater Design Standards

How Much You Need for 2013?



Implementation in 2-Steps

Class	Existing Fee	1st Year	2nd Year	% Increase
High Density	\$3,000	\$3,700	\$4,400	46.7
Medium Density	2,740	3,020	3,300	20.4
Low Density	2,480	2,620	2,750	10.9
Estate	537	1,100	1,650	307.3
Commercial	4,920	4,660	4,400	(-10.6)
Industrial	4,630	4,800	4,950	6.9
Institutional	2,170	2,460	2,750	26.7

SIF Next Steps

- Proposed SIF need to be indexed to account for inflation in growth-related capital improvements
- Growth-related capital improvements and SIF assumptions need to be reviewed periodically

Stormwater Utility Fee

- Monthly fees billed to residents and businesses for the operations, maintenance, and capital construction needs related to the stormwater master planned non-growth improvements, including street sweeping.
- Last adjusted in 2003

What Did Utility Fees Pay For in 2012?

Operations and Maintenance Costs

• \$2.62 million

Non-Growth Capital Costs

• \$2.66 million

What the Fees Need to Pay For

O&M Operations & Maintenance

- Same levels as before including street sweeping costs
- Possible addition of +1 project management staff

Capital Non-Growth-Related Capital Funding

- 14 major master planned non-growth projects totaling \$34 million
- 9 minor master planned non-growth projects totaling \$9 million

Why Change the Fees?

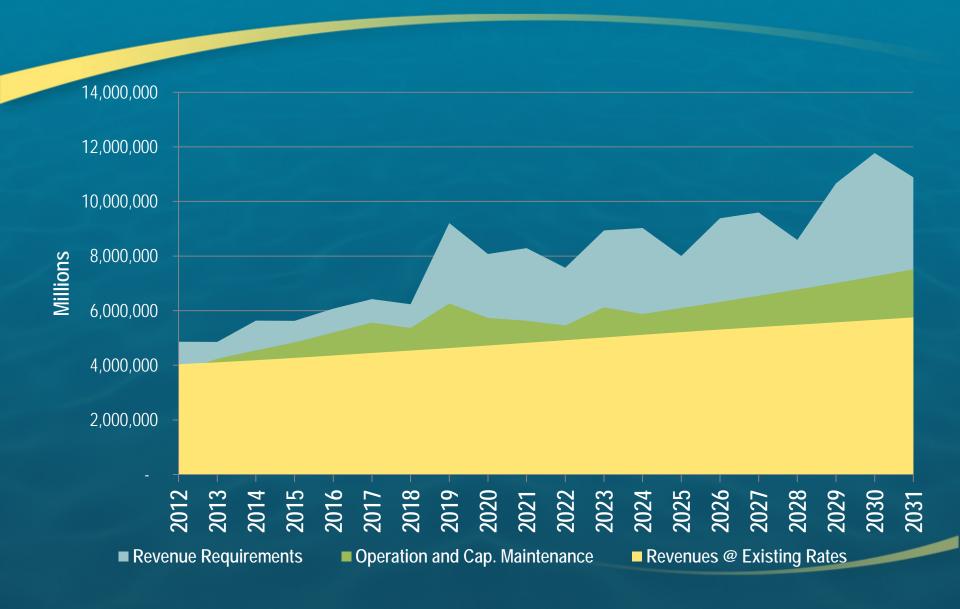


Revenues at existing stormwater <u>rates are</u> <u>insufficient</u> to meet costs of operation and maintenance



More revenue will be needed for the City to complete the stormwater improvements identified in the master plan and required by the three irrigation company agreements

Revenue Shortfalls



Previous Financial Plan Scenarios

- 5 Scenarios presented
- 2 were considered
 - O&M Increase Only (scenario 1)
 - Small rate increases through 2019 (3.5%)
 - Final rate \$9.97
 - Project Completion 6% by 2031
 - Three (3) Project Managers and PAYGO (Scenario 4)
 - Steep initial rate increases (20.2%)
 - Final rate \$15.34
 - Project Completion 97% by 2031

Options Further Studied

- Are there other ways to accomplish the objective?
 - Without external borrowing
 - "Pay as you go" (PAYGO) scenarios only
 - Limited internal borrowing
 - By smoothing out the project schedule
 - changing the order of some large projects
- Can we add a 3rd PM earlier to speed up the project delivery?
 - Any scenario that included adding a 3rd PM earlier was offset by the need to increase the rates faster

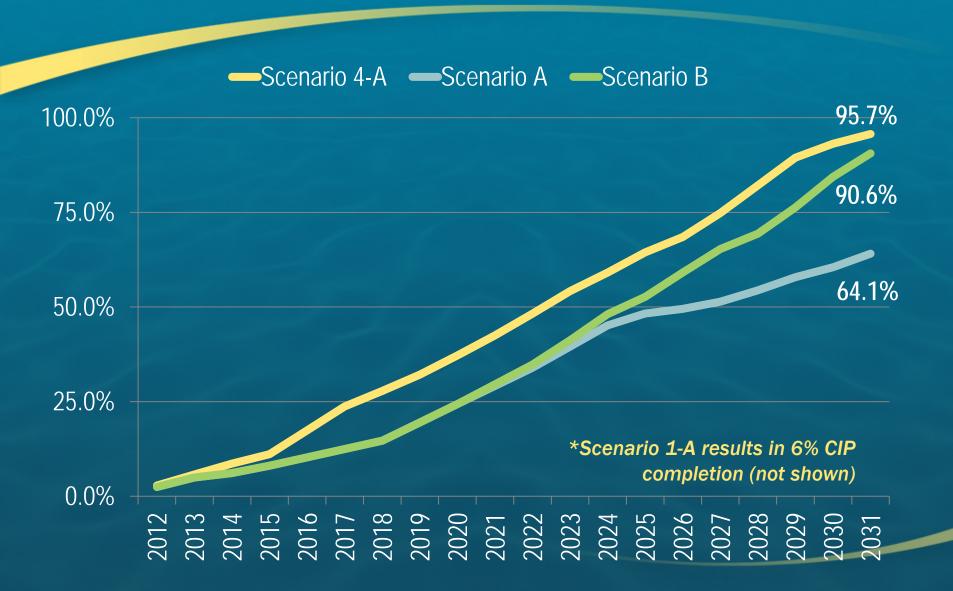
New Directions Determined

- PAYGO scenarios only
 - External borrowing not preferred
 - Internal borrowing not necessary (project smoothing)
- Smooth projects and rates
 - Revised project order to smooth spending
 - Revised project order also reflects project manager availability
- Rate Increases start in 2014
 - Based on timing of results
 - Water Rates were higher priority

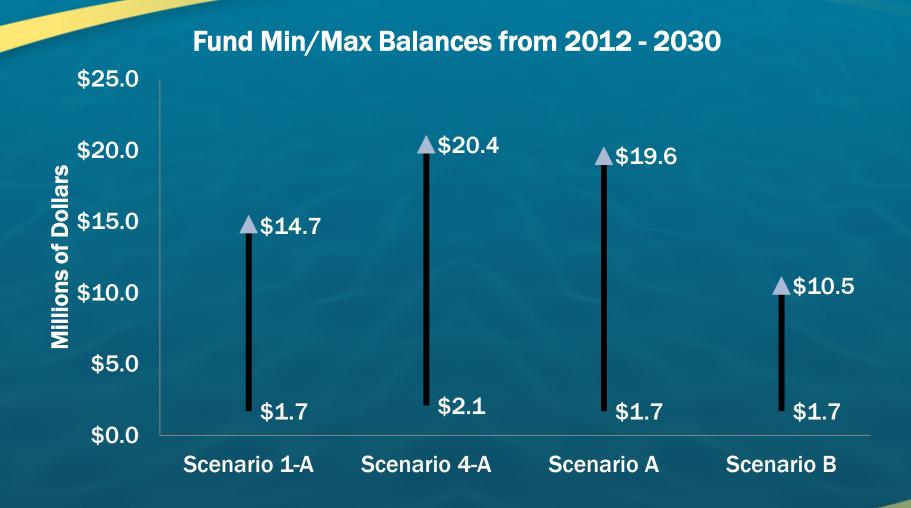
New Scenarios

- 1.A O&M only
 - Previous Scenario 1 updated to delay any rate increase to 2014
- 4.A 3 Project Managers old CIP schedule
 - Previous Scenario 4 updated to delay any rate increase to 2014
- A 2 Project Managers with Smooth CIP
- B 3 Project Managers with Smooth CIP

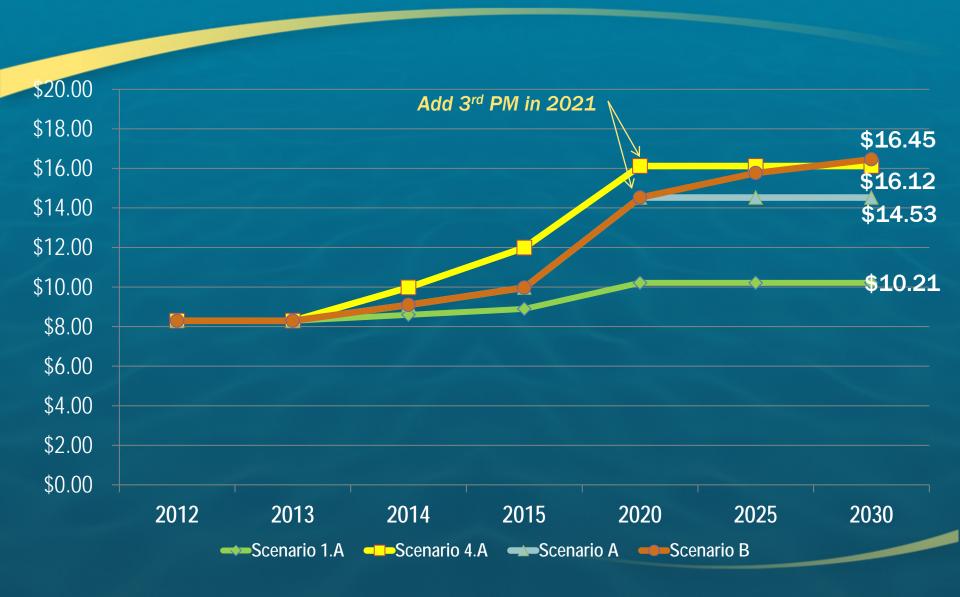
Project Completion Rates*



Stormwater Fund Balances



Monthly Rate Trends



Rate Increase Percentages

Scenario	2014-2019	2020-2031			
Scenario 1-A	3.5%	0.0%			
Scenario	2014-2016	2017	2018-2031		
Scenario 4-A	20.2%	11.8%	0.0%		
Scenario	2014-2017	2018-2019	2020	2021-2024	2025-2031
Scenario A	9.6%	8.4%	3.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Scenario B	9.6%	8.4%	3.3%	1.8%	0.9%

Residential Bill Detail

Year	Scenario 1.A (O&M Only)	Scenario 4.A (3 PM's not smoothed)	Scenario A (2 PM's smoothed)	Scenario B (3 PM's smoothed)
2012	\$8.30	\$8.30	\$8.30	\$8.30
2013	\$8.30	\$8.30	\$8.30	\$8.30
2014	\$8.59	\$9.98	\$9.10	\$9.10
2015	\$8.89	\$11.99	\$9.97	\$9.97
2020	\$10.21	\$16.12	\$14.53	\$14.53
2025	\$10.21	\$16.12	\$14.53	\$15.76
2030	\$10.21	\$16.12	\$14.53	\$16.45

Current Rates from our Neighbors





Staff Recommendation

- Staff recommends Scenario B
 - Future 3rd PM with project smoothing
 - Flattens rates by revising project order
 - Match available funding and
 - Consistent utilization of available Staff
 - 2 PM's through 2020
 - 3 PM's 2021 and forward
 - Delivers 90.6% of projects originally identified with 1986 Stormwater Master Plan by 2031

Scenario B Benefits

- No debt or borrowing required
- Reasonable rate increases
- Flexible project planning
- Faster completion of master planned projects

Next Steps

- Tonight:
 - Which scenario does City Council prefer?
- Future:
 - Adoption of Stormwater Financial Plan at a regular City Council meeting





Thank you for your time





CITY OF LOVELAND

POLICE DEPARTMENT

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AGENDA ITEM: 2

MEETING DATE: 12/11/2012 TO: City Council

FROM: Luke Hecker, Chief of Police **PRESENTER:** Luke Hecker, Chief of Police

TITLE: Police Staff and Resource Study - Phase II

RECOMMENDED CITY COUNCIL ACTION:

Review the Phase II findings of the regional benchmarking that was carried out by the Loveland Police Department as a component of the staff and resource study

DESCRIPTION:

This is the second phase of a four phase Staff and Resource Study being carried out by the Loveland Police Department. The objective of the study is to generate a ten year financial and operational strategy for the deployment of police resources to protect the safety of employees and the community in a way that promotes employee development. This project is intended to enable a sustainable pursuit of our mission: Preserve and enhance the quality of life for inhabitants of Loveland by procuring and sustaining the necessary public safety resources to defend human life, protect property, and safeguard the rights guaranteed to all people by the United States Constitution.

SUMMARY:

This is Phase II of the four phase study which is described as follows:

Phase I: Assessment of current situation, Completed May 2012:

A description of how current Police Department staff is deployed in the mission of public safety in Loveland, and an analysis of existing work load.

<u>Phase II:</u> <u>Determine and compare to goals or standards, December 11th 2012:</u>

A benchmarking evaluation of current, accepted public safety standards and norms in the Northern Colorado region, and an assessment of the vision for future police services in Loveland.

<u>Phase III:</u> <u>Define Options or alternatives needed to reach the goals or standards, from the present situation, First Quarter 2013:</u>

Analyze the findings of phase one and two, and develop recommendations for a ten year hiring and staffing and resource plan in the Police Department. Give consideration to staffing options and differential means of achieving long range public safety goals.

Phase IV: Action Plan, First Quarter 2013:

Develop a 10 year hiring and staff allocation plan which is consistent with the available and/or feasible resources of the City of Loveland.

REVIEWED BY CITY MANAGER: William Calif

LIST OF ATTACHMENTS:

Staff and Resource Study, Phase II Slide Presentation

LOVELAND POLICE DEPARTMENT

STAFF AND RESOURCE STUDY

PHASE II



<u>December 11th</u>, 2012

December 11, 2012

Table of Contents:

- 1. Police Chief's Memo to City Council, Phase II
- 2. Phase II Comparative Analysis Reports
- 3. Phase II Regional Survey
- 4. CALEA Survey
- 5. Staffing Level and Violent Crime/Property Crime Data
- 6. Staff and Resource Phase I Executive Summary

December 11, 2012

MEMORANDUM

TO: City Council, City of Loveland FROM: Luke Hecker, Chief of Police

DATE: November 28, 2012

RE: Loveland Police Staff and Resource Study – Phase II

This report is the second of a four phase project designed to aid the City Council, the City Manager, and the Loveland Police Department in creating a ten year plan for hiring police and support civilian and staff in a strategic manner that best ensures optimal levels of public safety in the Loveland community.

The four phase study and timeline for each phase breaks out as follows:

Phase I: Assessment of current situation, Completed May 2012:

A description of how current Police Department staff is deployed in the mission of public safety in Loveland, and an analysis of existing work load.

To refresh the memory of City Council, the Phase I Executive Summary report has been attached and can be found under the "Phase I Executive Summary" tab.

<u>Phase II:</u> <u>Determine and compare to goals or standards, December 2012:</u>

A benchmarking evaluation of current, accepted public safety standards and norms in the Northern Colorado region, and an assessment of the vision for future police services in Loveland.

Phase III: Define Options or alternatives needed to reach the goals or standards, from the present situation, January 2013:

Analyze the findings of phase one and two, and develop recommendations for a ten year hiring and staffing and resource plan in the Police Department. Give consideration to staffing options and differential means of achieving long range public safety goals.

Phase IV: Action Plan, February 2013:

Develop a 10 year hiring and staff allocation plan which is consistent with the available and/or feasible resources of the City of Loveland.

December 11, 2012 3

The objective of phase II of this study is described as follows:

"A benchmarking evaluation of current, accepted public safety standards and norms in the Northern Colorado region, and an assessment of the vision for future police services in Loveland."

To meet the phase II objective, the agency crafted a survey instrument that was completed by the agencies in Northern Colorado that share a similar demographic to Loveland. The agencies included:

- The Fort Collins Police Department
- The Larimer County Sheriff's Department
- The Greeley Police Department
- The Longmont Police Department
- The Broomfield Police Department

The police units that were surveyed in each Police Department included: Patrol, Investigations, Property and Evidence, Records, Narcotics, Crime Prevention, Communications, Administration, and School Resource Officers. The survey responses are attached to this report under the "Regional Survey" tab.

In addition to receiving survey feedback from these agencies, line staff from the Loveland Police Department were enabled to make personal contact with peers from the survey agencies and/or make site visits to ask questions and to directly observe their operational trends.

At the request of City Council during the Study Session related to Phase I of this study, the Loveland Police Department which has been accredited since 1992 through the Commission for Accreditation of Law Enforcement Agencies (CALEA), reached out to four other longtime CALEA accredited police agencies seeking to understand if they possessed long range strategic staffing plans in conjunction with a sustainable finance plan. The surveyed CALEA agencies included:

- The Lakewood, Colorado Police Department
- The Rapid City, South Dakota Police Department
- The Douglas County, Nebraska Sheriff's Department
- The Farmington New Mexico, Police Department.

The findings from the CALEA survey are attached to the document under the "CALEA Survey" tab.

Northern Colorado Survey Results:

The completed survey instrument that was filled out by the five Northern Colorado agencies is attached to this document under the "Regional Survey" tab.

Based upon the survey data and site visits, staff from the Loveland Police Department drafted summary reports of their findings. The summary format used by staff consisted of four reporting section. They include:

Section 1: Policy and Operational Trends:

• Staff was asked to identify policy and operational trends they discovered as similarities within organizations in the survey group.

Section 2: Best Practices and Innovations:

 Staff was asked to identify the most innovative strategies they found for meeting community needs with limited resources within the survey group. They were also asked to suggest which of the strategies the Loveland Police Department should consider using.

Section 3: Long-term Strategies for Improvement in Loveland:

What practices did you find that you would like to incorporate? Identify the impact you
would expect that practice to have on the Loveland Police Department.

Section 4: Comparative Strengths for Loveland:

The Loveland Police Department has also been innovative. Please communicate the
most effective strategies that we have implemented and have worked well for the
agency.

Summary reporting from each Loveland Police Department work unit is included in this report under the "Comparative Analysis" tab.

Regional Trends:

The Loveland Police Administration studied the Comparative Analysis reports and harvested out trends in four separate areas. They include:

- 1. Staffing
- 2. Technology
- 3. Organizational Strategies
- 4. Community Outreach

This section will describe the findings in each of these trend areas.

1. Staffing:

• Departments have implemented strategies that optimize the employment of civilian employees to support the mission of sworn police officers.

- Law enforcement staff is present at the front counter to handle walk in police services.
- Special consideration is given to the deployment of specialized units to focus on specific crimes. This included crimes such as identification theft, internet sex crimes, traffic enforcement, and neighborhood enforcement.
- Quartermasters and/or inventory control staff have been deployed to track and centralize the vast and expensive array of tools, weapons, vehicles, and equipment utilized for policing.
- IT support staff have been assigned specifically to the police agencies to support the significant amount of technology (hardware and software) used in police operations.
- Staff have been added or deployed to share timely information and manage and enhance the public image of the agency in social media environment.
- Using volunteers in non-critical positions is common.
- Budget limitations that restrict staffing levels and operational strategies are common themes among the surveyed agencies.

2. Technology:

- Technology designed to improve reporting efficiency and minimize redundant data entry by staff has been implemented.
- Electronic ticketing writing, smart phones, I Pads, portable computers, and surveillance equipment are common tools for enhancing the effectiveness and efficiency of all police operations.
- Internet Protocol is being deployed in phone systems, mapping, records systems, and in radio communication centers.
- Social Media technology is being embraced and deployed more frequently.

3. Organizational Strategies:

- Agencies are employing more civilian employees, including community service officers, to handle traffic accidents, parking enforcement, and code enforcement.
- Regional Intergovernmental Agreements and/or Memorandums of Understanding are becoming more common for purposes of shared resources and cost control.
 Examples include the Northern Colorado Bomb Squad, the Drug Task Force, and the Northern Colorado Regional Forensic Crime Lab. Each of the survey agencies believe

this trend should continue and expand.

- Due to increasing complexity in criminal investigations, specialization is becoming more common.
- Street crime units, gang units, or community impact units are being deployed by most agencies in order to target specific criminal behavior.
- Some agencies have deployed recorded phone tree messages to direct callers that are seeking police services. This has reduced staff time answering telephones.
- Some agencies deploy an outside vendor to provide accident reports via the internet. The vendor charges for this service. Currently, the Loveland Police Department provides accident reports to insurance companies and people for free.
- Record Management Systems allow for the electronic dissemination of reports and files to insurance agencies, other law enforcement agencies, and the general public usually within days of the report being taken. This includes electronic transmission of reports that are mandated by state and federal agencies.

4. Community Outreach:

- Crime prevention officers are most frequently utilized to reach out to Elementary age children as none of the survey agencies has school resource officers assigned to Elementary Schools.
- School resource officers are often used to conduct educational classes for students in the school district.
- Community outreach programs should be proactive rather than reactive if they are to have the desired effect of crime reduction.
- Social Media is viewed as a new and vital frontier that police agencies must learn to interact in effectively in order to enhance the image of the agency and provide timely public safety information to the community.
- Each of the surveyed agencies view community outreach as important and deploy strategies to meet the need.

Staffing Levels and Crime Data:

For purposes of comparison with the City of Loveland, research was conducted during phase II of this study to measure violent and property crime trends in the region and compare staffing levels. That information can be found in this report under the "Staffing Level and Crime Data" tab.





Phase II Comparative Analysis Reports



Police Department Staff and Resource Study- Phase II Comparative Analysis Criminal Investigations

Section 1: Policy and Operational Trends

The Loveland Police Department (LPD) Criminal Investigations Unit (CIU) is split into two divisions; with half of the unit assigned to investigate Crimes Against Persons and the other half assigned to investigate Property Crime related offenses. This practice is consistent with other agencies surveyed.

All agencies surveyed with the exception of LCSO and Longmont PD, assign detectives and participate in a regional multi-agency drug task force assigned to investigate drug related cases. LPD has 3 detectives and a sergeant currently in the Special Investigations Unit (SIU), and all are assigned to the Northern Colorado Drug Task Force. LCSO has its own unit that investigates drug related cases and is currently staffed with 6 detectives and a sergeant. Longmont PD currently has 5 detectives assigned to its own Narcotics Unit.

Half of the agencies surveyed have personnel / detectives assigned or participating in a Regional Crime Lab. LPD participates in the Regional Crime Lab with these other agencies.

Basic and in-service training required for detectives, case assignment procedures and overall basic operation within LPD CIU appears to be similar to all agencies surveyed.

Section 2: Best Practices and Innovations

- The use of full time civilian personnel to assist detectives with case investigations. These personnel are utilized for various time consuming tasks such as obtaining and logging video surveillance from merchants, obtaining recorded jail phone calls, crime and statement analysis, support and assistance with felony filings, basic fraud / forgery reports and investigations, pawn investigations, etc. This allows sworn detectives to have more time in the performance of their core duties / investigations.
- The use of technology to assist in cases involving the need for ongoing, lengthy surveillance / monitoring of a subject or location. Many of the agencies surveyed have dedicated surveillance cameras, tracking equipment, etc. assigned to their general investigative units that are not utilized by other entities and are readily available for use by detectives. This increases case solvability while decreasing the need to utilize manpower and hours to accomplish these tasks.

- Most agencies surveyed still utilize, in varying degrees, dictation / transcription for report
 writing. As reported by the other agencies, this appears to result in much less time spent
 administratively by detectives and allows them more time to dedicate to case investigations
 than realized currently by LPD detectives.
- Most agencies surveyed have more case / skill specific assignments within their Person and Property Divisions. For example, within the Property Crimes Division, there are one or two detectives assigned specifically to Fraud / Forgery cases. Within the Crimes Against Persons divisions, there might be one or two detectives assigned to general sex assaults while another is assigned specifically to sex assaults on children and yet another assigned to Robbery / Assaults, etc. These agencies generally have more sworn detectives in their investigation units which, combined with more case specific assignments, generally results in less case load for each detective, more time to dedicate to cases and provide service to victims, citizens and their individual cases. This also seemingly results in better case investigation as each detective is trained and has skill, knowledge and experience in their specific assignment and can focus specifically on those types of investigations. This same concept could be utilized within LPD CIU, even on a collateral type basis until more positions are obtained or in the long-term.
- Most agencies surveyed have at least one full time position dedicated <u>solely</u> to the tracking and monitoring of sex offenders. This position is a sworn detective position with some agencies while others are civilian positions, supplemented and assisted by sworn personnel. LPD currently utilizes a 32 hour per week civilian position to register and track nearly 170 sex offenders within Loveland. However, this position is not dedicated solely to sex offenders and is split between the sex offender registration program and departmental vehicle tows, tracking and documentation as required by the State of Colorado. Comparatively with other agencies surveyed, LPD is not dedicating the necessary resources for properly monitoring the compliance of its sex offenders. Having a full time dedicated position would greatly assist in addressing this issue and provide better service and protection to the community in regards to registered sex offenders. This could possibly be done with a full time civilian position, supplemented by two or more sworn personnel acting in a collateral assignment capacity.
- All agencies surveyed with the exception of one (Longmont PD) has at least one or more additional detectives assigned to property related crimes than person crimes. This is due to the large number of cases related to property crime, identity theft, fraud/ forgery and burglary occurring regionally. Although much effort is made to achieve a balanced case load within LPD CIU, the number of property related crimes and cases assigned have strained those efforts. Consistently, LPD CIU property detectives hold almost double the amount of cases as person crime detectives on a regular basis. An evaluation of the current balance and resource allocation should be considered to determine if more focus is needed on the investigation of property crimes. Any additional resources or sworn positions added to CIU in the future

should be evaluated with this and the practices of the agencies surveyed in mind.

Practices that these organizations tried that did not work as well as they expected:

- Most agencies surveyed reported past or present budgetary issues affecting their manpower, resource allocation and overall investigative procedures. While many reported doing "more with less" while keeping overtime and other costs under control, they also sighted problems with that strategy including: additional pressure on investigators, increased dependence on their patrol divisions to follow up investigative leads, negative comments from citizens/ victims about cases not being solved or assigned to a detective and impacts on clearance rates.
- With the information provided in the survey and follow up conducted, it is clear that investigatory services to the community and victims is impacted when additional personnel and additional resources do not keep up with population growth, crimes reported and demand on police/ investigative services. Doing "more with less" keeps agencies and units within budgetary constraints, but negatively impacts the quality of service provided to victims and the community. Additionally, higher case loads with no additional resources can also negatively impact case solvability and unit morale. LPD CIU is beginning to realize some of these same affects and outcomes. To continue a high quality level of service to the community and conduct good, thorough investigations as the unit is known for, additional resources are needed in the immediate future.

Section 3: Long-term Strategies for Improvement in Loveland

The long-term strategy for improvement that clearly stands out from any other is the need for an increased budget and additional positions, both sworn and civilian, within LPD CIU. The amount of detectives in CIU has not grown with the ever increasing population and crimes committed that need further investigation beyond the patrol divisions limited time and resources. As previously documented and reported by agencies surveyed, part of this strategy could be addressed through less costly civilian "assistant" or "technician" positions within the unit to assist detectives with cases and sex offender compliance. However, this strategy is not in lieu of additional sworn positions, but in addition to them.

LPD CIU should incorporate an additional, full time civilian or sworn position dedicated solely to the tracking and monitoring of sex offender registrants and their compliance. The number of sex offenders registering within Loveland city limits has grown with our population and has outgrown the ability of a non-40 hour a week, divided duty position to keep up. Some of the other agencies surveyed utilize a full time position for this assignment and it appears to be

working effectively.

LPD CIU should continue its efforts to evaluate current strategies, procedures, technology and resource allocation in the long-term to meet the demands of our growth while being fiscally responsible and making us more efficient. Ongoing evaluation of schedules, overtime costs and equipment are currently accomplishing this within our budget constraints and should remain a focal point.

LCSO reported another strategy that might assist LPD CIU both in the interim and long-term with achieving a more balanced case load between property and persons detectives. Most crimes that our on-call detectives respond to fall within the category of crimes against persons (sex assault, child abuse, assaults, robberies, etc) . LCSO implements a strategy in which if a property detective is on call and catches a case involving a person's crime, the property crimes detective can keep the case if it can be resolved in a few days or if an immediate arrest, action or subsequent filing is needed at the time of response. If the case will take substantial follow up and no immediate arrest or filing is done at the time of response, it is re-assigned to a person's detective. Implementing this strategy until further positions / resources are obtained could positively impact efforts to achieve a more balanced case load throughout the unit.

Section 4: Comparative Strengths for Loveland

The focus on increasing technology is evident throughout the agencies surveyed and Loveland CIU is on track with this trend. The recent acquisitions of new technology are directly aimed at creating efficiency and reducing redundancy. Loveland CIU is committed to an on-going process of evaluating and analyzing current technology to increase the efficiency of the workgroup.

Our on-call detective scheduling and response within LPD CIU as it is currently utilized meets the department's needs while causing minimal disruption to individual schedules and negatively impacting morale. Some of the agencies surveyed utilize a "24 hour at a time" on-call schedule, resulting in a detective being on call for a 24 hour period every 10 to 14 days.

From an investigative viewpoint, our participation in the Regional Crime Lab has been helpful in giving us a quicker and broader access to forensic science specialties in the region (finger print analysis, drug analysis, computer forensics, firearms analysis, etc). Of the agencies surveyed, only three others participate in a regional crime lab. Detectives queried from other agencies who do not participate in a regional lab effort appeared to experience longer turnaround time on evidence analysis is some cases.

LPD CIU appears to have an exceptional working relationship with other units within the department and continues to excel in this regard compared to some of the other agencies surveyed. Both major cases and those less significant are routinely solved through collaborative effort and constant flow of information and communication between CIU and other units. This

Criminal Investigations

continues to be an area of focus and contributes toward LPD CIU being more efficient and highly functional.

Overall, LPD CIU is structured operationally and procedurally like most other investigative units within agencies surveyed. It is a progressive and highly functional investigative unit that provides services to the patrol and other divisions within the department as well as the community. When compared to other reported agency strategies, there are very few things being done "wrong" within the unit. The above ideas and strategies are provided in the spirit of identifying things we do well, things we could do better, and are illuminated as ways to continue and or improve our level of investigative services to the agency and the community.



Police Department Staff and Resource Study- Phase II Comparative Analysis Special Investigations

Section 1: Policy and Operational Trends

The Loveland Police Department Special Investigations Unit (SIU) consists of 3 Detectives a Sergeant and an Administrative Assistant. The Unit is assigned to a County wide High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area or HIDTA Funded Drug Task Force that consists of Loveland Police Department, Fort Collins Police Department and Colorado State Parole.

All agencies surveyed had a larger number of Detectives assigned to there Task Force or Drug Enforcement Unit then Loveland Police Department with the exception of Broomfield Police Department who had one less. The Broomfield Police Department has a Sergeant, 2 Detectives and an Administrative Assistant. This is less personnel then we have assigned but this is due in part to the participation in the North Metro Drug Task Force, also a HIDTA Task Force that has 21 Detectives and 7 Administrative Assistants. The Fort Collins Police has a Lieutenant, Sergeant, 6 Detectives and an Administrative Assistant assigned to the Northern Colorado Drug Task Force. Fort Collins Police is also in the final process of creating a civilian Investigative Tech position for the Task Force to deal specifically with technology issues and relieve this workload from the Detectives. The Greeley Police Department participates in the Weld County Drug Task Force, a HIDTA Drug Task Force, and has a Lieutenant, Sergeant, 4 Detectives and an Administrative Assistant. Larimer County Sheriff's Office withdrew from the Northern Colorado Drug Task Force in 2006 sighting budget and staffing issues. They have since created a Criminal Impact Unit that has taken on some drug related cases but still refers major cases to the Northern Colorado Drug Task Force. This unit consists of a Sergeant and 6 Detectives and is based out of there Detective Bureau. The Longmont Police Department has a dedicated Drug Enforcement Unit that consists of a Sergeant and 5 Detectives.

Basic operations of all the units surveyed appear to be somewhat operationally similar. All Units surveyed conducted major case and long term investigations into Drug Trafficking. All units used undercover operations and technology extensively in their investigations.

Section 2: Best Practices and Innovations

One of the most innovative strategies that applied directly to SIU and the Northern Colorado Drug Task Force was the creation of a civilian Investigative Tech position assigned to the Task Force to assist with specific technology based investigative needs. There is now a constant demand for technology being used in all cases that includes many areas of specialization. This requires dedicated, expensive and ongoing training for Detectives while they work a case load.

This is often counterproductive for the Detective. Fort Collins Police and The North Metro Drug Task Force (Broomfield) stated that they were incorporating this position into the Task Force. North Metro Drug Task Force has hired a full time person and Fort Collins has created a position to service both the Northern Colorado Drug Task Force and Fort Collins Police. Loveland Police has used a previous Detective who was promoted and now works in the Patrol Division to service these needs. This is no longer an effective strategy and in part why Fort Collins located funds to create a full time Tech position. North Metro had a similar experience and also created a full time tech position to deal with all investigative technology needs eliminating the need for all Detectives to be trained extensively.

The Broomfield Police reported that within the North Metro Drug Task Force the Detectives were divided into 4 different specializations allowing Detectives to gain more knowledge and expertise in specific areas of drug related crime. Specifically, they had a Major Case, Meth Labs and Marijuana Investigations, Street Level Narcotics Distribution and Interdiction Team. Due to the shortage of personnel at our Task Force this innovative system is impractical.

Section 3: Long-term Strategies for Improvement in Loveland

The Loveland Police Department has been dealing with the same issues that many of the agencies surveyed face as challenges. Larimer County has been designated as a High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area and every year has seen an increase in this activity in our City and the county as a whole. The Task Force has seen a decrease in manpower over the last 10 years that reflects on budget and staffing constraints from participating agencies. This combined with increased population and infiltration of the area by drug cartel sources has created an increased workload. The Detectives at the Task Force have learned to work more effectively and rely heavily on technology to address manpower reductions.

There are several practices that we would like to incorporate at SIU and the Task Force if personnel levels were increased. Given current staffing levels Detectives are called upon to be generalists in their drug investigations. Detectives would be more effective and efficient if allowed concentrate their training and investigations to specific areas of narcotics. There are numerous components of drug investigations that require specialized training and expertise such as major case investigations (wire taps) or marijuana growing operations. If personnel levels were increased, detectives would have the ability to focus on the highly technical and legal aspects of narcotic investigations.

There is a continuing need for uniformed support for the Task Force Operations and Interdiction of narcotics coming into the county. North Metro Drug Task Force has incorporated this specialization in there Task Force. The assignment of uniformed personnel by participating agencies to an interdiction unit could address an area of drug investigations that is largely ignored in Larimer County. These Officers could be uniformed Officers and

assigned to the drug Task Force full time. This assignment could then target drug trafficking thru interdiction tactics and be available to assist the task force with traffic stops and patrol based enforcement.

As the technology aspect of narcotics investigations continue to be an integral aspect of the daily work of detectives, the need for a civilian technical assistant becomes even more necessary. Detectives assigned to the drug task force do not have the necessary training or the required time to be able to tackle the technical aspect of this specific job. The different types of technology that the drug task force currently utilizes are GPS tracking devices, IP cameras, pole cameras, phone wire- tapping/pen register equipment including the computer software as well as computer and software issues that arise on a continuous basis. If a civilian technical assistant could be obtained, the time spent by this person could be divided among the drug task force and the Criminal Investigation Unit (CIU) of the Loveland Police Department who also have a need for such a specialized position.

Section 4: Comparative Strengths for Loveland

As we conducted surveys of selected police departments and related drug task force units, we learned that the Northern Colorado Drug Task Force conducts their daily activities and operations very similar to the other police departments. The most noticeable difference noted has been the use of a civilian technical assistant in Drug Task Forces and the ability to have Detectives specialize in certain specific aspects of investigations. As new technology is introduced, SIU is continuously evaluating and testing products or services to help make the work of the Detectives more efficient and effective. The drug task force has a reputation for completing very thorough and professional investigations and the use of technology continues to allow this to happen even with a personnel shortage.

Detectives within the drug task force are commonly called upon by other units within the Loveland Police Department as well as other police departments in Larimer County and surrounding areas to assist with their investigations. Commonly detectives are asked to assist with fugitive apprehensions and other surveillance or covert operations that the task force specializes in. The detectives are always willing to assist where needed.



Police Department Staff and Resource Study- Phase II Comparative Analysis Criminalist

Section 1: Policy and Operational Trends

- Use of a combination of both sworn and civilian employees for crime scenes. Ranging from 2-4 Criminalists and up to 20 Crime Scene Technicians.
- With the exception of one agency, the core duties of the Criminalist take up the majority of their time with administrative and collateral assignments following behind.
- With the exception of one agency, all crime scenes including major scenes (serious assaults and homicides) are processed by their own Criminalist, Detectives, and Crime Scene Technicians. Very rarely are the agencies asking for outside support.
- Transportation of evidence to court is done by either the case Detective or by the Evidence Technicians.
- Transportation of evidence to and from labs is either done by lab personnel or the Evidence Technicians.
- IGA's with the NCRFL for those agencies involved. For the agencies not involved in the NCRFL, agreements with outside agencies for specific equipment use (Automated Fingerprint Identification System) still exist.

Section 2: Best Practices and Innovations

- Time saving technology at crime scenes. Two agencies are currently using the iPad to diagram their scenes. Lap top computers are also being used at the crime scenes for evidence documentation and printing out evidence labels.
- Identify what evidence processing can be completed internally and what needs to be sent to an outside lab. Open communication with all involved in the case.
- The use of volunteers was only tried by one agency. Because of the integrity of the evidence this program was discontinued.

Section 3: Long-term Strategies for Improvement in Loveland

 Use the departments own qualified employees for the processing and analysis of evidence in different forensic disciplines decreasing the backlog at the NCRFL and increasing the speed of

investigative leads. Latent print analysis, digital forensics and handwriting analysis are all disciplines that the Loveland Police Department can do in house with minor equipment needs and some additional training.

- Implement the use of better technology at crime scenes for both the Criminalist and the Crime Scene Technicians. Keep equipment current with a replacement schedule for cameras and other electronic equipment.
- Continue to train the Criminalist in areas of crime scene processing and support certification in multiple disciplines (blood pattern analysis, crime scene reconstruction, crime scene investigation).
- Removing the Criminalist from the responsibilities of the NCRFL to allow more dedicated in house possibilities.
- Ensure 24/7 coverage for crime scene processing by providing on-call pay for the Criminalist and the on call Crime Scene Technician.
- Continue to provide training to patrol officers for processing of basic scenes which require nothing more than photographs and latent print processing.

Section 4: Comparative Strengths for Loveland

- Having a civilian employee as the Criminalist keeps continuity as sworn Crime Scene
 Technicians and unit Sergeants rotate out of the position.
- Having a Criminalist cross trained in the property and evidence room will continue to be a benefit.
- Attending local trainings and being a host for training has reduced the cost to continue the necessary growth in our disciplines.
- Utilizing employees with specific trainings to do work in house instead of relying on outside labs has made a difference in our computer crimes area.
- All patrol officers are equipped with cameras and latent print kits used for basic scene processing. This has freed up the Criminalist and the Crime Scene Technicians considerably.



Police Department Staff and Resource Study- Phase II Comparative Analysis Property and Evidence

Section 1: Policy and Operational Trends

- Use of civilian employees for staffing of the evidence room ranging from 1.5-3.5 employees.
- Use of both civilian "working" supervisors and sworn "non-working" sergeants for direct supervision and problem solving.
- Core duties of the Evidence Technician take up 70%-95% of their time with administrative duties following behind.
- The square footage of the property and evidence room has expanded considerably with two agencies.
- Transportation of evidence to court is done by either the Property Technician or case detective.

Section 2: Best Practices and Innovations

- The use of a barcoding system to increase efficiency and accuracy.
- The use of light duty officers to review the statue of older cases freeing up the evidence technician.
- The use of volunteers for non critical functions such as filing of paperwork and CD/DVD burning.

Section 3: Long-term Strategies for Improvement in Loveland

- Utilize the barcode system more efficiently.
- Up-date policy and producers to ensure better accuracy with disposition of evidence.

Property and Evidence

- Become close to paperless, decreasing the time used for filling.
- Reorganize storage areas and officer packaging areas to be more efficient.
- Provide better customer service with a quicker response time.
- Manage the volume of items coming in and disposition of those items.

Section 4: Comparative Strengths for Loveland

- The storage of items in the LPD property room has recently been reorganized decreasing the amount of time used for simply storing and retrieving items.
- Updating equipment with an electronic signature pad to reduce paperwork and filing.



Police Department Staff and Resource Study- Phase II Comparative Analysis Crime Prevention/Community Resource Unit

Section 1: Policy and Operational Trends

- Use of a combination of both sworn employees and civilian volunteers for different areas of crime prevention.
- Core duties take up most of the Crime Prevention employee's time followed by administrative duties.
- All departments are using better technology and the use of social media more than they did ten years ago.
- All departments Crime Prevention employees collaborate with a variety of other departments and agencies to make their techniques successful.

Section 2: Best Practices and Innovations

- All departments widely use other department specialists, other agencies within their city and non-profit organizations to meet community needs with limited resources.
- Most departments are using computer programs to compile crime statistics and other information. Some programs need to be updated to provide the best and quickest results to use and disseminate to the community to assist in crime prevention.
- Greeley, Ft Collins, and Longmont all have programs in place to assist in reducing the amount
 of false alarms. This type of program could assist with reducing the number of false alarm
 calls for patrol response.
- Greeley and Broomfield have a very active Neighborhood Watch community. Ft Collins, LCSO, Longmont and Loveland all have minimal or reduced numbers of Neighborhood watch groups.
 This is because of lack of training, lack of interest in the community, short term effectiveness, and lack of police resources.
- Greeley has tried to start a Business Watch program but have not had much success. The
 business community has not shown much interest in being part of an organized business
 watch type group.

Crime Prevention/Community Resource Unit

All departments have increased their use of volunteers and other civilians and officers
because the Crime Prevention employees have become more reactive than proactive with all
their work duties. For Crime Prevention to really work it needs to be more proactive than
reactive to prevent the crime before it takes place.

Section 3: Long-term Strategies for Improvement in Loveland

- Agencies that only have one Crime Prevention employee are struggling to be proactive instead of reactive. Ft. Collins has a Neighborhood Enforcement Team (NET) consisting of 7 officers and Greeley has a Neighborhood Action Team. Longmont also uses patrol officers for Neighborhood Watch and other presentations. Utilizing other department employees could help assist the CPO in having time to be proactive in the community. Other officers are already struggling to find time to do their own duties so it would be hard to add more duties to their assignments.
- Greeley has started a social networking presence through Facebook and Twitter. This is a good
 way to get information out to community members that are using this technology. LPD would
 have to invest time to get this service started properly, maintaining current information, and
 monitoring the posts by the public on our sites.
- Every agency varies tremendously in the types of service the Crime Prevention employee offers beyond Neighborhood Watch. There are many great services such as an alarm program, internet safety programs, and child safety education that could be very useful in Loveland. These programs would take training and time to develop and offer to the community. Currently, Loveland responds to requests on a first come first serve basis and usually based on a current criminal activity. It could be more effective to also include programs that are offered continually at various times throughout the year on these important topics.

Section 4: Comparative Strengths for Loveland

- Loveland is the only department with the Lock Box program. This program is currently used by over 170 community members for emergency personnel to safely gain access to their residence in an emergency.
- Loveland has the only Car Seat Technician available. Other departments use the Fire Department or local hospitals for child passenger safety information.

Crime Prevention/Community Resource Unit

- Loveland hosts a Community Night Out separate than National Night Out to focus on our community and neighborhood safety.
- The Loveland CPO is involved in many city and county boards including Safe Kids of Larimer County, Safe Routes to School, Crime Stoppers, and Santa Cops of Larimer County. This provides an opportunity to network with other departments and agencies that assist in Crime Prevention.
- The Loveland CPO is very involved at the preschool and elementary age level which assists in the safety of children and crime prevention where SRO's are not always present.
- The Loveland CPO utilizes members of the Senior Volunteer Program to assist with programs such as Santa Cops, Community Night Out, Lock Box Program, Fishing Derby, and at safety events. However, many aspects of the CPOs job duties require a sworn officer's status to perform if the program were to expand and focus on being more proactive.



Police Department Staff and Resource Study- Phase II Comparative Analysis School Resource Officers/Community Resource Unit

Section 1: Policy and Operational Trends

- All but one of the departments that were surveyed is in contractual agreements with their respective school districts.
- The departments only provide School Resource Officers to the High Schools and Middle Schools, with very limited coverage in the Elementary Schools.
- Core duties take up most of the School Resource Officers time followed by Administrative Duties and Training.
- The technology that is assigned and made available to the School Resource Officers, like laptop computers, Portable Breath Tests (PBT's), digital recorders, digital cameras and access to the school district videos surveillance cameras and student records appears to be a standard and effective practice.

Section 2: Best Practices and Innovations

- Fort Collins participates in a 40-hour "Boot Camp" style training initiative with Poudre School
 District Security and other imperative personnel in the District. This training has enhanced the
 cooperation and teamwork between the agencies and has increased the shared knowledge
 and problem solving skills.
 - Loveland SRO's currently do a one day training with the Thompson School District
 Campus Monitor's at the beginning of every school year to keep them up to date on
 current laws, drug trends and gang activity. This training could be extended to include
 more in depth information on these topics and additional threat and safety concerns
 and issues.
- Broomfield applied for grant funding through State Farm to provide a simulated drunk driving, with the use of specific goggles while other students observe and rate their driving. The technology has been used by agencies nationwide to show the severe effects of drinking and driving.
 - The Loveland community would benefit from any additional training or presentations to juveniles about the effects of drinking and driving.
- Longmont has a grant funded Restorative Justice program that includes ways to employ
 restorative language and practices throughout the school environment including classroom
 management, truancy and discipline related issues.

School Resource Officers/Community Resource Unit

• Thompson School District has a Restorative Justice program that is used in the Middle Schools and High Schools for student that have school wide and classroom behavioral issues. The program also includes working with the LPD SRO's and the Larimer County Juvenile District Attorney's Office for students that have committed low level criminal violations. This Restorative Justice program does not touch on truancy which is a large concern in the Thompson School District and the Loveland community.

Practices that these organizations tried that did not work as well as they expected:

- Fort Collins made an effort to revitalize the Crime Stopper program at area high schools and it
 was not effective, one reason could be that some of the on-site managers did not support the
 effort.
- Longmont has been running a modified version of the program, Project ALERT, which is a
 school-based prevention program for middle school students that focuses on alcohol, tobacco,
 and marijuana use. It seeks to prevent adolescent nonusers from experimenting with these
 drugs, and to prevent youths who are already experimenting from becoming more regular
 users or abusers. Longmont stated that the biggest obstacle of this program was a lack of
 full support from some of the middle school principals, and the ability to find available
 classroom time.

Section 3: Long-term Strategies for Improvement in Loveland

- Grant funded programs could be a good way to provide more services and information to the school population including students, administration, parents and other community members.
 These programs would not add additional strain to the City budget, but could provide valuable information to the community.
- Following is a graph showing that out of the agencies surveyed; Loveland is the smallest agency, with the SRO's handling the highest number of calls for service and arrests for the data provided for 2011.
 - Based on the below data it would be beneficial for Loveland to have, at least, one additional SRO that could cover the three alternative high schools, and help assist all other schools when the case loads are too heavy for the assigned SRO and when an SRO is unavailable.

2011 Data	Number of SRO's	Calls for Service	Case Numbers	Arrests	Schools Covered
Loveland	5	2485	486	295	10
Fort Collins	10	1036	634	27	14

2011 Data	Number of SRO's	Calls for Service	Case Numbers	Arrests	Schools Covered
LCSO	1	64	22	15	2
Greeley	5	Not Available	Not Available	268	14
Longmont	6	803	163	29	10
Broomfield	3	1902	112	23	19

Section 4: Comparative Strengths for Loveland

- The Loveland SRO's have a specialized and important summer assignment, which includes staying together in the Community Resource Unit as Juvenile Officer's and assisting the patrol division by covering juvenile related calls. Some additional duties during the summer are: patrol "Juvenile" calls, probation home visits, juvenile gang home visits and documentation, City Park extra patrols and surveillance, school building extra patrols, juvenile warrants, Larimer County Juvenile court docket days, monitoring LPD and Larimer County Sheriff's Office pass-down's to track juvenile offenders, assisting the Detective Bureau, including the Cyber Crime Unit and Street Crimes Unit with investigations, and staying current with SRO projects and presentations.
- The Loveland High School SRO's participate in the P.A.R.T.Y. Program (Prevent Alcohol and Risk-Related Trauma in Youth) which is conducted through the Thompson School District high school Health classes in conjunction with the McKee Medical Center Wellness Center. The program is one day long and it walks the students through a DUI crash with injuries, and it has presentations from the SRO, a Paramedic, the Coroner's Office and several, personally touched, speakers about specific drug addictions and surviving the aftermath of a teen death, due to drugs or alcohol.
- The Loveland SRO's host a weekly meeting for information sharing with the Larimer County Juvenile District Attorney's Office, the Larimer County Juvenile Probation Division, Senate Bill 94 (Pre-Trial Juvenile Services), Thompson School District (Executive Director of Secondary Education, Prevention Specialist/Truancy, and Restorative Justice Coordinator) The Center for Family Outreach (Juvenile Diversion), and any special guests or other juvenile related entities. These weekly meetings provide us not only with the ability to always be on top of the current happenings with the juveniles, it also provides a foundation for the solid and reliable relationships that the Loveland Police Department has with the other agencies.
- Loveland SRO's participate in several local and regional committees and events for the betterment of the juveniles in our area. Some of these committees include the Thompson School District Advisory Committee for Safe Schools, District Intervention Response Team, The Larimer County Department of Human Services Family Assistance Planning Team, and Tobacco

School Resource Officers/Community Resource Unit

Compliance Checks with the State of Colorado Alcohol and Tobacco Enforcement Unit.



Police Department Staff and Resource Study- Phase II Comparative Analysis Records

Section 1: Policy and Operational Trends

- Daily operations of the Records Units are very similar in entering/reviewing records, retrieving records for report requests, and maintaining retention of police reports. Contact with law enforcement officers, courts and citizens remains a high priority for all agencies.
- Crime data is published to a web site for citizens.
- The average turnaround time to process general offense reports is between 1-5 days.
- Overtime is kept to a minimum.
- There is high employee retention in the Records Unit. Average tenure is between 5.2 and 13.95 years.
- It is uncommon to utilize volunteers in the Records Unit.
- The field training program is extensive (3 8 months).
- Records related training is encouraged, but accounts for a low percentage of total time in a year (1-5%).

Section 2: Best Practices and Innovations

Best Practices and Innovations

- Docview to improve efficiencies in processing mail requests. Insurance companies and citizens are directed to Docview's web site where they can purchase accident reports.
- Virtual credit card program to accept credit card payments for report and records check purchases.
- Informational messages on the telephones.
- Citizen reporting utilizing forms on the web site.

Suggested Practices

- The Loveland Police Department (LPD) places an emphasis on personal customer service for citizens. This includes keeping costs low or no cost for citizens. At the current time, all reports less than 20 pages are provided for no cost. If it is determined that it is acceptable to charge the citizens a fee, Docview should be considered for the release of traffic accident reports. This would decrease the amount of time spent by the Records personnel processing requests. Citizens would benefit by having the ability to request a report on-line and receive it in a timely manner.
- If a reduced level of personal customer service is determined to be acceptable, informational messages on the telephones should be considered. This would reduce the amount of time the Records personnel spend assisting citizens on the phone.
- The LPD currently accepts payment by cash or check only. A virtual credit card program would benefit citizens by providing them with convenience and an additional way to pay for reports.
 It would also allow for more timely release of reports because citizens would not have to come to the Department to pay the fee or mail a check.
- The Loveland Police Department currently allows for some citizen reporting from the City web site. Additional reporting options would benefit the citizens by allowing them to report information at any time and from any PC. With an interface to the Records Management System, this option would improve efficiency and reduce data entry for the Records personnel.

Section 3: Long-term Strategies for Improvement in Loveland

- Virtual credit card program. Impact on the organization would be minimal and similar to the time spent processing cash/check payments. Citizens would benefit from convenience and timely processing of requests.
- Additional forms on the City web site with an interface to the Records Management System.
 This will improve customer service for the citizens and improve efficiency for the Police Records Unit.

Section 4: Comparative Strengths for Loveland

- Automated Field Reporting (AFR) has been a significant benefit to the LPD Records Unit by reducing the time spent entering reports. The amount of time to review a case report is significantly less than the time needed to enter the data and type the dictated narrative.
- The booking procedure has been automated to complete forms pertinent to an arrest such as
 the custody sheet, Larimer County Sheriff's Office custody, Affidavit for Warrantless Arrest,
 and the felony filing form. This process reduces the amount of time officers spend hand
 writing paperwork and reduces redundancy. The felony filing form can be sent electronically
 to the Records Unit thereby reducing the time spent on data entry by the Records Unit.
- Utilizing Google Docs to submit felony filings to the District Attorney's office and e-mailing the
 documents to the officer. This process reduces costs (no longer printing paper copies) and
 allows for the timely delivery of the documents.
- Utilizing volunteers to staff the front counter and assist with special projects. The use of volunteers has allowed the Records personnel to focus on other tasks and has reduced personnel costs.



Police Department Staff and Resource Study- Phase II Comparative Analysis Communications

Section 1: Policy and Operational Trends

- All responding (4) agencies struggle with effective recruiting and hiring practices.
- 50% of the responding agencies rely on overtime to cover time off (i.e. vacation, training, sick calls) and 50% staff over the minimum so that overtime is not required as often.
- Agencies focus on Dispatch responsibilities, have non-dispatch related function (cell phone management, radio management, CCIC/NCIC file management) handled in other areas of their Departments

Section 2: Best Practices and Innovations

- Two agencies utilize a call tree for incoming non-emergency calls. One agency states it helped cut their call load into Dispatch. The other agency didn't comment on the effectiveness.
- ¾ of the agencies hold training academies or class room style training for their new hires, which is done on their systems in a training environment.

Section 3: Long-term Strategies for Improvement in Loveland

- By moving administrative duties (i.e. cell phone and radio management) and data entry (CCIC/NCIC) to more appropriate divisions, supervisors would be available for more direct supervising and dispatchers would be better able to focus on dispatching duties.
- Staffing over the minimum on more shifts would reduce overtime caused by sick calls as well as reducing job burn out caused by call backs of dispatchers on their days off.

Section 4: Comparative Strengths for Loveland

- Through refined hiring practices (entrance testing, initial interviews, Communications Training
 Officer interviews and extensive background checks) we have increased the percent of new
 hires that make it through the training process.
- We have worked towards having cutting edge, yet stable, technology, through a proven CAD system, implementing IP phone and radio systems.



Police Department Staff and Resource Study- Phase II Comparative Analysis Administration

Section 1: Policy and Operational Trends

- The three agencies that responded to the Administrative surveys consistently managed only Budget, Internal Affairs, Hiring, and Training processes as well as office supply inventories. None of the other agencies combine all of the services currently administered in the City of Loveland Police Department's Administrative offices (i.e.; Tracking and reporting Use of Force or unusual occurrences, transcription, petty cash management, special event management, Early Warning/Intervention, and Accreditation).
- None of the other Agencies reported C.A.L.E.A. Accreditation; only Greeley maintains State of Colorado Accreditation through the Colorado Association of Chiefs of Police.

Section 2: Best Practices and Innovations

• The most innovative (and consistent) strategy in response to staffing concerns is the addition of civilian staff where appropriate to handle tasks not requiring sworn staff. Greeley and Fort Collins both mention different deployments of civilian employees to re-direct sworn staff time and energies to direct Law Enforcement efforts. Civilian staff appears to be most helpful in managing the hiring and training elements of the Department but are also mentioned as vital in field operations where appropriate.

Section 3: Long-term Strategies for Improvement in Loveland

- Relative to administrative responsibilities, there was little insight gained from the other
 agencies that is applicable to Loveland. Fort Collins is currently hiring large numbers of
 employees which required them to reassign some staff to training and background
 investigations. Our current process of using collaterally assigned employees to conduct
 background investigations and assist in the hiring process seems to work well for us.
- Our primary response in long term strategy should remain assessing tasks that can be
 adequately addressed by civilian personnel as well as seeking to enhance the deployment of
 volunteers within the Agency if we can align adequate staff to manage the volunteers.
- Our primary strategy should also remain the more effective use of technology to administer our activities. Deployment of Internal Affairs software that will allow for field input into the

Administration

process, better and more automated tracking of complaint assignments and related early intervention "triggers" will enhance our efficiency in Professional Standards.

Section 4: Comparative Strengths for Loveland

- Loveland has done very well to manage a growing community with minimal growth within the Agency. Due to our very positive public education efforts, including our Citizen Academy, we have a pool of potential volunteers who could aid in some of the administrative tasks if we had adequate personnel to supervise/manage the volunteers.
- The realignment of the Accreditation Manager to a civilian position that could also possibly attend to some of the clerical tasks currently completed by existing Administrative Assistants as well as sworn Sergeants would likely be very advantageous to our overall administrative efficiency.



Police Department Staff and Resource Study- Phase II Comparative Analysis Operations Division

Section 1: Policy and Operational Trends

- Mobile and voiceless dispatching is widely used throughout the other agencies. It reduces radio traffic and increases a supervisor's ability to manage personnel and resources.
- Many agencies have specialized officers that are not tied to districts so that their specializations can be maximized. However, those officers are still dispatched to calls throughout the city in full uniform. Examples include: K-9, Gang officers, Fugitive officers, and Crime Scene Technicians.
- Most agencies had the county jail in or very near their city so they do not spend the time to book and bond warrants. They transport the arrestees to the jail and drop them off and are back in service in a minimal amount of time. This was not exactly comparable to Loveland due to our extended distance from the Larimer County Detention Center.
- Most agencies use a Platoon type staffing week on all shifts with overlapping shifts on Wednesdays which are utilized as training days.
- With the exception of Loveland, dictation is the primary reporting method used for the agencies.
- Most agencies have moved or are moving to a reporting system that pulls suspect/witness/arrestee/victim information from the RMS system to populate the majority of the reports with the exception of the narrative.
- Many agencies have expanded the number of units and teams to focus on level of service and attention to core job duties. For example, one agency had CSOs also doing Animal Control duties. They found that the CSO neither had time to do their CSO job or their Animal Control job well. As a result the agency split the CSOs and formed an Animal Control unit. Both units are now much more effective than they previously were as one unit. Another example is the FCPD Neighborhood Enforcement Team (NET) which leads yet shares responsibility of Problem-Oriented Policing projects with officers from all divisions. NET maintains a continuous emphasis on the community issue until the matter is resolved.
- Many agencies employ civilians to conduct fraud investigations which have resulted in an increase of case closures and a reduction in fraud because the investigators are able to

become very skilled and efficient in their isolated and complicated duty.

- Front desk officers are widely used throughout the comparative agencies. These officers are civilians, private security, or sworn personnel.
- Most agencies rely on sworn officers to register Sexual Offenders.
- Most agencies do not utilize CSOs in near the capacity that LPD does. They are often limited to parking enforcement, motor vehicle accident (MVA), and animal control duties.
- Many agencies have CSOs handle all MVAs with the exception of serious injury type accidents.

Section 2: Best Practices and Innovations

- Reporting and Record Management Systems that worked together were designed and
 purchased with the sole intent of assisting and supporting the patrol officer to complete
 reports in a timely manner so they were available to respond to calls for service. The
 research already underway will hopefully result in a new system that minimizes the time
 spent reporting.
- Sub-stations, secure garages, and shared spaces would reduce the amount of time spent
 driving to and from our main offices and would, therefore, increase the time an officer
 spends in their district and available to respond to calls for service. These external sites
 would serve as areas to conduct follow-up calls, to use restrooms, and to complete reports
 and other paperwork. Ideally, we could utilize city offices across the city which are currently
 vacant or to share spaces with other agencies such as TVEMS and LFR.
- Automated ticket writers for CSOs, traffic officers and eventually patrol officers would increase accuracy, increase speed, reduce fatigue, and increase enforcement of speed and parking violations. It would allow patrol officers to become available for calls for service quicker while simultaneously increasing our enforcement of two community priorities.
- The current practice of allowing supervisors to cancel calls for service should be reinforced and encouraged. Supervisors should also increase the screening process of "anonymous" complaints for validity. Often "anonymous" calls for service require a complainant for officers to take enforcement action. While it is a balance to maintain customer service to the citizens, many of these "anonymous" and "frivolous" calls continue to be investigated even though very little recourse is available and burden patrol officers.

- The committee found that the comparative agencies often had significantly fewer collateral and non-core duties assigned to patrol officers. The bulk of the duties that Loveland Officers hold are held by specialized positions or civilian staff in the comparative agencies. LPD Officers are also currently responsible for a wide range of duties that do not require a sworn officer. The practice of assigning the duties to other staff allowed for Patrol Officers to focus on core duties while not decreasing the service to their respective communities. The following staff areas were most recognized:
 - Specialized Crime Scene Technicians (CST) and a Training and Personnel Unit officers significantly reduced the burden on patrol when these officers would have otherwise been removed from shift staffing for their duties. Specialized CSTs are immediately available for crime scenes. They are also the primary resource for large crimes scenes and their absence from street availability does not affect staffing levels. The Training and Personnel Unit would consist of several full-time instructors from the various disciplines who are cross-trained in their skills. They are responsible for organizing and instructing in-service training. Their purpose is to maximize the training opportunity for officers by providing consistent instruction and taking the burden off officers who are collateral instructors. The full-time instructors would be supported by some collateral officers. Other duties for the Training and Personnel Unit include background investigations, administrative assignments, and the pre-service training of new officers and staff.
 - A Neighborhood Enforcement Team (NET) was recently added to one comparative agency but existed in different forms in the other agencies. This team addresses issues that patrol officers are currently expected to address but, struggle due to pending calls for service.
 - Civilian staff provides non-emergent police services at a cheaper cost than a police officer. In comparative agencies civilian staff works the front desk and conduct criminal investigations that do not require suspect contact.
 - o The use of civilian staff, including Community Service Officers (CSOs) varied in the comparative agencies; LPD was the strongest in terms of efficient and effective use of CSOs. We found that it would be beneficial to increase the number of CSOs and rely on them to handle all motor vehicle accidents that are not worthy of the Technical Accident Investigation Team.

Practices that these organizations tried that did not work as well as they expected:

• One agency had CSOs acting as an Animal Control Officer in addition to all other duties, even equipping them with catch poles, dog cages etc. They found that both jobs suffered as a

result and moved to having the jobs separated, which achieved much greater citizen satisfaction.

- The FCPD NET team has had its downfalls. Even though the unit's primary duty is to support patrol and reduce their workload, the unit has said "no" to multiple officers requests for assistance. This has created a negative perception of the unit. Also, the unit works two days in plain clothes doing "admin" and two days on the street in uniform. The perception is that the unit would be more effective if it worked all week in uniform and spent more time actually on the street.
- On-line reporting has been a struggle for many agencies. Even though on-line reporting websites clearly state that reports will not be investigated, officers are still being assigned. Several agencies faced this obstacle. One agency justified the investigations because citizens were reporting stolen medications knowing that their fraudulent activities would not be investigated. The agency soon changed the reporting system and would not allow the report of theft/loss of medications to be done on-line. Also, whereas officers were previously assigned to investigate on-line reports simply to gather more information, the reports are now finalized as complete as the citizens allow. The lesson is that on-line reporting is designed to reduce the burden on officers and that the agency needs this to occur even if the quality of the report or investigation would be better if done by an officer. Also, the other agencies have increased their publicity of the system and refer citizens to it on a regular basis.

Section 3: Long-term Strategies for Improvement in Loveland

- Other agencies write tickets with fines for abandoned vehicles as opposed to repeated written warnings that may result in a towed vehicle. The addition of abandoned vehicles/expired plates being ticketed with a monetary fine like other agencies would increase compliance and cover costs of enforcement. As our municipal code stands now, CSOs give multiple warnings that cost the city in time and resources to generate no revenue. In addition to this, towing an abandoned vehicle actually costs the city money that is never recuperated. The impact of a Municipal Ordinance would reduce the workload on CSOs, would create revenue, and would increase compliance with ordinances already in place.
- A collaborative prisoner transport system in Southern Larimer County to move arrestees to
 the Larimer County Detention Center could save time and money. Agencies such as LPD,
 Berthoud PD, Estes Park PD, Colorado State Patrol and the Larimer County Sheriff's Office
 could share costs from a new process of moving prisoners from our respective jurisdictions
 to the county jail. The goals would include reduced mileage on vehicles and increased

availability of CSOs and officers.

- The committee focused on best practices that would reassign the responsibility for several duties away from Patrol Officers as the strategy to increase the effectiveness of additional staff. We found that the comparative agencies focused the duties of Patrol Officers on those tasks that require a sworn officer. The collateral tasks that require a sworn officer should be considered for reclassification to specialized positions once enough patrol officers are in place. Based on the findings the following positions could prove beneficial:
 - Civilian downtown parking enforcement officers for a daily, consistent service.
 - CSOs to effectively cover their primary duties on all three patrol shifts when leave or training days occur. As it stands now if a CSO is off duty their work must be handled by a patrol officer. Additional CSOs keep patrol officers available for higher priorities.
 - Specialized CSTs assigned to patrol to improve effectiveness and integrity of evidence processing. Currently our CSTs are assigned districts and when they respond to crime scenes they are often unavailable for several hours.
 - A Neighborhood Enforcement Team (NET) would directly support officers in all divisions to address on-going community problems.
 - A specialized Training and Personnel Unit comprised of several full-time instructors from the various disciplines who are cross-trained in several police disciplines. They would be responsible for organizing and instructing internal training classes for new and current officers. Other duties would include background investigations, administrative assignments, and coordinating training classes hosted by LPD for regional attendance.
 - A front desk staff position. Whether this is a specially hired set of officers, CSOs, or other civilians, these personnel would relieve a patrol officer of this duty. This person could take reports, complete warrant bookings and other services more quickly. The patrol officers would be able to remain in their districts available to handle their calls for service.

Section 4: Comparative Strengths for Loveland

• Many agencies are unwilling or unable to pay overtime to fill shifts. This allowed shifts to fall under minimum strength which becomes an officer safety issue and significantly reduces the service to the community. One agency has an informal policy that overtime will not be used for

shift strength. LPD is very strong in this area. Supervisors prudently utilize overtime to fill shifts to maintain the integrity of the philosophy and purpose of "minimum strength".

- CSO utilization was a significant strength for LPD. No other agency utilizes CSOs as effectively
 and efficiently as LPD does. One agency has CSO's which may not respond to a single call for
 service during their entire shift because their duties are so limited. LPD has tasked CSOs with
 every duty that they can possibly handle and almost every other agency could reexamine how
 they utilize CSO's to support patrol officers.
- LPD's use of a civilian outside of the Operations Division is a strength. Most of the comparative agencies place this duty on sworn officers. LPD's civilians complete this task much quicker than sworn officers could and allows those officers to actually handle calls for service for which they are equipped and trained.
- The process of extra-duty scheduling at LPD is fair and efficient. The comparative agencies appear to have a "buddy system" of scheduling or a system which allows for understaffed events (an officer safety issue). Our use of a civilian allows sworn officers to remain focused on their duties. As well, the integrity of the agency is maintained by keeping the scheduling inhouse and not allowing establishments and individuals to privately contract with officers.
- The digital scheduling system (Telestaff) offers a multitude of advantages over the paper version of scheduling. In our conversations with agency representatives we found a large variety of scheduling tools. While we are currently going through growing pains with Telestaff, its advantages are primarily related to efficiency and effectiveness. The use of Telestaff is a good use of technology to maximize personnel allocation and deployment.
- The large pool of collateral Crime Scene Technicians (CSTs) who operate from a variety of units and divisions from within the agency was a significant strength for Loveland. Some of the comparative agencies did not have any CSTs who were readily available as patrol officers and supervisors have to page out someone anytime there is a crime scene. One agency has full time CSTs but they are not allowed to page them out if a CST is not currently on duty. Often the comparable agencies must rely on patrol officers to process crime scenes. Our discussion about the size of our CST unit and their various assignments was commended by several comparative agencies.





Phase II Regional Survey

Surveying Other Organizations

Investigations

Staffing												
11111	Detectives-Property Crimes							Dete	ectives-Crim	es Against P	ersons	
	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
		Collins	County					Collins	County			
Sworn	4.0	6.0	7.0	7.0	5.0	15.0	4.0	8.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	Same as
												Property
Civilian		1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0		1.0		0.0	0.0	
					(pawns)							
Total	4.0	7.0	8.0	8.0	6.0	17.0	4.0	9.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	
			Detectives-	Drug Task	Force				All	Other	•	
	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
		Collins	County					Collins	County			
Sworn	3	6.0	N/A	8.0	0.0	0.0		14	CIU-6 /	10	13.0	0.0
							_	_	Lab 5	_		
Civilian	1	1.0	N/A	1.0	0.0	0.0	2	2	Clerical-3	0	1.5	4.0
Talal	4	7.0	N1 / A	0.0	0.0	0.0	2	1.0	VRT-2	40	445	4.0
Total	4	7.0	N/A	9.0	0.0	0.0	2	16	16.0	10	14.5	4.0
4444		_		Total			*******					
	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield						
		Collins	County	22.2	20.0	1		44444	<i>}}</i>	44444		
Sworn	8	34.0	23	30.0	23.0	15.0		44444	HHH	HHH	HHHH	444444
Civilian	2	5.0	6.0	2.0	2.5	16.0		44444	HHH	44444		444444
Total	10.0	39.0	29.0	32.0	25.5	21.0		1111111	MMM	IIIIIII	MMM	

Surveying Other Organizations

Investigations

Please describe	positions included in the "All Other" column above.
	One Records Specialist is assigned to the unit full time
Loveland	One Investigative Technician is assigned to the unit 32 hours a week. This position is responsible for registering and tracking all sex offenders within the City of Loveland as well as proper documentation, owner notification and reporting of towed vehicles as required by the State of Colorado.
Fort Collins	Other includes: 6 Criminal Impact detectives plus 1 civilian. Also 4 Forensic Services detectives plus 1 civilian. None of my numbers above include the team sergeants that run these teams. Our SRO program is also run out of CID and there are 10 of them, but since they aren't truly detectives, I didn't include them.
Larimer County	Criminal Impact Unit functions as a street crime unit and tracks fugitives, gangs, and sex offenders. Crime Lab. Processes major crime scenes, liaisons with patrol evidence technicians and two members out of the five are assigned to the regional lab.
oca,	Victim Response Team is also assigned to investigations. We have two full time civilian personnel with approx 20 volunteers that take care of victim advocate duties and referrals.
Greeley	6 Gang Unit detectives, 3 Lab personnel and 1 detective to monitor registered sex offenders.
Longmont	2 – Domestic Violence, 3 - Finical Crimes, 2 – Cyber Crimes / Forensic Computers, 5 – Narcotics Unit (We do not participate in a task force), 1 – Intel / Narcotics, 1.5 admin assistants
	Administrative Technician I assigned to North Metro Task Force Administrative Technician II assigned to Investigations
Broomfield	 Administrative Technician II assigned to Investigations Victim Advocate assigned to Investigations
	Victim Services Coordinator assigned to Investigations

Surveying Other Organizations

Investigations

Enter the allocation of time expressed in percentages of total time for the typical employee in these positions on the average in a year. (Please average time for employees dedicated only to this service.)

time for employees dedicated only to this service.									
Type of Duty	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield			
Core Duties	34 (Investigations, assisting patrol officers / other detectives, court)	60	80	65	53	45			
Administrative Duties	38	20	10	15	24	25			
Collateral Assignments	7	5	2.5	10	12	10			
Training	7	5	5	5	5	10			
Leave time	14	10	2.5	5	6	10			

	Total Cases Assigned							Total Drug	Related Case	es		
	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
		Collins	County					Collins	County			
2000			N/A	1,607	930	1,108			N/A			
2011	565	1995	582	1,084	873	773			169	120		
Change				-523	-53	-335						
	No. of Cases in Suspended Status											
IIIIII		No	. of Cases i	n Suspende	d Status		Susp	ended Cases	Considered	Solvable wi	th Time/Man	power
	Loveland	No Fort	. of Cases in	n Suspende Greeley	ed Status Longmont	Broomfield	Susp Loveland	ended Cases Fort	Considered Larimer	Solvable wi Greeley	th Time/Man Longmont	Proomfield
	Loveland					Broomfield	•				-	
2000	Loveland	Fort	Larimer			Broomfield	•	Fort	Larimer		-	
2000 2011	Loveland 104	Fort	Larimer County	Greeley		Broomfield	•	Fort	Larimer County	Greeley	-	Broomfield

Fort Collins: I spoke with our crime analyst and she did not have the figures for 2000.

LCSO: Note-We switched to a new records system in 2005. Therefore no numbers for 2000 are provided.

Surveying Other Organizations

Investigations

What are the t	raining requirements for detectives?
Loveland	All detectives are required to maintain basic skills and qualifications as other sworn positions to include firearms, defensive / arrest tactics and driving and are required to attend 4 hours of in-service training per month. New detectives are usually sent to a two week (80 hours) Basic Investigators school and complete an in-house FTO type program where they are shadowed and mentored by a senior detective. Detectives are sent to on-going, assignment based training as budget and manpower allows.
Fort Collins	In the past we used a training matrix that included all skills/training we expected our detectives to have. We are in the process of creating a week long in-house class that would cover the basics for our department like CSI, interview, reports, homicide investigations, etc. In 2011, we started sending all new detectives to the two-week detective training class in Boulder. After the base is established, detectives will attend specialized training for their unit – sex assault, child abuse, gangs, robbery, auto theft, etc
Larimer County	All investigators are expected to keep up the same basic skills as their patrol counterparts in firearms, driving, arrest control, and first aid/CPR. In addition, all investigators attend a basic investigators course, an internal FTO program specific to Investigations. Depending on each investigator's assignment, ie. (persons, property, CIU, or Lab) specialized training is then provided such as death investigation, fraud and so on. When funds are available, cross training for investigators is done.
Greeley	10 hours of monthly departmental training plus an additional 1 hour of monthly training specific to investigations. Detectives will also attend outside training as it pertains to their areas of work, budget permitting. Detectives assigned to the Drug Task Force receive the basic DEA School and OCDETF Meth Lab training. Are these the right schools you send the new people to? Is there any other specialized training?
Longmont	Detectives received: Basic Investigations, Homicide, Child Abuse, Sexual Assaults, Interviewing, Cold Case Investigations, etc. Then we try and send them to specific classes related to their expertise. Finical Crimes, Burglaries, Advanced Domestic Violence, Officer Involved Shootings. Drug Unit - DEA Basic, Surveillance Technics, Meth or Clan Lab Certifications.
Broomfield	All division members are required to attend mandatory department in-service and recertification training in basic police skills. Newly assigned detectives are required to attend basic investigations skills related training. As detectives become tenured, they are expected to attend advanced skills related training. Detectives that are placed in specialized assignments or take on collateral duties are sent to additional, task-specific training. Division supervisors are provided supervision and leadership training as available.

Surveying Other Organizations

Investigations

performed) of y	st effective use of technology to improve efficiency (fewer resources required to complete a task) and effectiveness (quality of work our operation.
Loveland	We recently purchased to stand alone surveillance cameras for the unit to utilize for surveillance operations (burglaries, etc). Information is being gathered in regards to the possibility of purchasing an I-Pad or similar tablet for investigators to use.
Fort Collins	We use iPhones and recently issued all detectives an iPad. These are exceptional tools for detectives that increase efficiency and effectiveness.
Larimer County	We have purchased new surveillance camera's, vartas, and mobile surveillance platforms that allow us to cover numerous high value targets of property theft (ie. copper) without having to use actual investigators for these surveillances.
Greeley	
Longmont	Leads on Line, we have ten covert pole cameras and 5 GPS tracking units. We rely on these heavily for a variety of investigations. Each Detective has an Ipad. This is great toll when they are running on a big case out of town and we are sharing information with them from our command post in detectives.
Broomfield	Technology based equipment is acquired whenever possible to increase efficiency through tasks being completed electronically versus manually (i.e. computer forensic software and hardware, digital photography equipment, field-use computers versus handwritten product, electronic transmission of documents such as affidavits, rather than manual transportation). Effectiveness of operations is also enhanced by the advances in this equipment (i.e. sharper photographs, digital recording equipment to document scenes, interviews, etc.).

Surveying Other Organizations

Investigations

	oriefly describe the purpose of any consortiums, joint ventures or other interagency collaborative agreements (IGA'S, MOU's) to more efficiently perform basic functions of your unit.
Loveland	We participate in the Northern Colorado Drug Task Force with 3 Detectives and 1 Sergeant. We also have a property detective assigned (collateral) to the Northern Colo. Financial Crimes Task Force; a property detective assigned (collateral) to the Regional Auto Theft Team. There is one persons crimes detective assigned to Child Advocacy Center board. There are 2 detective assigned to the Colorado Internet Crimes Against Children (ICAC) organization which is an MOU based program with Colorado Springs PD.
Fort Collins	Our regional drug task for and our regional financial crimes task force allow us to leverage resources from all involved agencies. Drug crimes and financial crimes are not jurisdictional, they are regional and beyond.
Larimer County	Northern Colorado Regional Lab, Department of Human Services, Northern Colorado Fraud Task Force, the assignment of Secret Service/ATF personnel to our building, Safe Street Coalition/FBI, Federal Fugitive Task Force, DEA Group One assigned to Denver DEA office.
Greeley	Evans PD provided an investigator to work with the Greeley Gang Unit. This was done as many of the gangsters we deal with live in Evans. The gang unit investigated gang crimes in both jurisdictions. The Evans investigator was removed temporarily in 2011 with hopes of returning that position soon. The Greeley Gang Unit was part of an ATF Task Force to investigate gang crimes. This occurred in 2011 and 2012. It has since ended and was considered a success with numerous arrests made as a result of the investigation. The Regional Lab. The Weld County Drug Task Force Unit is governed by and IGA between the City of Greeley, City of Evans and the Weld County Sheriff's Office. Until recently, due to the impact from the economy, all of these agencies provided staffing. The City of Greeley provides six sworn and on civilian employee. The Weld County Sheriff provides two worn positions, and the City of Evans used to provide one sworn employee. In accordance with the IGA the City of Greeley provides management of the unit through a lieutenant and a sergeant. The Weld County DA's Office designates an attorney to work with the Task Force. Other law enforcement agencies in Weld County contribute funding at varying levels. These funds help cover part of operations and services.
Longmont	MOU with Boulder County S.O. They have sworn in our narcotics detectives as deputies. Helps with following up on investigations outside of Longmont. MOU to share a Forensic computer lab with Boulder County

Surveying Other Organizations

Investigations

Broomfield

North Metro Task Force- A group of combined resources from police agencies within the 17th Judicial District, for the purpose of identifying, investigating, and prosecuting individuals and groups involved in trafficking illegal drugs and other associated criminal enterprises. The investigation of these drug-related crimes are often complex, necessitating a significant number of police officers with specialized training and equipment.

Critical Incident Team- An independent fact finding group consisting of skilled personnel to conduct investigations of officer involved shootings or other special investigations within the 17th Judicial District. The team is used primarily where a use of force results in serious bodily injury or death, but can be utilized for any investigation involving duty related use of force.

Identify strategies used for managing staffing and workload while responding to demands to reduce budgets during the recessionary conditions over the last three years and the impact they had on the organization

Organization: Loveland		Fort C	Collins	Larimer County		
Budget Reduction	Impact on the	Budget Reduction	Impact on the	Budget Reduction	Impact on the	
Strategy	Organization	Strategy	Organization	Strategy	Organization	
Utilizing on duty Detectives for calls rather than calling in the on-call (Mon & Fri.)	Pulls Detectives off of their already established case load.	We are not reducing budgets; we are growing them due to tax increase.		Burglaries that have no suspects or not assigned unless large amount of firearms or money is taken	Negative reaction from victims	
Looking closer at solvability factors for specific calls and if those factors are low then no assignment. Asking patrol to take the "next logical" step to assist the case.	Ties up patrol resources.	We are trying to cut back on OT expenses and may change the schedule of on-call detectives.	May not be available for as many collateral duties and may impact case assignments	Have increased dependence on patrol evidence techs to process more and more scenes instead of crime lab to keep from calling out lab personnel.	Ties up patrol resources more and more.	

Surveying Other Organizations

Investigations

Gree	eley	Long	gmont	Broo	omfield
Budget Reduction Strategy	Impact on the Organization	Budget Reduction Strategy	Impact on the Organization	Budget Reduction Strategy	Impact on the Organization
Shift investigations from one area to another to deal with high load times.	High case loads putting pressure on the investigators. Overtime costs	Increased Overtime costs, must support technology costs. Cameras, GPS and Ipads all come with a monthly fee.	Minor impact at this point.	Quite simply, the division has done "more with less," or at least the same with less. Staffing issues in Patrol impacted our division in that we had detective vacancies for extended periods of time. Budget restraints impacted us in regard to operational costs, so there have been impacts to equipment purchases, but not to staffing.	The Investigations Division has maintained the same criteria for acceptance of cases from Patrol and other units. Likewise, we have maintained the same standard of thoroughness in completing investigations. Additionally, the division has been able to operate within our budgeted overtime funds each year.
Assign overtime.					
The City of Evans is currently not providing a sworn position.	The loss of one investigator, a 14% reduction, had the impact of reducing the amount of work/cases that can be worked. This, along with the cumulative impact of loosing additional information has had an impact on the number of cases that can be worked or the overtime used.				

Surveying Other Organizations

Investigations

What strategie	s are used to assign cases to detectives?
Loveland	The initial cases are triaged by the Sergeants for solvability and completeness. The cases area then assigned to the Detective (persons/property) trying to achieve a balanced case load.
Fort Collins	We initially do a triage from the on-call detective, and then assign cases to the proper detective unit. We consider existing case loads, skill sets and learning opportunities as we assign cases to be worked.
Larimer County	General Investigators are divided into crimes against persons and property crimes. Cases that originate from patrol are assigned to each investigator based on their assignment to property crimes or crimes against persons. Each investigator takes turn as the on-call investigator. If a property investigator is on call and catches a case involving a person's crime, the property crimes investigator can keep the case if it can be resolved in a few days. If the case will take substantial follow up it will be re-assigned to a person's investigator. All homicides, serious assault cases, or serious felony cases involving crimes against persons are assigned to a person's investigator immediately. Other cases involving street level narcotics, gangs, and all other related crimes are assigned to our Criminal Impact Unit.
Greeley	Solvability factors. Severity of the crime. Serious or high profile crimes will be assigned regardless of solvability factors. Cases are not assigned in the Drug Task Force. Detectives obtain information from Cls or make contact with arrestees connected to drug arrests or who make statements wanting to work off charges.
Longmont	Patrol is encouraged to work the case to the fullest, before shipping to detective. If there are no leads, it is closed and does not reach detectives. We do identify significant cases and run those hard as a team. I check in daily with the night shift in patrol to identify significant cases. We try run these hard before the leads, witnesses and suspects disappear.
Broomfield	Case assignments are made based on the following major considerations: Generally, the nature of the crime is paired with a detective whose skill set (specific assignment) best fits the crime to be investigated. The individual detectives' caseloads, along with other assigned tasks or projects, are a factor in assigning new cases. The detectives' schedules and availability (upcoming leave, anticipated court appearance, etc.), coupled with the priority of the case and timeliness of action, are taken into account prior to assigning a case. Any special circumstances or unique considerations would also impact case assignments.

Surveying Other Organizations

Investigations

How have you	managed resources to respond to a particular community priority (i.e., identity theft/cyber-crimes, drug enforcement, child pornography?)
Loveland	There are currently two person crimes detectives assigned to the Cyber Crimes Unit (collateral assignment), which primarily focuses on child pornography possession, distribution and production cases. The property crime detective assigned to the No. Co. Financial Crimes Task Force assists with large scale identity theft and fraud cases that impact the Loveland community. These assignments are not specific but in conjunction with current case loads.
Fort Collins	Our division is broken down into units that can focus on those crimes without pulling from another unit. In cases where additional resources might be needed, we have a Criminal Impact Unit that can provide resources to any unit for surveillance, warrant services, and other tasks on longer investigations.
Larimer County	One specific issue for the Sheriff's Office has been an overabundant rise in copper thefts. We have assigned one investigator from the property crimes unit to be the focal point of these thefts. He has contacted various metal vendors in the area and had developed rapport and has reported positive increase in their cooperation. We have also installed surveillance cameras in these high target areas. Identity theft and cyber crimes continue to rise and most are handled by property investigators with the assistance of the Northern Colorado Regional Lab as well as their assistance in child pornography cases.
Greeley	We will shift resources as necessary to respond to particular priorities. Through prioritizing of cases and seeking out additional resources from other agencies interested in working specific cases, mainly federal resources.
Longmont	We have two detectives assigned to the Forensic Computer Lab in Boulder County. They are extremely busy. Most of their work is supporting Detective Division. (Phones, Computers, etc). Our Narcotics Unit, Gang Unit and SWAT Team work closely to find and arrest the serious offenders. This is a team effort and we use these resources to help investigate, solve and arrest the offenders when necessary. It does no one any favors to let these individual walk around with an active warrant. We take an active, aggressive roll in finding these individuals.

Surveying Other Organizations

Investigations

Broomfie	ld

Resource allocation and strategies to respond to priority crimes include:

Community training and education, collaboration with other department division, city departments, and outside agencies, undercover operations to address drug crimes, pattern crimes, cyber-crimes, etc., information sharing and networking both in-house and with other LE agencies, advanced and on-going training, and equipment acquisition.

Wha	What are the top three priorities for the unit in 2012?						
	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	
1.		Improve the clearance	Better management	Arrest active violent gang	Team work with other	Prevent and Solve	
	Increase Technology	rate for Part 1 crimes	of copper theft cases	members who commit	units – React too and	Serious Crimes	
	within the unit in	by 2%	and increased	crimes.	investigate immediately,		
	order to foster		prosecutions of these		the serious offenses.		
	greater efficiency		cases	Arrest career criminals	This often takes us to		
	and reduce			involved in the illegal drug	other communities,		
	redundancy.			trade.	causes some overtime,		
					but the rewards		
					(solvability, evidence)		
					are worth the effort.		
2.		Improve the	Utilize civilian	Arrest career criminals.	Locate and arrest	Increase Community	
	Increasing the ability	community's	volunteers that have		Domestic Violence	Service and Support-	
	to respond to	perception of overall	expertise in	Arrest gang members	suspects once we have	Citizen Satisfaction	
	technology crimes	safety as measured by	complicated fraud	involved in the drug trade	obtained an arrest		
	i.e. Internet	the Community	and forgery cases.		warrant.		

December 11, 2012

Surveying Other Organizations

Investigations

	harassment / RO and provide a timely turnaround for evidence in these crimes.	Survey by 2%.	For example we have used two volunteers that have been vetted in the area of complicated banking fraud and a forensic accountant.			
3.		Increase the use of technology to improve efficiency and effectiveness in investigating Part 1 crimes.	Utilize civilian volunteers that have expertise in complicated fraud and forgery cases. For example we have used two volunteers that have been vetted in the area of complicated banking fraud and a forensic accountant.	Provide thorough honest investigations. Provide thorough, hones investigations.	Use technologies to our advantage.	Enhance the Department- Employee Development and Satisfaction

For more information about Broomfield's Investigations Division, please contact Commander Linda Haines at 303-438-6479 or lhaines@broomfield.org.

Surveying Other Organizations

Criminalist

Staffing												
	Loveland		Fort Collins Larime		Larimer	County	Gree	eley	Longr	nont	Broon	nfield
	Crim.	Other	Crim.	Other	Crim.	Other	Crim.	Other	Crim.	Other	Crim.	Other
Sworn	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	4.0	19.0	2.25	20.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Civilian	1.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	2.0	0.0
Total	1.0	0.0	2.0	2.0	4.0	19.0	2.25	20.0	2.0	0.0	2.0	0.0

Please describe	Please describe positions included in the "Other" column above.					
Fort Collins	The other employees are two sworn detectives assigned to our Forensic Services Unit. They are responsible for crime scene processing on "major" scenes such as homicides and assisting patrol with other crime scene processing during business hours or when a Patrol Crime Scene Investigator (C.S.I.) is not available, or doesn't have the specific knowledge or equipment for the scene. They also help investigative units with the evidence collection portion of warrants, provide training to the Patrol C.S.I.s, and since the position is new it is likely they will be tasked with other duties related to crime scene investigation as their time allows.					
Larimer County	We have 3 fulltime sworn lab personnel plus 1 sergeant that respond to major crime scenes. We have 19 specially trained deputies that are assigned to a shift that handle minor crime scenes but may be called in to assist in larger scenes.					
Greeley	<u>Criminalist</u> – Fingerprint 1 FTE and Digital 1.5 FTE <u>Field Evidence Technicians</u> – 20 collateral assignments in patrol. Two officers have been identified to attend advance training to allow for succession planning as current criminalists retire. One will start the training in 2013.					
Longmont						
Broomfield						

Surveying Other Organizations

Criminalist

Enter the allocation of time expressed in percentages of total time for the typical employee in these positions on the average in a year. (Please average time for employees dedicated only to this service.)						
Type of Duty	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
Core Duties	44	75	30	39.4	15	55
Administrative Duties	28	10	20	19.8	10	20
Collateral Assignments	7	0	30	16.7	75	5
Training	5	10	10	13.1	3	10
Leave time	16	5	10	11.0	3	10

What resources	are used to collect evidence from a crime scene?
Fort Collins	For more routine scenes, the evidence collection is handled primarily by a Crime Scene Investigator; these are officers or detectives who do scene processing as a collateral duty. For more involved or complex scenes we use one or both of the crime scene detectives; the crime scene detectives are assigned to the Forensic Services Unit of Investigations. In a complex scene if additional resources are needed we will supplement the crime scene detectives with C.S.I.s. Also, on major scenes or protracted scenes we would potentially use someone from Property and Evidence to transport collected items to the police department and we might use an Investigative Aide to assist with completing documents at the scene as part of the collection process (such as evidence logs or inventory and return forms).
Larimer County	We specifically process our own crime scenes with lab and patrol evidence specialists. Each of our specialists and lab personnel carry the following equipment: Cameras and photographic accessories, fingerprint powders, fingerprint brushes, lift tape and lift cards, cotton tip swabs for DNA, NIK tests for drugs, Gun Shot Residue collection kits, arson collection kits, paper evidence bags, plastic evidence bags, evidence boxes, envelopes, scene diagramming equipment, presumptive blood tests (Hemi-Dent).

Surveying Other Organizations

Criminalist

Greeley	All Patrol Officers are given latent fingerprint kits and DNA collection kits. They have been trained to do basic evidence collection of this type of evidence. The next level of expertise is the field evidence technicians, (FET'S). They have been given more training and equipment and are responsible to do a majority of the crime scene work. The next level of expertise is the major crime scene investigators. They are used only on major crimes scenes, i.e. homicides, or scene that will take a large amount of time to process. All the major crime scene investigators share a crime scene van. This van contains all the equipment necessary to process a major scene.
Longmont	We have trained and experienced criminalists that respond. We also support them on large scenes with a core team of detectives who have training and experience in crime scene processing. We training our patrol staff on evidence collection and expect them to do as much as they can. I will call CBI if we are short handed.
Broomfield	As for personnel resources, patrol officers, detectives, and the criminalist/CSI typically collect evidence from crime scenes. On rare occasion, CBI may be called for specialized assistance. As for equipment resources, standard supplies and equipment are used to collect evidence (i.e. cameras, swabs, tweezers, field test kits, latent print, and impression lifting supplies).

What are your	What are your training requirements for a Criminalist position?						
Fort Collins	We are currently in the process of evaluating and rewriting our requirements for a "Criminalist" in our agency.						
Larimer County	Basic crime scene processing class which is a 50 hour course with practical exercises. Continued education in bloodstain pattern analysis, Fingerprint/palm print identification and comparison, advanced latent development techniques, courtroom testimony, arson investigation, homicide investigation, crime scene reconstruction.						
Greeley	The training requirements are discipline specific> They start with a core assessment of the knowledge, skill and abilities and then structure the training to develop a discipline certified court competent and qualified examiner.						
Longmont	We send them to at least 80 hours annually. As much as 120 hours annually.						

Surveying Other Organizations

Criminalist

Broomfield	Entry level requirements include any equivalent combination of training and experience: Training: BS degree in a related field, preferably including science; training in related tasks and/or Experience: Two years relevant experience in crime scene investigation and evidence collection. New Criminalists/CSIs receive training in photography, latent fingerprints, blood spatter analysis, crime scene reconstruction, footwear/ tire track/other impressions evidence, etc. As personnel become more tenured, they receive on-going, advanced skills training.
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What resources	What resources are used to transport evidence to and from court?					
Fort Collins	The lead officer or detective on the case is primarily responsible for getting items of evidence to and from court. In cases					
FOIL COIIIIS	where there are numerous items the lead may coordinate accomplishing this with someone from Property and Evidence.					
Larimer	Evidence personnel using sheriff's office vehicles or the primary investigator will transport. Chain of custody must be					
County	enforced during this process.					
	To the best of my knowledge either the Officer or Detective who is the advisory witness for the case or an evidence custodian					
Greeley	transports the evidence to and from court.					
	We have two vehicles assigned to the section for them to use. Some cases, the assigned detective will sign out the evidence					
Longmont	and take it to court. Minor cases, the assigned officer will sign it out and take it to court.					
	Our Courts are in the same physical location as the PD's Property and Evidence Unit. Therefore, the transport of evidence is					
Broomfield	done by way of carrying it from one location in the building to another (generally by the lead officer/detective, and upon					
	following all chain of custody requirements).					

Surveying Other Organizations

Criminalist

What resources	are used to transport evidence to and from other labs?
Fort Collins	Evidence is currently transported to and from other labs by employees who work in our Property and Evidence Unit. They make trips as needed to C.B.I. and the Regional Lab.
Larimer County	LCSO uses both the Colorado Bureau of Investigation and the Northern Colorado Regional Forensic Laboratories. We utilize our criminalists assigned to the NCRFL to transport evidence to and from NCRFL. Our evidence custodian transports evidence to and from CBI.
Greeley	Right now different analyst from the different disciplines in the Northern Regional Lab transport evidence to and from the lab. The evidence custodians transport the evidence to and from CBI, and sometimes, if it's a rush, the detective assigned the case will take evidence to CBI.
Longmont	Same as court related evidence.
Broomfield	This is generally done by the personnel working in Property and Evidence. On some occasions, the Crime Scene Unit personnel do this task. Assigned police vehicles are utilized for this.

Surveying Other Organizations

Criminalist

-	st effective use of technology to improve efficiency (fewer resources required to complete a task) and effectiveness (quality med) of your unit.
Fort Collins	I don't know that any one tool has improved both efficiency and effectiveness for the particular tasks of the personnel assigned to my unit; however, I do believe the deployment of the iPad has been a tool that has improved efficiency or effectiveness depending on the individual for almost everyone who has incorporated the use of it into their work.
Larimer County	We are looking into a grant for a laser measuring system which would assist in diagramming a crime scene with less personnel and saving time. We also are photographing blood stains and using Adobe PhotoShop to make calculations. Laptop computers are brought to the crime scene for evidence collection documentation and printing out evidence labels.
Greeley	The use of computers to process and document information obtained during forensic examination is the best use of technology. Software innovations are constantly being developed to assist the examiner in the lab and field to record and store data for later use.
Longmont	We work to keep their cameras current. We give them fully stocked and supplied crime scene vans to use. They are heavy duty vans with large multi compartment storage locations.
Broomfield	Technology based equipment is acquired when possible to increase efficiency through tasks being completed electronically versus manually (i.e. digital photography equipment, field-use computers versus handwritten product, iPad with My Measures application for diagramming crime scenes). The one area in the crime lab where efficiency could still be enhanced would be through having our own AFIS system. Currently, we must schedule time with other agencies to use their system, and then make a follow-up visit to receive results. Effectiveness of operations is also enhanced by the advances in equipment (i.e. sharper photographs, digital recording equipment to document scenes and evidence, evidence collection/documentation equipment such as that used to collect prints/impressions).

Surveying Other Organizations

Criminalist

	briefly describe the purpose of any consortiums, joint ventures or other interagency collaborative agreements (IGA'S, MOU's) vely and efficiently perform basic functions of your unit.
Fort Collins	IGA with the Northern Colorado Regional Crime Lab
Larimer County	An IGA is in effect with Larimer and Weld Counties, Ft Collins, Loveland and Greeley Police for our involvement with the NCRFL. Upon request LCSO has highly trained personnel in firearms, tool mark impressions, bloodstain analysis and computer forensics. We have assisted other agencies with these resources. We have utilized Weld County for their footwear-tire track analysis for our needs. All of these are utilized under the umbrella of the NCRFL - IGA. We also have an IGA with the Wyoming State Crime Lab for tech reviews in firearms cases.
Greeley	Northern Colorado Regional Forensic Laboratory. Currently the lab is situated in 4 sites in Greeley and Fort Collins. In 2009 the lab combined disciplines into single sites so that all examiners with a common discipline could work together. This was an effective use of time, skills and technology. Rather than needing one piece of equipment for each examiner in their separate sites, the larger necessary but non-routine items of equipment could be shared. This reduces costs overall for the lab and also increase efficiencies and effectiveness (quality simply through more effective communications and shared knowledge.
Longmont	Our criminalist share AFIS print confirmation responsibility with Boulder SO Criminalists.
Broomfield	Critical Incident Team- An independent fact finding group consisting of skilled personnel to conduct investigations of officer involved shootings or other special investigations within the 17th Judicial District. The team is used primarily where a use of force results in serious bodily injury or death, but can be utilized for any investigation involving duty related use of force. North Metro Accident Investigation Team- An independent team of highly trained and skilled investigators who specialize in traffic accident investigations, to provide an impartial factual law enforcement investigation of traffic accidents, directly or indirectly involving a law enforcement officer while acting under color of official law enforcement duties, resulting in serious injury or death of a citizen or officer. The team is used at the request of any 17th Judicial District law enforcement agency.

Surveying Other Organizations

Criminalist

			g and workload while re mpact they had on the	•	o reduce budgets during th	e recessionary
Organization:	Lovela	and	Fort	Collins	Larimer (County
Budget Reduction Strategy		Impact on the Organization	Budget Reduction Strategy	Impact on the Organization	Budget Reduction Strategy	Impact on the Organization
			Unit is new this year as a result of trying to manage workload.	Yet to be determined.	Overtime is flexed out more now than it used to be	Overtime pay is lower but case load is not getting completed in a timely manner
					Attend local training instead of paying for per diem, airfare, hotel	Available training is very limited
					Some evidence in minor crimes are not getting processed in a timely manner to give priority to major cases.	Some minor cases are not getting solved through evidence or case is beyond statute of limitations.

Surveying Other Organizations

Criminalist

Gre	eeley	Long	mont	Broomfield		
Budget Reduction	Impact on the	Budget Reduction	Impact on the	Budget Reduction	Impact on the	
Strategy	Organization	Strategy	Organization	Strategy	Organization	
The budget was maintained at the same level, but training was scrutinized to see if there were areas that could be deferred to the next year.	It delayed training and caused the expenditure in the following year to ensure criminalists were properly trained to industry standards	Sharing their duties as property custodians.		A second, new position was added to the unit in 2011. This was done by reallocating a position from elsewhere in the department. Budget restraints have impacted us in regard to operational costs, so there have been impacts to equipment purchases, but there has been no negative impact to staffing in the unit.	The unit has maintained the same responsibilities and standard of thoroughness in completing crime scene processing and evidence analysis. Additionally, the unit has been able to operate within the budgeted overtime funds each year.	

Surveying Other Organizations

Criminalist

How have you pornography?)	managed resources to respond to a particular community priority (i.e., identity theft/cyber-crimes, drug enforcement, child
Fort Collins	The need was for consistent response to crime scene processing needs. Prior to the formulation of the Forensic Services Unit this was handled by one sergeant managing the Crime Scene Investigators team and another sergeant, generally the Crimes Against Persons Unit, managing the workload of the detectives who handled a caseload and handled the processing of major scenes. The creation of the Forensic Services Unit allowed for both of these functions to come under the supervision of one sergeant. This was accomplished by internal reorganization and the resources of the funds from the voter approved tax initiative.
Larimer County	What gets investigated first depends on the severity of the crime. Investigation sergeants and the lab sergeant get together and discuss what cases need to be our priority. We communicate directly with CBI and/or NCRFL for their input. On a major case involving DNA we will always discuss with a DNA analyst at CBI what evidence we have and what we should send to them for processing. With the addition to the computer forensic area, child pornography investigation has increased significantly which has also created a larger case load that can only be handled as availability of an investigator and time allows. When a cyber crime case is assigned they are being thoroughly investigated where 7 years ago, this crime would not have been investigated.
Greeley	Moved toward the use of search warrant in which the lab responds to the suspect home and processes on site. This increases the potential of obtaining valuable forensic evidence. In many cases the information obtained with these technologies reduces the number of submission to the lab while still maintaining the number of arrests and convictions.
Longmont	No response.
Broomfield	The Crime Scene Unit is used to support the Patrol and Investigations personnel in processing scenes and collecting and analyzing evidence. The resources are managed accordingly, so that identified issues and priorities are addressed from a holistic approach.

Surveying Other Organizations

Criminalist

Wha	at are the top three prior	ities for the unit in 2012	?		
	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
1.	Ensuring 24/7 coverage for crime scene processing	Training 3 more patrol evidence specialists	Manage work during the building of a new lab and ensuring quality and quantity are maintained.	Moving them into a more full time criminalist position	Prevent and Solve Serious Crimes
2.	Establishing protocols, training, agency expectations, etc. for the new detectives assigned to Forensic Services and the C.S.I. program	Quarterly training for patrol evidence specialists	Train all criminalists to industry standards and surpass it where possible.	Get a stand-alone AFIS terminal.	Increase Community Service and Support- Citizen Satisfaction
3.	Reducing the backlog of cases awaiting computer forensic analysis	Plan for a budget shortfall	Plan for the future staffing in the department to have trained FTEs in the field and provide well trained and qualified criminalists.		Enhance Department - Employee Development and Satisfaction

Volunteers:

Broomfield: While the crime lab has had several interns or high school students from gifted programs in the past, there have been none recently. The last intern working in the crime lab was in 2009. The intern was finishing a master's program in forensic science and was utilized in real time casework to include working crime scenes, processing evidence, and entry level fingerprint training packets. For further information about Broomfield's criminalist and Crime Scene Unit, please contact Commander Linda Haines at 303-438-6479 or lhaines@broomfield.org. **Longmont:** Not as criminalists. **Fort Collins:** No use of volunteers **Greeley:** No use of volunteers **Larimer County:** We have used interns in the past but with the addition of the NCRFL and also the protection of evidence integrity and chain of custody the liability has been too great to continue in the use of volunteers.

Surveying Other Organizations

Property and Evidence

Staffing	Staffing											
	Lovela	ınd	Fort Co	llins	Larimer (County	Gre	eley	Longr	nont	Broon	nfield
	Prop &	Other	Prop &	Other	Prop &	Other	Prop &	Other	Prop &	Other	Prop &	Other
	Evidence		Evidence		Evidence		Evidence		Evidence		Evidence	
Sworn	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0
Civilian	1.0	Est.	3.0	1.0	1.5	0.0	3.5	0.0	3.0	0.0	2.0	0.0
		.10										
Total	1.0	.10	3.0	1.0	1.5	0.0	3.5	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	0.0

	e positions included in the "Other" column above.
Loveland	Some volunteer time but in limited capacity because of security on databases
Fort Collins	Property/Evidence Supervisor: Directly supervises employees within the Property/Evidence Unit by managing, organizing, communicating, prioritizing and resolving problems to achieve productivity and quality customer service. Conducts hiring processes; screens applications for qualifications; administers written and typing tests; conducts oral board interviews; schedules and conducts conditional job offers; makes recommendations to supervisor for hiring; schedules orientation and training. Provides instruction to new officers in the Department's mini-academy. Trains and provides work guidance to employees and provides regular review of performance. Attends supervisory training to stay current with ever-changing technology and methods. Manages employee schedules; processes time-off requests; delegates work assignments. Monitors workflow for quantity and work product for quality and accuracy. Makes recommendations to ensure that work is completed in a timely manner. Provides interpretation and guidance regarding City and Department policies; Municipal Code; and statutory requirements and regulations. Suggests changes in working conditions and use of equipment to increase efficiency of work unit. Assists employees in solving work problems; maintains cooperative and compatible working relations. Makes recommendations for disciplinary actions and terminations to supervisor. Assists with the budget by providing input into budget preparation and directing expenditure of unit funds. Frequently performs the functions of the employees supervised. Recommends or develops policies and/or procedures that promote customer service. Identifies changes in procedures; maintains and revises Property/Evidence standard operating procedures manual. Assists Records Manager in conducting research and recommending technology upgrades necessary for the department's property/evidence needs. Administers and monitors ongoing programs and special projects for the department. Participates as part of the department's management team. Coordinat

Surveying Other Organizations

Property and Evidence

Larimer County	Evidence is supervised by a Sergeant who, at this point, does not "work" as Evidence Personnel.
Greeley	
Longmont	We have one 40 hour a week who is a credible and trustworthy employee that does much of the photo transfer and storage for us.
Broomfield	

Enter the allocation of time	expressed in percent	ages of total time fo	or the typical Evidence T	ech in these positions	on the average in a	year.
Type of Duty	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
Core Duties	73	75	94.5	95	70	Managing the intake, storage, disposition of evidence. Maintain the chain of custody, lab analysis, courts, and viewing for the district attorney's office. Written and verbal correspondence, auction processing, and minor administrative duties.
Administrative Duties	15	8	.5	0	10	Utilization of scanning equipment, data entry, email correspondence.
Collateral Assignments	2	2		0	15	None
Training	2	5		0	3	CAPET conference
Leave time	8	10	5.0	5	3	80 hours sick, 120 vacation

Surveying Other Organizations

Property and Evidence

	Square Feet in the Property & Evidence Room							No. of Iter	ns in the Pro	perty & Evi	dence Room	
	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
		Collins	County					Collins	County			
2000		N/A	1,719	N/A	4,733	1,500		N/A	N/A	N/A	60,000	30,000
2011	2,175	N/A	4,295 +	N/A	4,733	3,000	36,000	43,911	14,000	200,000	150,000	24,000
			offsite									
			storage									
Change			+2,576		0	+1,500					90,000	-6,000
			major									
			expansi									
			on in									
			2012									

What are the ti	raining requirements for Property/Evidence employees?
Fort Collins	The training for a new employee is approximately 8 months in length. The job is complicated and there are many statutes, guidelines, policies and procedures that the employee is required to learn. Daily decisions are made regarding handling, packaging and the maintenance of the integrity of the chain of custody for each item of evidence. In addition, the P/E employees have the opportunity to attend training offered by the Colorado Association of Property and Evidence Technicians (CAPET) and the International Association of Property and Evidence offers a certification program. Although this isn't a requirement for the position, these training and certification opportunities are highly recommended.
Larimer	Evidence tech has on the job training only. Evidence specialist (full-time) has completed IAPE certification and maintains CAPET certification
County	but is not a requirement.
Greeley	HS Diploma
Longmont	We send them to Property Room Management. We also send them to state training on property room management at associated conferences.
Broomfield	Complete basic training and understanding of policies and protocols.

Surveying Other Organizations

Property and Evidence

What resources	are used to transport evidence to and from court?
Fort Collins	The resources used to transport evidence to and from court vary depending on the type and severity of the case. Many times the officer checks the items out of evidence and transports it to court and either leaves the evidence in the custody of the court OR returns it back to evidence. Also many times, the property/evidence techs transport the items to court, etc. This requires using a van assigned to the evidence unit.
Larimer	Evidence Sergeant assists with "large" transports using department vehicle. Smaller transports are done by the officer in charge of the case or
County	Evidence custodian.
Greeley	Typically the investigator picks it up from us and transports it. We do have a van and carts to use if needed, but that has only occurred once in the four years I've been here. We do regularly transport evidence to and from the lab using those resources.
Longmont	We use our evidence custodians to turn it over to the officer on minor cases and major felonies the evidence custodians take it to the courts. They have an assigned vehicle.
Broomfield	Department vehicles

Surveying Other Organizations

Property and Evidence

	Implementing barcode technology has increased efficiency and improved accuracy and performance. By having all items of evidence
	barcoded, inventories have become more manageable and easier to perform.
Fort Collins	The implementation of signature pads has also simplified the release of evidence as well as eliminated paperwork – now the signatures are
	electronic.
	We have also moved away from paper property sheets. All officers now make their evidence entries directly into our Tiburon RMS system.
Larimer	Barcoding has saved much timeespecially during inventories, and has increased accuracy.
County	Please list and briefly describe the purpose of any consortiums, joint ventures or other interagency collaborative agreements (IGA'S, MOU's)
County	to more effectively and efficiently perform basic functions of managing property and evidence.
	Computerized tracking system. Evidence entry is completed electronically by an officer, rather than on paper. Searching and retrieval of
Greeley	information is much more efficient. All of the systems I'm familiar with include a bar coding capability, but the actual bar code and scanning is
	a minimal part of the computerized tracking system's value.
Longmont	Technology is helping. Bar coding is the best thing that could have happened. Our RMS system just changed and requires three entry screens
Longinoni	to do what one used to be.
	Bar coding system used to label and later inventory items in a quick and efficient manner, which takes less staff time.
Broomfield	Scanner.
	Storage compartment for weapons (Rollomat).

Surveying Other Organizations

Property and Evidence

	Please list and briefly describe the purpose of any consortiums, joint ventures or other interagency collaborative agreements (IGA'S, MOU's) to more effectively and efficiently perform basic functions of your unit.							
Fort Collins	The Tiburon CAD/RMS system being multiagency has allowed us to not only share costs, but to share data across agency lines. This also allows us to assist each other when questions and or problems arise related to property/evidence.							
Larimer	I work closely with FCPS and CSUPD to troubleshoot problems with barcode management. We have also used FCPS cold storage when we had							
County	power outage							
Greeley	Greeley PD manages Weld County SO's evidence. The increased effectiveness and efficiency is a benefit received by the WCSO, but there is no apparent benefit to GPD.							
Longmont	We share AFIS systems with Boulder County and it is not effective. We lose many hours of time traveling there to do our entries for fingerprints.							
Broomfield	None at this time.							

Surveying Other Organizations

Property and Evidence

Identify strategies used for managing staffing and workload while responding to demands to reduce budgets during the recessionary conditions over the last three years and the impact they had on the organization

Organization: Loveland Fort Collins Larimer County

Organization: Loveland		Fort	Collins	Larimer County			
Budget Reduction	Impact on the	Budget Reduction	Impact on the	Budget Reduction	Impact on the		
Strategy	Organization	Strategy	Organization	Strategy	Organization		
Strategy	Organization	We have not had to reduce staffing over the past three years; however we conducted a workload analysis which provides us with valuable data which we've used to upgrade positions and/or reallocate positions to different divisions.	Organization	We have not sacrificed service. Although there are times that Evidence is closed due to staffing (sickness, CBI transports), we attempt to be vigilant in answering phone calls and scheduling appointments to accommodate all parties involved. Evidence opens at 7AM to allow night shift officers the opportunity to resolve any outstanding Evidence issues without staying overtime. While we could always use more	Organization		
				personnel, we manage our priorities and			
				maintain our Evidence			
				procedure.			

Surveying Other Organizations

Property and Evidence

	Greeley	Long	gmont	Broomfield			
Budget Reduction Strategy	Impact on the Organization	Budget Reduction Strategy	Impact on the Organization	Budget Reduction Strategy	Impact on the Organization		
FT clerical assistant position changed to PT evidence technician	Allows more flexibility in scheduling and more time to be spent on high value tasks. (Rather than time fillers)	The work load is increasing to account for and enter property into RMS. We are paying more OT for coverage.		Completed Inventory with assistance of school resource officers in the summer.	N/A – the officers would have just been assigned to assist Patrol had they not been used in Property/Evidence.		
				Utilization of a part-time and temporary employee to catch up back-log of inventory. Transition of 32-hour part-time employee to full-time employee in 1/1/12.	We decreased our items from 36,000 to 24,000 by researching and disposing of property. The additional 8 hours per week have assisted with the maintenance and regular processing of items in Property/Evidence.		
				Addition of sergeant to provide direct supervision of property/evidence technicians.	In 2012, a sergeant was transferred to Property/Evidence to oversee the two technicians assigned to the Unit. This direct supervision provides greater efficiency and the ability for the techs to receive immediate answers to questions as they arise.		

Surveying Other Organizations

Property and Evidence

How have you r	managed resources to respond to a particular community priority (i.e., identity theft/cyber-crimes, drug enforcement, child pornography?)
Fort Collins	If we have a major case, we assign one property/evidence tech to assist with that case. We also have two major case rooms where we can store all the evidence associated with that case and limit access to these areas to the Detective assigned to the case and the P/E Tech. Many times we also have to reorganize/adjust our storage locations to accommodate the influx of evidence (i.e. drug cases with numerous boxes of evidence/drugs) Although we have a specific area for drug evidence, many times we use our garage area to store numerous boxes of marijuana on make drug grow cases). In addition, for child pornography cases, the CD is clearly labeled as child pornography so that when it is pulled for copies; the P/E techs clearly know what is on the CD and don't inadvertently release something they shouldn't.
Larimer County	One of our greatest challenges has been dealing with large quantities of marijuana and grow equipment and the resulting mold issues. This is still a challenge and will continue to be so. We have identified a specific computer/laptop area in the Evidence Room. This area continues to enlarge and will continue to do so. This also presents a great challenge with getting rid of this equipment without costing the department a large sum of money.
Greeley	N/A
Longmont	That is managed by the cyber-crimes detectives. P&E holds the evidence, but the program is managed by the detectives.
Broomfield	Not applicable to the property room.

Surveying Other Organizations

Property and Evidence

	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
1.	Intake of evidence	Maintain integrity and	Maintain a minimum	Space for number of items being	Complete inventory and
		control of all items logged	125% purging rate	stored. We closed our vehicle	rectification process with any
		into Evidence with a high		search bay and turned it into	identified issues.
		level of bookkeeping		evidence storage. We have to rent	
		accuracy.		garage space for vehicle searches.	
2.	Disposal of evidence	Maintain customer service	Move all evidence from	Managing the volume of the items	Maintain research and
		with the public and with	single off-site storage	coming in and dispositions.	disposition of property within 5
		department personnel.	facility to main facility.		years of the current date.
3.	Inventories	Streamline some processes	Inventory and	Staff harmony. We have 3 techs	Hire and train a new employee
		to ultimately save more	reorganize storage area	and for 20 years there have been	as a replacement for a recent
		time for other priority		personal conflicts that are working	employee leaving.
		functions.		on being resolved and damage	
				repaired.	

Do you make u	Do you make use of volunteers? If so, what services do volunteers provide?								
	Currently we have not used volunteers in the property/evidence unit. However, in 2013 we have an opportunity for a volunteer and have								
Fort Collins	entertained the idea of using the volunteer in this unit. We are still researching the best possible use for a volunteer in order to maximize								
	their knowledge and skills.								
Larimer	We have one volunteer that works 2 hours every 2 weeks doing filing of "dead-file" paperwork. This is not a critical function.								
County									
Greeley	No. We have been able to use light duty officers at times to review the status of older cases.								
Longmont	They take photo data cards logged in, transfer them to the hard drive of the identified computer. They also create CD's for the case file.								
Broomfield	No								

For more information about Broomfield's Property and Evidence, please contact Commander Roger Plunkett at 303-438-6493 or rplunkett@broomfield.org.

Surveying Other Organizations

Crime Prevention

Staffing													
	Full Time							Part Time					
	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	
Sworn	1.0	0.0	0.0	4.0 (authori zed for 5)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Civilian	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Total	1.0	1.0	0.0	5.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
			Vo	lunteer			Total						
	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	
Sworn	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	
Civilian	varies	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	10.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Total	varies	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	10.0	5.0	1.0	1.0	

Enter the allocation of time expressed in percentages of total time for the typical employee in these positions on the average for a forty hour work week.									
Type of Duty	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield			
Core Duties	45	75	84	70	50	37.5			
Administrative Duties	50	25	1	10	30	25			
Collateral Assignments	3	0	10	5	0	32.5			
Training	2	0	5	5	10	2.5			
Leave time	0	0	0	10	10	2.5			

Surveying Other Organizations

Crime Prevention

	Avg Overtime for an Employee Per Week								Building/H	ome Securit	у	
	Loveland	Fort Collins 2004	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	Loveland	Fort Collins 2004	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
2000	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0	0		5.0	0.0		0.0	1.0
2011	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.7	0	.25	161 (lock boxes)	7.0	0.0	3%	0.0	1.0
Change	0.0	-2.0	0.0	+1.7	0	+.25		+2.0	0.0		0.0	0.0
			Car Sea	t Technicia	ns				Tip a Co	p Program		
	Loveland	Fort Collins 2004	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	Loveland	Fort Collins 2004	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
2000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	*
2011	15.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	*
Change	15.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	+1.0	*
			Sar	nta Cops			Community Presentations					
	Loveland	Fort Collins 2004	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	Loveland	Fort Collins 2004	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
2000		0.0	0.0		1.0	*		57.0	56 hrs		12.0	119.0
2011	15% Dec	0.0	0.0	12%	1.0	*	96.0	39.0	100 Hrs	5%	15.0	223.0
Change	15% Dec	0.0	0.0		0.0	*		-18.0	+44 hrs		+3.0	+104.0
			Police Dep	partment T	ours				Community	Events/Day	/S	
	Loveland	Fort Collins 2004	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	Loveland	Fort Collins 2004	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
2000		0.0	0.0		45.0	21.0		25.0	250 hrs		6.0	10.0
2011	20.0	0.0	4.0	5%	70.0	17.0	20.0	20.0	550 hrs	10%	13.0	12.0
Change		0.0	+4.0		+25.0	-3.0		-5.0	300 hrs		+7.0	+2.0

Surveying Other Organizations

Crime Prevention

Lock Box Program on Residences for Emergency Access							Neighborhood Watch					
	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
		Collins	County					Collins	County			
		2004						2004				
2000		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		11.0	20hrs		5.0	10.0
2011		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		4.0	50hrs	20%	12.0	8.0
Change		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		-7.0	+30 hrs		+7.0	-2.0

Broomfield: Lock Box program conducted by Sr. Liaison Officer; Neighborhood Watch meetings per request, plus Block Captain training and National Night Out as a part of the program.

Fort Collins: Restorative Justice new in 2002: number of citizens attending functions in 2004: 7,266 in 2011 9,627; tours are conducted by Explorer Scouts; Alarm Compliance takes about 20-25% of this position's time

Greeley: Answered in terms of percentage of time instead of "activity counts". Other activities: Operation Safe Stay 10%; Neighborhood Issues: 25%; Greeley Stampede 10%. At the end of 2011 we had 78 neighborhood watch groups. Through September of this year we are up to 93. We had 175 community presentations by the Neighborhood Action Team in 2011. The guys in my unit spend quite a bit of time pounding the pavement in areas we've identified as not having a neighborhood watch presence. With the help of our city GIS department we plotted all of our groups on a map of the city. I had a light duty officer working for me earlier this year who looked through our current neighborhood watch contacts and updated everything. He then identified several neighborhoods in each of our patrol sectors with no neighborhood watch. We have a civilian public safety technician in our unit and his primary responsibilities are to keep track of this sort of information. We are also trying to have better outreach with our block captains through social media and a quarterly newsletter. Officer Mark Forgue coordinates our neighborhood watch program. He could probably meet with you sometime to go through our program and maybe give you some further detail. His email address is mark.forgue@greeleypd.com.

Longmont: Car Seat Tech is handled by the Fire Department. Tip-a-Cop and Santa Cops programs are handled by Officers assigned a Collateral Duty. There has been a focus on increasing public outreach. Other: False Alarm Reduction Program in 2000 there were 1,500 false alarms and that was reduced to 900 false alarms in 2011 through Enhanced Call Verification (ECV) and new program development-Citizen Volunteer Patrol. Neighborhood Group Leaders Association (organized by neighborhood groups and HOA's) numbered 42 in 2011. They are actively organized by the City's Community and Neighborhood Resources Department. The Police have joined this partnership.

Surveying Other Organizations

Crime Prevention

Larimer County: National Night Out 12 hrs in 2010 and 42 hrs in 2011; Citizens Academy 0 hrs in 2010 and 96 hours in 2011 (new responsibility); Sheriff's Kids Christmas Party 35 hrs in 2010 and 60 hrs in 2011 (taking over more duties).

What are the tr	aining requirements for Crime Prevention?						
Loveland	Skills, Knowledge, and Abilities: Those outlined for Police Officer. Demonstrated effective public speaking skills. Current knowledge of crime statistics and prevention measures. Effective communication skill with the public in general and at-risk groups such as the elderly, children, and people with disabilities. EXPERIENCE: Minimum of 2 years experience as a commissioned police officer with the Loveland Police Department. Performance evaluations at "meets standard" or above for previous year.						
Fort Collins	Must have a minimum of 60 semester or 90 quarter hours from an accredited college or university and a minimum 2.0 cumulative GPA. Prior law enforcement experience preferred.						
Larimer County	First 6 months – probation/training period. Assign to senior team member for event and neighborhood watch training. Quarterly ride along. Monthly meeting – 30 minute speaker on relevant topics. Incident Command levels 100 and 200 training for Joint Information Center (as information officer). Attend relevant training classes offered (verbal judo, church safety, CPR/1 st Aid)						
Greeley	The primary course we try to send all of our Neighborhood Action Team officers to is crime prevention through environmental design. We also try to send people to outside training dealing with public presentations and technical training such as PowerPoint for Law Enforcement.						
Longmont	City of Longmont Community Involvement Training; Volunteer Management training						
Broomfield	We do not have formal training requirements – We are always training—Advanced CPTED classes have been taken						

Surveying Other Organizations

Crime Prevention

	Design and the street of the s							
Loveland	Basic computer skills, power point for presentations, various computer programs for making brochures and hand-outs. Laptop and projector. Yes they are effective for the current usage.							
Fort Collins	Basic computer skills, word processing, spreadsheet, Power Point, video conversion and formatting, and photo shop type programs. Ability to analyze and compile crime statistics from Cadmine program and format into spreadsheets and grafts. Yes, these are all effective tools.							
Larimer County	We only use laptop and projector for our presentations.							
	Spillman Data Systems this is our main CAD/RMS system. We changed in February of 2012 so are still transitioning which has been challenging in terms of getting crime data and other information.							
Greeley	We also use Microsoft Office products including excel and PowerPoint to track information and disseminate it both internally and to the public.							
	Our crime analyst uses Chrystal Reports to provide us information. Works very well when data from main RMS system is available.							
	We have also started a social networking presence through Facebook and Twitter. The public reception has been positive so far.							
Longmont	We use an internet based volunteer tracking program, Volgistics, for tracking volunteer duties, assignments, and volunteer hours. This is a very effective tool in keeping track of volunteer matters. Our Personnel and Training Unit uses this program for tracking attendance by officers at scheduled in-house trainings. Use Excel for tracking other crime prevention and alarm statistics.							
	We use Email – One way mass distribution (Called B-In-the Loop), Internet, local governmental TV station, and newsletters.							
Broomfield	All seem to have a place and reach various people based on their interest level, but it is always difficult to measure success in prevention activities.							

Surveying Other Organizations

Crime Prevention

What program	strategies have been ineffective for your agency over the last ten years?
Loveland	Neighborhood watch has not recently been successful due to lack of involvement from neighborhoods. Certain CPTED and crime prevention training would be useful in expanding the building/home security check program.
Fort Collins	Started with a 13 inch TV/VCR unit in 2001 for presentations which were very clumsy to cart around.
Larimer County	Not expanding duties and training for team members. The team wants to provide new crime prevention offerings to the community, and wants training classes and opportunities to grow and learn. Limiting scope of team doesn't motivate members.
Greeley	I can only speak to the recent past. We've had several successful programs that have continued throughout the years including neighborhood watch, Operation Safe Stay, and Neighborhood Building Blocks. We've tried to create a business watch program this year, which has had limited success. We've found that our business community although interested in crime prevention is not as interested in being part of an organized business watch type group for their particular location.
Longmont	We continue with Neighborhood Watch but it only has short term effectiveness, not long term. We do not have full time crime prevention officers like many agencies do. However, we do have beat officers assist with Neighborhood Watch presentations, detectives assist with bank safety training, a division commander does CPTED reviews of building plans, and we recently established the Crime Free Multi-Housing program which is managed by four officers assigned to Patrol's Beat Support Team.
Broomfield	Hosting our own standalone prevention seminars. We have found it is always better to tie into something else.

Surveying Other Organizations

Crime Prevention

effectively and	efficiently perform basic functions of your unit.
Loveland	Partnered with Safe Kids Larimer County, Safe Routes to School (enforcement and education aspect), Loveland Fire Authority, City of Loveland engineering and traffic departments, Crime Stoppers, Thompson School District.
Fort Collins	Partner with Larimer County Safe Kids Coalition, Ft. Collins Neighborhood Task Force, RESTORE (restorative justice focused on juvenile shoplifters), Neighborhood Night Out, Crime Stoppers, Neighborhood Services, Neighborhood Enforcement Team (NET).
Larimer County	We share information with Ft. Collins PD, Loveland PD, share booth space at some events, are on the Safekids board. We also engage with Crime Stoppers. We are always open to learning and sharing from other agencies and groups.
Greeley	Our primary cooperative arrangement is inter organizational within the City of Greeley. It's called the Neighborhood Building Blocks program. This group represents most city departments and we meet monthly to discuss ongoing neighborhood issues and to discuss strategies city wide to deal with them. It's a great success and has been recognized nationally by groups such as the IACP. An example would be homeless people gathering in certain areas. With the cooperation of both the PD and parks department they can change the environmental and landscaping in a particular area if it's public property to discourage people from "camping" there. That helps augment the enforcement efforts by the PD for things such as trespassing. Our Neighborhood Action Team and School Resource Officer Units are both supervised by the same sergeant so there is a lot of cooperation and sharing of resources between both units. Downtown Greeley is always a hot button issue we are dealing with. This summer while our SRO's were out of school they were out on bikes primarily focused on being visible and proactive in the downtown area. We also work very closely with the City of Greeley Community Development department (code enforcement). We have a good neighbor ordinance that we can enforce when a problem house meets the criteria. These cases are usually built in cooperation with code enforcement and the police department.
Longmont	Longmont Police and Longmont Fire are collaborating under the broad area of Longmont Public Safety to ensure program efficiency and better use of city resources.
Broomfield	None

Surveying Other Organizations

Crime Prevention

Identify strategies used for managing staffing and workload while responding to demands to reduce budgets during the recessionary conditions over the last three years and the impact they had on the organization

last three years and the impact they had on the organization										
Organization: Loveland		Fort (Collins	Larime	er County					
Budget Reduction	Impact on the	Budget Reduction	Impact on the	Budget Reduction	Impact on the					
Strategy	Organization	Strategy	Organization	Strategy	Organization					
The Crime Prevention	Training would be	Removed the sworn	Added a sworn officer	Our budget is used for	Our team has grown to 10					
Budget is part of the CRU	useful in areas like	officer and made it	to staffing and still	uniforms, equipment,	team members and we					
budget. There has not	CPTED and updated	contractual civilian	maintained service	and community	now have to buy new					
been a huge reduction in	crime prevention	position	delivery	education handouts. As	uniforms (we don't have					
the crime prevention	methods.			our budget has	enough for our new					
budget. Personnel has				decreased, we have had	members, and our six year					
stayed at 1 sworn. Use	Demands from the			to utilize as much "free"	old uniforms have old star					
more free brochures and	community have			material as possible, and	and are worn out.) We					
information has been	increased and it's been			took a critical look at	will only be able to get					
used more. Training has	difficult to meet the			items that had a cost	shirts now, and will have					
decreased.	demands with the			associated with them. I	to wait on jackets and					
	staffing and resources			put together my	hats.					
	we currently have.			budgetary needs based						
				on priorities and	For handouts, we will					
				calendar years when the	reduce the costly					
				item will be required.	handouts that aren't					
				Then we make priorities	strictly required for our					
				on what to buy when.	crime prevention efforts –					
					such as file of life (medical					
					rather than crime					
					prevention).					

Surveying Other Organizations

Crime Prevention

Gree	ley	Longr	nont	Broo	omfield
Budget Reduction	Impact on the	Budget Reduction	Impact on the	Budget Reduction	Impact on the
Strategy	Organization	Strategy	Organization	Strategy	Organization
The Neighborhood Action	Fewer resources mean	Increased use of	Volunteers have taken	We have had staff	Increased workload and
Team at one time had 5	we are more reactive.	professional volunteers	over duties that have	reduction through	broader scope of duties
officers, 1 public safety	We've maintained our	for the Police	freed staff up to	elimination of a	for staff that remain
technician, and their own	involvement in our	Department.	become more efficient	position.	
sergeant. We now have 3	current programs, but		in their primary jobs		
officers, 1 PST, and the	it's been difficult to		or have made it		
sergeant is shared with	expand what we are		possible to accomplish		
the SRO Unit.	offering to the public.		tasks/jobs without		
			additional staffing.		
Training budget has been	It's been difficult to	Expanded duties of the	The CVP is primarily a		
cut last several years	send people to outside	Citizen Volunteer	Patrol resource.		
	training so our	Patrol (CVP)	However, they have		
	networking has		been increasingly		
	decreased and keeping		providing assistance		
	up to date on current		to Detectives, such as		
	issues and trends in		door-to-door		
	crime prevention has		canvassing in		
	been challenging.		neighborhoods that		
			have an ongoing crime		
			related issues. This		
			frees up Detectives'		
			time.		

Surveying Other Organizations

Crime Prevention

	Respond to requests as they come in. For crimes that are currently showing a pattern the CPO increases public awareness and education for							
Loveland	the target victim group. Different units within the department work together on those types of community priorities. The CPO works with							
	patrol, detectives, communications, etc.							
	Respond to an "as needed" basis. Often a particular crime activity (e.g. a rash of garage burglaries will stimulate calls for Neighborhood Watch							
Fort Collins	meetings, a serial rapist will spur personal safety classes, etc.). Otherwise, the Crime Prevention Specialist responds to requests for							
	presentations, information, and safety fairs as they come in during the year.							
	The Jessica Ridgeway abduction/murder has generated a lot of requests for child safety education. We are researching programs that we							
Larimer	could add to our offerings. We will either outsource the offerings or get trained to do them ourselves. We have a monthly training overview							
County	of relative topics for Larimer County so we can use the information to share with the community at events and neighborhood watch							
	programs.							
	As I mentioned above given the importance of downtown Greeley to the city we've supplemented the NAT officers with SRO's during the							
	summer.							
Greeley								
Creciey	Another community priority that has surfaced the last few years involves our immigrant community which has changed from primarily Latino							
	to now include Somali and Burmese refugees. We've proactively contacted the leaders of these communities and supplemented the resources							
	of the Neighborhood Action Team with SROs and Traffic Unit Officers who have helped give presentations to these groups.							
	We identified a need for collaboration among Longmont Police and Longmont Fire Departments as well as Longmont Senior Services and							
	Longmont Youth Services to address the needs of residents who repeatedly call upon fire and police resources. This Collaborative Resources							
	Team meets monthly to identify residents who call 9-1-1 for fire and police services frequently. A response plan which identifies city and							
	county resources is discussed and assigned for follow up by either Senior Services or Youth Services. This collaboration has been successful in							
	making sure city resources are used efficiently and that residents become aware of a broad range of available community services.							
	Drug Enforcement is specifically handled by our Special Enforcement Unit (Detectives) and is often assisted by our Gang & Crime Suppression							
Longmont	Unit (Special Operations).							
	Gang issues are specifically targeted by our Gang & Crime Suppression Unit.							
	Cybercrime is investigated by two detectives who have joined forces with Boulder County Sheriff's detectives in creating a county wide							
	cybercrime unit.							

Surveying Other Organizations

Crime Prevention

Broomfield	We use subject matter experts from appropriate division. All officers are considered Crime Prevention Officers and are called upon based on their skills and abilities.
Job Description	Inclusion in Response
Loveland	Yes
Fort Collins	Yes
Larimer	Yes No
County	
Greeley	Yes
Longmont	Yes
Broomfield	Yes No

Wh	What are the top three priorities for the unit in 2012?										
	Loveland Fort Collins		Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield					
1.	Preserve and Enhance the Loveland Police Department's Public Image	Increased traffic enforcement	Improve our current offerings – review how we can make them better.	Increase Neighborhood Watch Groups by 10%	Collaborative public outreach between Longmont Police and Longmont Fire Department	Develop and institute a Citizen's Academy					
2.	Monitor dispatch radio traffic and assist on calls whenever juveniles are involved	Improve Case Management in Patrol	Expand our offerings to include requested services (home checks, etc.)	Increase public crime prevention presentations by 3%	Collaborative partnerships among Longmont Public Safety, Longmont Senior Center, and Longmont	School Safety exercise					

Surveying Other Organizations

Crime Prevention

					Youth Services	
3.	Assist Investigators and patrol officers on cases when specific knowledge of students and school procedures would be helpful.	Decrease response times in Priority 1 calls by 5 minutes	Maintain the team personality of trust, loyalty and fun.	Implement Business Watch Program	Increased volunteer availability for both police and fire support needs	Host National Night- Out event

Surveying Other Organizations

School Resource Officers

Staffing												
	Full Time						Part Time					
	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
		Collins	County					Collins	County			
Sworn	5.0	10 + 1	1.0	5.0	7	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		sgt			(includes							
					Sgt)							
Civilian	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	5.0	11.0	1.0	5.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Enter the allocation of time	expressed in percent	ages of total time for the	e typical employee in	these positions on	the average for a	forty hour work week.
School Year						
Type of Duty	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
Core Duties	40	70	76	65	70	Assigned to schools to respond to enforcing laws, taking reports, mentoring, and teaching. Assigned to all after school events. Solved problems and provided safety measures to school staff and students.
Administrative Duties	40	12	5	20	10	Enforcement reports, training outlines, email correspondence
Collateral Assignments	8	5	5	5	5	Mentoring and role modeling
Training	4	5	10	5	10	CASRO conference and related SRO training
Leave time	8	8	4	5	5	80 hours sick, cumulative vacation time

40

Surveying Other Organizations

School Resource Officers

Summer							
Type of Duty	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	
Core Duties	33	50	0	70	30	Assigned to	
						complete training,	
						goals, projects,	
						and reassigned to	
						units with	
						resource needs	
						such as Property-	
						Evidence, mall,	
						and court security	
Administrative Duties	42	5	5	10	5		
Collateral Assignments	8	5	69	5	5	Specific to unit	
						assigned	
Training	7	10	10	5	20		

16

10

30

10

Leave time

Surveying Other Organizations

School Resource Officers

	Avg Overtime for an Employee Per Week						No. o	f Schools Inc	cluded: Eler	nentary		
	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont (2006)	Broomfield	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
2000		N/A	3	N/A	2	N/A		24	8	16	0	8
2011	1.75	2	3	1	2	4	0	24	8	14	0	10
Change			0		0			0	0	-2	0	+2
	No	o. of Schoo	ls Included:	: Middle/J	unior High Scl	hools		No. of	Schools Inc	luded: High	Schools	
	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
2000		8	2	7	6	2		6	0	8	4	12
2011	4	8	2	8	6	3	6	6	0	6	4	16
Change		0	0	+1	0	+1		0	0	-2	0	+4
No. of Calls for Service												
			No. of Ca	alls for Serv	rice				Total No	o. of Cases		
	Loveland	Fort Collins	No. of Ca Larimer County	Ils for Serv Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	Loveland	Fort Collins	Total No Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
2000	Loveland		Larimer			Broomfield N/A	Loveland		Larimer		Longmont 242	Broomfield N/A
2000 2011	Loveland 2,485	Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont		Loveland 486	Collins	Larimer County	Greeley		
-		Collins N/A	Larimer County 85	Greeley N/A	Longmont 941	N/A		Collins N/A	Larimer County 23	Greeley N/A	242	N/A
2011		Collins N/A	Larimer County 85 64 -21	Greeley N/A	Longmont 941 803	N/A		Collins N/A	Larimer County 23 22	Greeley N/A	242 163	N/A
2011		Collins N/A	Larimer County 85 64 -21	N/A N/A	Longmont 941 803	N/A		Collins N/A	Larimer County 23 22	Greeley N/A	242 163	N/A
2011	2,485	N/A 1,036 Fort	Larimer County 85 64 -21 No. 6	N/A N/A N/A	941 803 -138	N/A 1,902	486	Collins N/A 634 Fort	Larimer County 23 22 -1 Larimer	Greeley N/A N/A	242 163 -79	N/A 112
2011 Change	2,485	Collins N/A 1,036 Fort Collins	Larimer County 85 64 -21 No. 6 Larimer County	N/A N/A of Arrests Greeley	941 803 -138 Longmont Arrests/tickets	N/A 1,902 Broomfield	486	Collins N/A 634 Fort	Larimer County 23 22 -1 Larimer	Greeley N/A N/A	242 163 -79	N/A 112

Fort Collins: with regard to the number of arrests- juveniles taken to the HUB for detention at Platte is the estimate above. Juveniles cited and released, taken into custody for mental holds etc would change the estimate. The estimate is for SRO related actions only.

Greeley: The district consolidated the elementary schools and alternative high schools several years ago due to budgetary issues. The statistical data is incomplete due to software change.

Surveying Other Organizations

School Resource Officers

What is the poli	cy for assignment of the number of officers per school at the middle and high schools?
Fort Collins	The City of Fort Collins and Poudre School District abide by a contractual agreement that has been in place since 1995. Presently the contract
	requires 4 SROs for high school assignments and 6 SROs for middle school assignment.
Larimer	Governed by contract with Poudre School District.
County	
Greeley	We have 2 SRO's that cover all of the middle and elementary schools. We primarily respond to the elementary schools if there is a call and do some presentations there. The two middle school SRO's split the public middle schools and respond to the charter schools on calls for service and an occasional presentation. We have 1 SRO assigned to each of the three public high schools (3 total). We also respond to the two main charter high schools on calls for service. One of our middle school SRO's covers the districts alternative high school.
Longmont	High School SROs are assigned to a single high school. Middle School SROs are assigned to 2 middle schools each (paired by the high school those middle schools feed into). SROs also provide very limited support to elementary schools in their feeder system.
Broomfield	High schools are dependent upon fiscal contract agreement. Boulder Valley has one SRO assigned to the high school, middle school, and elementary level schools.

Surveying Other Organizations

School Resource Officers

What are the m	ain job functions of the School Resource Officers during the school year?
Fort Collins	Provide a safe learning environment for students and staff and help reduce school violence. Improve law enforcement collaboration with PSD. Improve perceptions and relations between students, staff and law enforcement officials.
Larimer County	Take appropriate law enforcement action as requested by school administrators, required by law or Larimer County Sheriff's Office policies. Assist other deputies or other law enforcement officers in conducting investigations involving schools and/or students. Teach specialized classes relating to the role of law enforcement in the community, search and seizure, traffic laws, crime prevention, victims' rights and youth programs. Assist school administrators in developing and implementing emergency procedures and emergency management plans.
Greeley	The primary job of the SRO during the school year is to have a visible presence in their assigned schools and handle calls for service involving students and staff that occur on school property. Our SRO's are encouraged to mentor students and to give public presentations. Those two areas are tracked as part of our city managers performance measures program that he reports to city council.
Longmont	Provide SRO services within the school community on a full time basis during the school year. SRO duties include intervention, prevention, enforcement and education functions within the school community environment. Assist all aspects of creating a safe learning environment. The SROs are assigned to work with the administration, faculty, and students on school sites located within the School District. The School Resource Officers may perform functions including, but not limited to the following: 1. Contribute to the positive police-school-community relations efforts, especially as these efforts related to students and parents. 2. Assist in the prevention and control of crime, delinquency, truancy, and disorder on the campus. This includes school site and climate assessment, gathering intelligence, research legal updates related to law enforcement on campus, development of emergency response procedures. 3. Conduct or assist in the investigation of offenses on campus. 4. Provide presentations and available educational resources in the following areas: alcohol and substance abuse, law related education, criminal justice system orientation, delinquency prevention, gang involvement and awareness, community responsibility, for students, parents, and other groups associated with the school. 5. Provide instructional resources for classroom presentations. 6. Appear in court and assist in prosecution and other judicial processes as appropriate. 7. Assist in the coordination of efforts of other enforcement agencies on the campus. 8. Provide visible presence on the campus. 9. Attend school-related functions during normal classroom hours, as well as nighttime hours to included attending social events such as school dances and sporting events, etc., as regular duty hours. This does not replace security and off duty work already in place.
Broomfield	See job duties on page 1. Assigned to schools to respond to enforcing laws, taking reports, mentoring, and teaching. Assigned to all after school events. Solved problems and provided safety measures to school staff and students.

Surveying Other Organizations

School Resource Officers

What are the m	ain job functions of the School Resource Officers during the summer months?
Fort Collins	This may vary dependent upon the needs of the agency at the time. In the summer months of 2012 SROs participated in two week long Youth Police Academy sessions, assisted the training unit with a backlog of pre-employment interviews and background investigations, filled patrol districts to help alleviate staffing shortages.
Larimer	Use vacation time. Work as an extra deputy in the Mountain District performing contracted campground checks.
County	
Greeley	The SRO's are assigned to day watch patrol during the summer months. Downtown Greeley is always a hot button issue with the community. This summer our SRO's were assigned to bike patrol downtown to increase visibility and our number of proactive contacts. It was a very successful use of those resources.
Longmont	 Use leave time (vacation and comp time) Assist Patrol. On average SROs cover about 5 shifts per SRO per summer break. Attend appropriate training, including CASRO conference and other SRO or police related training. Network with other SROs, debrief and evaluate the previous school year. Develop research based programs to address prior and anticipated social issues in their respective schools. Evaluate collected data to update and improve existing safety and classroom programs. Prepare curricula for upcoming school year.
Broomfield	Dependent upon Department resource needs. Projects and training associated with the SRO program are often the focus during the summer months since there is typically not time to work on them during the school year.

Surveying Other Organizations

School Resource Officers

What technolog	gy products do you use in the performance of School Resource duties? Are they effective? If not, why?
Fort Collins	Computers, laptops, cameras, volunteer resources etc. Yes they are effective.
Larimer County	In school cameras - very effective. Facebook - effective at finding out what is going on with the kids. PSD Student Records - effective at determining disciplinary history and determining what needs to happen.
Greeley	We switched our primary RMS/CAD system to Spillman data systems earlier this year. It's been challenging transitioning to this system for our agency so it's been difficult to access data for crime prevention purposes. Our department crime analyst is working on this continually and is starting to provide data for officers to utilize for their crime prevention efforts. The SRO's also use infinite campus which is a program the district uses to track students. It's very beneficial to them to have access to this system.
Longmont	All SROs are assigned a laptop computer (with voice recognition software), cell phone, iPad, PBT, digital recorder, digital camera, and a computer projector with sound system. These tools have greatly assisted the SRO with completing tasks in a more efficient manner while maintaining their presence at their schools. With the new reporting requirements, we foresee the computer / iPad tools as greatly assisting with data collection. Other technology utilized at times includes portable pole cameras. These have proven somewhat effective. In addition, Automated Report Writing System, Automated Booking System, and Mobile Data Computers in vehicles.
Broomfield	Equipped with same equipment as patrol officer – no special technology available to SROs.

Surveying Other Organizations

School Resource Officers

	oriefly describe the purpose of any consortiums, joint ventures or other interagency collaborative agreements (IGA'S, MOU's) to more efficiently perform basic functions of your unit.
Fort Collins	As noted contractual relationship since 1995 with PSD, collaborative training events, provide trainers to PSD for conferences, administrative training, bomb training, table top scenarios. SROs host weekly meetings widely attended by area criminal justice professionals, SROs participate in regional efforts such as SB94, HUB forum representative, Community Review Board, The Center for Family Outreach board member and EDU representation, Larimer County Interagency Oversight Group reps, Level 2 threat assessment team, Restorative Justice rep.
Larimer County	As part of the IGA with Poudre School District we meet weekly with other SRO's and District personnel to discuss current situations.
Greeley	We don't have any formal IGA's that the SRO Unit is involved in. In the past we were involved in DARE and GREAT, but those programs went away when the grant funding ceased. We provide officers to the schools, but there is no IGA that I'm aware of. We receive no funding from our school district to support our SRO program. We are involved in CASRO and we try to meet with other SRO's in the county and the DA's Office quarterly to discuss regional issues pertaining to school safety, etc.
Longmont	 The City of Longmont Police entered into an IGA with the St Vrain Valley school district in 1996 and updated annually via an 'Exhibit A.' It is a basic agreement that includes: SROs are City employees who are supervised, evaluated and compensated through the Police Department. An overview of what SROs may do in the schools. The City and the School District will jointly fund the School Resource Officer Program. The SROs receive salary and employee benefits and normally-issued equipment and supplies from the City. The School District agrees to reimburse the city for 50% of the salary of each officer for a period of 9 months out of the year (district school year) plus a \$5,000 stipend to help cover overtime costs. In addition to the overtime stipend, they reimburse only the officers' base salaries (no benefit costs). The SRO sergeant's salary and overtime are covered entirely by the City.
Broomfield	IGA with Adams County Five Star School District. MOU with Boulder Valley School District.

Surveying Other Organizations

School Resource Officers

Identify strategies used for managing staffing and workload while responding to demands to reduce budgets during the recessionary conditions over the last three years and the impact they had on the organization

Organization:	Loveland		Fort C	Fort Collins Larimer County		
Budget Red Strate	luction	Impact on the Organization	Budget Reduction Strategy	Impact on the Organization	Budget Reduction Strategy	Impact on the Organization
			Budget reduction has impacted dollars available to the unit for acquiring equipment.	Impact= as an example acquiring a pole camera would be effective in monitoring ongoing neighborhood issues connected to area schools and enhanced problem solving efforts. No funding is available due to city wide economic challenges.	No Response	
			Budget reduction has impacted dollars available to the unit for SRO specific training opportunities.	Impact= SROs have not been able to participate in CASRO related activities or attend NASRO conferences. Opportunities to attend advanced SRO training or supervisory related SRO training have been reduced due to economic conditions the city has faced.		

Surveying Other Organizations

School Resource Officers

Gree	ley	Longr	mont	Broo	omfield
Budget Reduction	Impact on the	Budget Reduction	Impact on the	Budget Reduction	Impact on the
Strategy	Organization	Strategy	Organization	Strategy	Organization
As previously mentioned we no longer teach DARE or GREAT due to a reduction in grant funding After our COPs funding went away the GPD SRO Unit operated with 4 officers for a couple of years. We regained the 5 th position	We have had a difficult time increasing our number of presentations which is a department goal. Not teaching these programs, plus the need for the schools to increase their own instructional time to meet testing standards has made this goal a challenge to achieve. It's a challenge covering the schools we have with 5 officers it was much more difficult with only 4	SRO's assist the Patrol Division in the summer with shift staffing.	Helps reduce overtime costs for the Patrol Division for minimum staffing needs.	None at this time.	Organization

Surveying Other Organizations

School Resource Officers

How have you	managed resources to respond to a particular community priority (i.e., identify theft/cybercrimes, drug enforcement, child pornography)?
Fort Collins	SROs and other CID detectives provide educational programs, instruction and training to students, parents, and school staff on an ongoing basis.
Larimer County	No Response
Greeley	Our primary community concerns are dealing with our ever changing immigrant community. In recent years Greeley has had an influx of Somali and Burmese refugees. Given the background of this population integrating into the schools has been a challenge. Our officers are very proactive in addressing these issues and have good contacts with the leadership in these communities and work with them to resolve ongoing issues. As I previously mentioned safety and security in downtown Greeley is a continual issue for us. The SRO's supplemented these efforts over the summer, which had a very positive impact on the problems downtown.
Longmont	The Longmont Police Department partnered with the Boulder Sheriff's Department to develop a CyberCrimes unit. Four detectives share resources and workload to manage the demand in the county. Longmont has maintained a 6 detective unit (5 detectives and 1 SGT) for specialized investigations involving undercover operations, primarily narcotics.
Broomfield	Broomfield utilizes an Internet Crimes Against Children (ICAC) detective that is trained in cyber crimes to address any online crimes that may involve Broomfield's youth.

Surveying Other Organizations

School Resource Officers

What new, inne	ovative programs have been incorporated that have been effective? What made them effective?
	A "boot camp" training initiative has been effective. Each summer SROs, PSD security, SME's from PSD and LEA collaborate for a 40 hour training event. This has enhanced cooperation and teamwork in the program and increased our knowledge and problem solving skills.
Fort Collins	Youth Police Academy continues to be an innovative and widely embraced event in the community each summer. The SRO unit has drafted students who have graduated from this program and asked them to participate in the selection process for future SROs to gain their perspective.
	SROs develop innovative educational programs that impact bullying, drug use, sexting. They are creative in working with school communities to set up ticket diversion via public work clean-up projects. They are effective in using contracts to mediate conflicts, utilize restorative justice themes to problem solve and are highly effective in evaluating and conducting threat assessments on students. Their teamwork with juvenile criminal justice professionals and PSD professionals is highly tuned, collaborative and very effective in problem solving matters with students who pose various threats.
Larimer County	No Response
Greeley	We have not implemented any new programs within the SRO Unit in the recent past. We are looking at trying to create some sort of proactive outreach program for our Somali population. We've done these sorts of things department wide, but not specifically within the SRO Unit.
Longmont	Restorative Justice in the Schools. This is a grant funded program designed to employ Restorative language and practices throughout the school environment, including classroom management, truancy and discipline related issues. The current program utilizes DOJ grant funds to support a program coordinator assigned to one of our high schools. She trains and coordinates teen facilitators who run peace circles in the schools. While currently only employed in one high school with services down to the feeder middle schools. We are hoping to further expand the program ultimately district wide.
Broomfield	Broomfield has applied for a grant through State Farm to provide simulated drunken driving technology to students before prom in 2013. If approved, this technology will allow students to safely simulate driving "drunk" with the use of specific goggles while other students observe and rate their driving. This technology has been used by other agencies across the country, and Broomfield hopes to share it with the community's students next year.

Surveying Other Organizations

School Resource Officers

What new, inno	ovative programs have been incorporated that have been ineffective? What made them ineffective?
Fort Collins	An effort to revitalize the crime stopper program at area high schools was not effective. Some on-site managers did not support these efforts.
Larimer	No Response
County	
Croolov	N/A
Greeley	
Longmont	We have been running a modified version of Project Alert in our middle schools for several years. While it has been removed from the Evidence Based programs list, it has been a good method for relationship development for our SROs and the middle school students. The biggest obstacle with this program has been the lack of full support from some of our middle school principals and finding the classroom time.
Broomfield	N/A

Surveying Other Organizations

School Resource Officers

	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
1.	The SRO unit operates out of the Criminal Investigations Division (CID) at the present time. Some top goals for CID this year have been to increase participation in the city Q14 surveys. The CID captain utilizes feedback provided from the survey to make a positive impact on division and city organization related employee needs.		Maintain a safe and secure learning environment for district students and staff.	Maintain and enhance safety at and around our schools.	Prevent school violence by enforcing the laws of the state and city, and rules and regulations of the various school districts
2.	Through a tax initiative called Keep Fort Collins Great (KFCG) citizens supported increased funding to expand the number of police resources. The CID has made the implementation of this project a priority.		Increase the number of crime prevention presentations by 10 percent from 2011.	Research and develop an effective healthy choices program for our middle schools.	Provide a safe environment for school staff and students.
3.	Efforts to fine tune case management skills has been a priority for CID. Assessment of various components of the current system have been evaluated, finetuned and other agencies have been surveyed to determine how they collect and measure data		Increase the number of individual mentoring contacts with students from 2011. (This has not been tracked in the past so there is no set number to increase from).	Further expand the Restorative Practices in Schools program.	Provide educational services and life skills to students.

Surveying Other Organizations

School Resource Officers

Job Description	Included in Response?
Fort Collins	No; The SRO job description has the same components of a police officer position for the City of Fort Collins. To find a comprehensive sample of duties related to the SRO assignment please visit the Poudre School District website. Upon reaching the site pull up the section on safety and security and click on the SRO link. At this site you are able to read the contractual agreement between PSD and FCPS and find out many other details of how the program is structured.
Larimer	Yes No
County	
Greeley	We are currently updating our job descriptions. I have an outdated one for DARE Officer that I've attached.
Longmont	Yes
Broomfield	Broomfield does not have a specific School Resource Officer job description – just police officer, which is available online at http://agency.governmentjobs.com/broomfield/default.cfm?action=viewclassspec&classSpecID=777227&agency=2063&viewOnly=yes . For more information about Broomfield's SRO program, please contact Commander Roger Plunkett at 303-438-6493 or rplunkett@broomfield.org .

Surveying Other Organizations

Records

Staffing												
	Records Clerks							Volunteers				
	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
		Collins	County					Collins	County			
Sworn	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				0.0		0.0
Civilian	10.0	17.0	13.0	16.0	9.5	3.0	See Note			.125		0.0
Total	10.0	17.0	13.0	16.0	9.5	3.0				.125		0.0
IIIIII	All Others						Total					
111111			All	l Others					To	otal		
	Loveland	Fort	All Larimer	Others Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	Loveland	Fort	To Larimer	otal Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
	Loveland	Fort Collins			Longmont	Broomfield	Loveland	Fort Collins			Longmont	Broomfield
Sworn	Loveland 0.0		Larimer		Longmont 0.0	Broomfield 0.0	Loveland 0.0		Larimer		Longmont 0.0	Broomfield 0.0
Sworn		Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Ü			Collins	Larimer County			
Sworn		Collins	Larimer County	Greeley 1 (IMD	Ü			Collins	Larimer County			

Please describe po	ositions included in the "All Other" column above.
Loveland	I Police Information Manager, 1 Records Supervisor, 7 Records Specialists, and 1 Lead Records Specialist. 6 volunteers work the front desk-1
Loveland	on duty at a time.
Fort Collins	1 Records Manager; 3 Records Supervisors; 2 Police Services Technicians; 15 Police Report Specialists; 1.5 Warrants Technicians
Larimer County	1-Records Tech I, 9-Records Tech II, 3-Sr. Records Techs, 1-Records Manager
	Records Supervisor = 1; Data Coordinator II (shift supervisor) = 4; Data Coordinator I = 16; hourly employees (each works approximately 20
Greeley	hours a week) = 3; volunteer = 1 that works approximately 5 hours a week. The Information Management Division Captain is our Section
	Commander. Records Clerks are Data Coordinator I's.
Longmont	Records Supervisor, Three (3) Lead Police Service Technicians (PST), 6 PST and one (1) part-time PST
Longinoni	
Broomfield	3 Records Specialists
broommeid	1 Records Supervisor

Surveying Other Organizations

Records

Please list all services provided by the Records.

Police Report Specialist/Police Services Technician:

First point of contact for non-emergency telephone calls and walk-in traffic for Police Services. Customer service both on the phone and at the counter, disseminating information, entering calls for service into the Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD) system, directing public to correct person/agency for help, manning the Crime stoppers phone, manning the graffiti hotline, answering all departmental phones after hours. Takes police reports to include motor vehicle accidents, found property reports, cold crime reports (gas drive off reports, runaway reports, trespass, trespass to auto, burglary, theft, stolen vehicles), including those reports involving suspects.

Follow-up on and investigate runaway reports, stolen property reports, traffic complaints, motor vehicle accidents, gas drive offs, and harassing telephone calls.

Transmits, updates, and receives messages from other law enforcement agencies nationwide via a CCIC computer and performs local, state and national computer file searches for criminal history information.

Handles release of police records information in accordance with established guidelines and laws.

Enters information into the state and national crime computer systems or local databases.

Fort Collins

Responsible for processing all incoming paperwork from Patrol and the Detective Bureau which includes scanning all paperwork into the SIRE document imaging system. Processing of paperwork includes making sure that all information is entered into the RMS system and that all information is accurate and up-to-date as well as available for other agencies (i.e. DA's office, citizens, etc.) Processing all mail requests for copies of reports.

Data entry and verification of information entered into the Records Management system of traffic and misdemeanor summonses, motor vehicle accidents, traffic warnings, arrests, field interview cards, stolen and recovered property.

Trains new employees.

Explains procedures and systems to other department members.

Process towed vehicle information to include entering towed vehicle information into CAD and CCIC as well as completing required paperwork to be submitted to the State within 10 days of vehicle being towed.

Schedule and conduct VIN inspections.

Issues and serves summonses on case investigation findings.

Issues parking tickets to parking violators.

Surveying Other Organizations

Records

Larimer County	Data entry, dictation transcription, records redaction and release, preparation of DA filings, download audio files to CDs for release, imaging, filing, answer phones, in-person customers, special reports, NIBRS submission, MTC (Model Traffic Code) ticket processing, collect records fees, manage fee billing, software and hardware support for digital dictation system, seal records per court order, criminal history corrections.
Greeley	We complete Records Management functions for 3 agencies; the Greeley Police Department, the Weld County Sheriff's Office and the Kersey Police Department. We also maintain the warrants for all of the courts in Weld County with the exception of Erie PD. Our duties include transcribing reports from digital media, completing quality assurance and NIBRS reviews on reports completed by officers, deputies and ACO; compiles and reports NIBRS statistics for Greeley & Kersey Police, the Weld County Sheriff and their contract towns. We have one Customer Service window that is open 45 hours a week and a second at GPD HQ that is open 12 hours a week. We complete a great deal of software support, especially as it relates to our records management system, reports and citations but do not provide hardware support. We are also the guard terminal agency for all Law Enforcement agencies in Weld County. As a part of that we will complete their CCIC hot file entries and cancellations when they do not have clerical support or clerical support on duty. We complete sex offender registration including the CCIC entries not only for the RMS contract agencies but also for those LE agencies that do not have staff to complete this function. A significant degree of technical skill is required to accurately code reports, including NIBRS, entry & maintenance of approximately 11, 000 active warrants. Staff provides factual information relating to report release.
Longmont	Advanced CCIC/NCIC, data entry, records release, sex offender file setup and tracking, fee collection, NIBRS coding, records distribution handling, filing and maintenance, compliance with court order expunge or seal records, records retention compliance for destruction of records, lead PSTs assist with new PST training and procedure developments and updates, office supply ordering.
Broomfield	Maintains complete reference records; receives accident and crime reports and reads, classifies, and codes (using data entry – 4-6 hours daily) in conformance with the Uniform Crime Reporting system established by CBI; reviews and releases copies of reports or other data in accordance with federal/state statutes and departmental policies; display confidentiality at all times; processes all incoming paperwork from other departments, divisions, and outside mail; separates, photocopies, and scans records and distributes as necessary; labels records for digital storage access and retrieval; verifies completeness of information prior to distribution; performs record searches and retrieve data from computer files; runs various computer-generated reports as needed from current records management system (H.T.E.); responsible for sealing of official records as required by court orders; performs non-emergency telephone and walk-in receptionist duties; screens callers and visitors, handling any questions or referring to appropriate staff; collects fees for municipal services as required; files all police department reports on shelves and/or file cabinets; keeps the files updated as per the Attorney General's retention schedule guide; maintain accurate records of the movement of all records filed in strict conformance with statutes and departmental guidelines. Must have knowledge of Word, Excel, and other office products; type at least 45 WPM with accuracy; skill in alphabetic and numeric filing; ability to use copier, fax machine, and other office equipment; keep record of all cash transactions on in-house system (Innoprise).

Surveying Other Organizations

Records

Please list the type of work done by the Records Supervisor. Do you also have a Records Manager?

Police Records Supervisor:

Assists Records Manager in conducting research and recommending technology upgrades necessary for the department's records management needs. Recommends or develops policies and/or procedures that promote customer service. Identify changes in procedures, make recommendations and prepare and plan for implementation of new computer systems and procedures. Maintain and revise records procedures manual. Manage employee schedules, process time-off requests using Telestaff software, sick leave issues, training requests, new employee training, and work assignments ensuring that all shifts are adequately staffed. Performs research and implements actions in response to customer requests by referencing and interpreting city and department policies, procedures, codes and regulations.

Create and administer level advancement tests. Conduct customer service surveys for feedback on each employee. Monitor workflow for quantity and work product for quality and accuracy. Monitor pending calls for service and police radio. Make recommendations to ensure that work is completed in a timely manner. Monitor trainer/trainee progress, review Daily Observation Reports. Conduct hiring processes. Screen applications for qualifications, administer written and typing tests, conduct oral board interviews, schedule CVSA, schedule and conduct conditional job offers, hire and schedule orientation and training. Identify and coordinate any employee training needs. Attend supervisory training to stay current with ever-changing technology and methods. Provide instruction to new officers in the Department's mini-academy. Initiates changes in working conditions and use of equipment to increase efficiency. Administers and monitors ongoing programs and special projects for the department. Participate as part of the Department's leadership team. Act as a staff liaison for the Records Division. Perform job duties of the PRS and PST positions as necessary. Coordinates communication between Records, other City departments and other divisions within Police Services.

Fort Collins

Records Manager:

Direct and coordinate research and recommends technology upgrades necessary for the department's records management needs.

Coordinate and direct the overall management of the Records Division; Directly supervise and coach the Records Supervisors.

Direct and guide the work groups in planning, goal setting, problem solving and customer service improvement.

Conduct and review personnel performance evaluations, along with recommending and administering disciplinary action as needed.

Make recommendations on hiring and termination of employees; Develop and administer a disaster recovery plan for Police Records.

Research and interpret laws pertaining to records release, evidence collection, etc. Coordinate the archiving and destruction of records; Design and produce various statistical reports; Maintain monthly, quarterly and annual statistical UCR/NIBRS reports; Develop the budget for Records in cooperation with the Information Services Director.

Manage the budget for Police Records. Develop short term and long range plans and policies. Act as a liaison to facilitate communication between Records, the public, other City departments, and other divisions within Police Services.

Coordinate regularly with other managers in the Information Services Division.

Report to work on time and maintains an acceptable attendance record.

Larimer County

The Sr. Records Techs are tasked with FTO duties and act as supervisors in the absence of the Records Manager. Sr. Techs work regular duties in Records, check all reports for NIBRS compliance, and are tasked with special assignments. Yes, we have a Records Manager.

Surveying Other Organizations

Records

My position is officially titled Records Supervisor. Realistically my position is Records Manager with four Records Supervisors that are assigned to shifts. The following list of job duties is completed by both the Data Coordinator II's (shift supervisors) and the Records Supervisor. The tasks listed in bold type are duties that would only be completed by the Records Supervisor. The balance of the duties could also be completed by the DC II's although generally at a different level. My position is officially titled Records Supervisor. Realistically my position is Records Manager with four Records Supervisors that are assigned to shifts. The following list of job duties is completed by both the Data Coordinator II's (shift supervisors) and the Records Supervisor. The tasks listed in bold type are duties that would only be completed by the Records Supervisor. The balance of the duties could also be completed by the DC II's although generally at a different level.

Under general direction, supervises, assigns, reviews, and coordinates the day-to-day activities of the Police Department's Records Division including managing the maintenance, retrieval, protection, retention, and destruction of all police records; ensures work quality and adherence to established policies and procedures; and performs the more technical and complex tasks relative to assigned area of responsibility.

Greelev

Plans, prioritizes, assigns, supervises, reviews, and coordinates the activities of the Police Department's Records Division including managing the maintenance, retrieval, protection, retention, and destruction of all police records; sets schedules and provides adequate staffing for the Records Section. Establishes schedules and methods for providing records management services; identifies resource needs; reviews needs with appropriate management staff; allocates resources accordingly. Participates in the development of goals and objectives as well as policies and procedures; makes recommendations for changes and improvements to existing standards, policies, and procedures; participates in the implementation of approved policies and procedures; monitors work activities to ensure compliance with established policies and procedures. Participates in the selection of assigned staff; provides or coordinates staff training; works with employees to correct deficiencies; implements discipline procedures. Participates in the preparation and administration of the assigned program budget; submits budget recommendations; monitors expenditures.

Performs the more technical and complex tasks of the work unit including ensuring compliance with applicable rules and regulations related to law enforcement records management. Manages the maintenance, retrieval, protection, retention, and destruction of all police records; coordinates with staff the transfer of records to offsite locations; maintains record security and protection according to mandated requirements and department policy. Corresponds in person, in writing, or by phone when a request for records is received; responds to subpoena duces tecums for department records; consults with the City Attorney, District Attorney's Office, and County Attorney as needed; researches Public Records Act laws relating to criminal records and case law to determine authority to release or deny request for records; appears in court on behalf of the department as required. Oversees payroll operations for the Records Section. Prepares a variety of analytical and statistical reports and correspondence on operations and activities. Attends and participates in professional group meetings; maintains awareness of new trends and developments in the field of records management; incorporates new developments as appropriate into programs.

Surveying Other Organizations

Records

Direct supervisor of lead and regular PSTs in Records, develop schedules, post OT, ensure coverage, personnel evaluation, procedure development, respond to subpoena's for records, sex offender fees tracking, records release policy development, investigate challenges to Longmont records accuracy, maintain master name file in RMS, NIBRS extraction and submission. Broomfield does not have a "Records Manager" position. The Records Supervisor is responsible for all records received, maintained, and removed in the Records Unit. The Records Supervisor is responsible for recruiting, organizing, coordinating, and daily supervision of workload and personnel in the Records Unit; seeks ways to integrate programs and innovative services to the public, other departments/divisions, and agencies; conducts periodic formal and informal evaluations (including counseling as a means of improving individual job performance); ensures NIBRS crime reporting is complaint to CBI standards and mandates; maintains complete reference records for the police department; assists Records Unit as needed with data entry, filing, telephone, and walk-ins to maintain unit goals and objectives; maintains confidentiality of information; identifies and recommends improvements in divisional and departmental operations to ensure support functions are efficient and cost effective; researches, analyzes, and prepares varied projects and reports involving financial considerations and cost comparisons; monitors Unit expenditures to assure sound financial management; enters crime information from reports; performs record searches and **Broomfield** retrieves data from computer files and H.T.E. (Records Management System currently using); performs non-emergency telephone and walk-in receptionist duties; screens callers and visitors, handling any questions or referring to appropriate staff; collects fees for municipal services as required; files all police department reports on shelves and/or file cabinets; keeps the files updated as per the Attorney General's retention schedule guide; maintain accurate records of the movement of all records filed in strict conformance with statutes and departmental guidelines. Must have knowledge of Word, Excel, and other office products; type at least 45 WPM with accuracy; skill in alphabetic and numeric filing; ability to use copier, fax machine, and other office equipment; keep record of all cash transactions on in-house system (Innoprise).

Surveying Other Organizations

Records

Do you publish	crime data to a website for citizens? If so, how frequently? How current is the data?
Fort Collins	The only crime data available is through the crime mapping on the city's web site: http://www.fcgov.com/police/crime-map.php This information is uploaded daily.
Larimer County	Crime mapping by Raids Online, daily arrest report to media, daily calls for service report to media - all automated.
Greeley	Statistical crime data is compiled and provided to Chief Garner on a quarterly basis that is then posted on the City of Greeley website.
Longmont	Yes, targeted crimes only and this is updated weekly, by Crime Analyst
Broomfield	Broomfield's crime statistics are reported to Council on an annual basis. Once reported to Council, the City's website is updated with that information: http://www.broomfield.org/police/crime_statistics.shtml This is done on an annual basis, and the web page contains 2 years of information for comparison purposes.

Enter the allocation of time	Enter the allocation of time expressed in percentages of total time for the typical Records Specialist on the average in a year. (Please average time for												
employees dedicated only to this service.)													
Type of Duty Loveland Fort Collins Larimer County Greeley Longmont Broomfield													
Core Duties 81.25 75 80 68 75 82													
Administrative Duties	Administrative Duties 0.00 8 10 1 10 10												
Collateral Assignments	0.00	2	2	20	4	1							
Training													
Leave time	17.25	10	5	8	8	5							

Surveying Other Organizations

Records

Enter the allocation of time expressed in percentages of total time for the typical Records Supervisor on the average in a year. (Please average time for employees dedicated only to this service.)

chiployees acaleated only	employees dedicated only to this service.											
Type of Duty	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County (Sr. Records Tech)	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield						
Core Duties	73.0	65	35	33	75	80						
Administrative Duties	11.0	15	14	25	10	15						
Collateral Assignments	0.0	5	45	30	5	1						
Training	1.5	5	1	4	3	2						
Leave time	14.5	10	5	8	7	2						

Enter the allocation of time expressed in percentages of total time for the typical Crime Analyst on the average in a year. (Please average time for employees dedicated only to this service.)

employees dedicated only to this service.)											
Type of Duty	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield					
Core Duties					75						
Administrative Duties					8						
Collateral Assignments					5						
Training					5						
Leave time					7						

Greeley Records Manager: Core 30%, Admin 30%, Collateral 28%, Training 4%, Leave time 8%

Surveying Other Organizations

Records

		No.	of Records	Managed	per Year				No. of P	hone Calls		
	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
		Collins	County					Collins	County			
2000	N/A**	23,608	9,084	44,251	7,398	8,288	N/A*			80,813	NA	
2011	24,546	19,385	13,148	47,183	11,928	7,391	N/A	69,636	N/A	84,880	NA	
Change		-4,223	+4,064	+7%	4,530,					+5%	NA	
					61%							
		Turnov	er Rate for	Employees	s in the Unit			Avg T	enure of Em	nployees in t	he Unit	
	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
		Collins	County					Collins	County			
2000	N/A				2%		12.4		7.3	12(2008)	NA	3
2011	11%	2	N/A	3%	3%		11.2	11.73	8.3	13.95	5.2	8
Change					1%		-1.2		+1.0	+9.7%		
			No. of Vo	lunteer Ho	urs		Avera	ge Turnarou	nd Time to I	Process Gen	eral Offense I	Reports
IIIII	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
		Collins	County					Collins	County			
2000	N/A	0	0	0	600		N/A**		8-12	3-5 days	10	
									weeks			
2011	1,806	0	0	.125	200		3.7 days	3-4 days	1-2 days	3-5 days	5	2 days
												(stack)
												4 hours (one
												report)
Change		0	0	+.125	-400					0	-5	

Surveying Other Organizations

Records

IIIIII			No. of	Supervisor	S		No. of Employees per Supervisor					
	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
		Collins	County					Collins	County			
2000	1.0	2.0	0.0	5.0	1.0		7.0	9.0	-	4.75		
2011	1.0	3.0	0.0	5.0	1.0	1.0	8.0	6.0	-	4.75	10	3.0
Change	0.0	+1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		-1.0	-3.0	-	0		

NA* - At no time has the City of Loveland IT department been able to monitor (count) the number of incoming calls to any telephone extension. In the 2003 Records workload study, the Records Specialists estimated that they spend approximately 3-5% of their day answering phone calls and assisting customers at the front counter. Until the City implements technology to accurate count the number of times a telephone extension receives an incoming call (both external and internal) we are unable to supply this data.

NA** - In 2000 we were implementing a new Records Management System (RMS). Turnaround time was extremely slow due to the learning curve as well as continual implementation of RMS components (i.e. arrest module). In some cases we were not entering many of the low priority types of reports due to the backlog. Therefore, data for 2000 was not utilized in this summary as the comparison would be invalid. Turnaround for 2011 offense reports totaled 3.7 days for all reports submitted. A total of 60% of all offense reports are completed within 24 hours of being reported. This is due to the current AFR process. Changes to the existing processes will reduce the turnaround time significantly.

How long is your field training program?		
Fort Collins	Approximately 8 months	
Larimer County	16 weeks	
Greeley	3 months of training; approximately 6 to 8 months before the employee would work alone for more than an hour or two.	
Longmont	Police Service Technicians – 6 months	
Broomfield	20 weeks	

Surveying Other Organizations

Records

How much time do you allocate for annual training for your staff members?		
Fort Collins	We do not have a set amount of time allocated for training. However, when training opportunities arise that are specifically Records related we try to send as many employees as possible (i.e. NIBRS, Records Release, etc.) Employees also can request additional training throughout the year. The city offers a variety of training opportunities from personal development to wellness to communication, etc. Many employees take advantage of these training opportunities each year.	
Larimer	We take advantage of training opportunities as they are offered. No specific allocation.	
County		
	This year employees have been inundated with inside training, estimated in excess of 60 hours during the year. City policy requires that	
Greeley	supervisory staff attend 7 credit hours on an annual basis but in addition we would also attend CORA and Alert training.	
Longmont	On the average 4% of 2080 hours per employee (83.2 hours)	
	At <u>least</u> two (2) ALERT/SAM classes a year per employee (keeping in mind the 16 credits needed to keep CORA certified every two years) and	
Broomfield	minimum of two (2) in-house training classes offered by the City 4-8 hours/class).	

How do you manage over time and comp time?		
Fort Collins	OT is offered sparingly. We typically only use OT for staffing shortages; backlogs in typing and/or case final. We do not offer comp time.	
Larimer County	Not Allowed	
Greeley	On February 1, 2012 we changed to a different software vendor. We soon found that it takes between 2 & 3 times longer to perform any task than it did with our previous system. Since the conversion date, we have continually had to work overtime. Mandatory overtime was in place for a period of that time but I found that employees quickly suffered burnout. Overtime is still encouraged and most employees work overtime each week. Comp time is restricted simply because I have the continuous need for overtime. City policy caps comp time at 40 hours.	
Longmont	Scheduling more schedule adjustments	
Broomfield	Kept at minimum can use flex time. Must be pre-approved by supervisor.	

Surveying Other Organizations

Records

What are the m	ost effective recruiting strategies?
Fort Collins	The only recruiting strategies we've used in the past is advertising in the local newspaper; on the city's web site; and word of mouth. Our last hiring process we had over 160 applicants for one vacancy.
Larimer	No particular strategies employed
County	
Greeley	Our salary was increased this year which dramatically increased the number of applicants. Previous to the increase we would receive 10 to 20 applications for every vacancy; when we had an opening earlier this year there was well over 100 applicants
Longmont	Not what we are doing now. In comparison with other agencies Longmont has below average number of applicants. Currently discussing options with Human Resources.
Broomfield	Word of mouth and salary range.

What are the m	nost effective retention strategies?
Fort Collins	I believe the pay and benefits has a lot to do with the retention of our employees. In addition, recognition, job variety, training and development also contribute.
Larimer	Team-building and a lot of effort toward mutual respect between deputies and techs.
County	
Greeley	I feel that I don't have the magical answer to that. Our retention is very high though. During the hiring process we consider both skills and how the applicant will interact with her/his co-workers.
Longmont	Personnel conflicts is most frequent reason given informally for PST resignations followed by shift work hours. No formal retention strategy for profession (non-commissioned) staff.
Broomfield	Salary range and organizational values.

Surveying Other Organizations

Records

Software used i	n your function
Fort Collins	We currently use the following programs: Tiburon Computer Aided Dispatch and Records Management System CCIC/NCIC/Messenger MS Word MS Outlook MS Excel SIRE File Center SIRE Capture Virtual Terminal Credit Card Processing Data Link viewer (runs Crystal Reports) Telestaff JDE/Peoplesoft Talent/Reward – Performance Management Software Redact-It PDF995 Start/Stop Transcription Software
Larimer County	Tiburon for Jail and Records Management, Dictaphone Nuance for dictation, SIRE for imaging/digital file storage, Inmate Calling Solutions for inmate phone calls, CorrEMR for medical records
Greeley	We changed to Spillman RMS, CAD and Jail. We also use Excel, Word, CCIC/NCIC/Dor (Open Fox and the Interface lines); Adobe Pro; Identification/prox card software;
Longmont	Records Primary: Window 7, Office 2010, Tiburon Records Management System (7.4 converting to 7.9 in March 2013), Sire Imaging, and CPI OpenFox, Courtlink
Broomfield	Windows XP, Windows 2010, Innoprise (accounting), Sungard/H T E (Records Management System)

Surveying Other Organizations

Records

Fort Collins	Docview has allowed us to improve our efficiencies in processing our mail requests. Insurance companies are directed to Docview's web site where they can purchase accident reports. This has decreased the amount of time it takes records employees to process mail requests by approximately 2/3rds. We also implemented a document imaging program approximately 10 years ago, which has increased efficiencies tremendously. By having our documents digitized, they can be retrieved from any work station within the department which eliminates having to come to Records; have employees pull the paper document; make copies; refile the document and refile the folder. We also utilize a virtual credit card program which allows us to accept credit card payments for report and records check purchases.
Larimer County	Dictaphone Nuance - since we changed to digital dictation we have shortened the report backlog in Records from an average of 8 weeks to an average of 24-48 hours.
Greeley	Although not yet in place we have obtained approval for informational messages on our telephones and will be adding forms and information for obtaining report copies and clearance letters to our website, emailing reports using encryption.
Longmont	Use of technology has improved the timeliness of access to information for both internal and external customers, information accuracy, and communication. Technology has also reduced paper and postage costs associated with report distribution.
Broomfield	A Records Management System that would allow information to be entered once and automatically populate other screens requiring the same information without having to re-enter into each screen.

Surveying Other Organizations

Records

	oriefly describe the purpose of any consortiums, joint ventures or other interagency collaborative agreements (IGA'S, MOU's) to more efficiently perform basic functions of your unit.
Fort Collins	The Tiburon CAD/RMS system being multiagency has allowed us to not only share costs, but to share data across agency lines. Access to other agency reports is more readily available to our officers and vice versa.
Larimer County	CRISP (Combined Regional Information System Project) allows open access to records of other agencies in the project - at this time, six agencies share the system (Tiburon.)
Greeley	In 1993 the Weld County Sheriff's Office contracted with the Greeley Police Department to provide their LE IT support, RMS, CAD and Evidence support. The IT portion was dissolved a few years ago and it was just recently decided to split Dispatch so that there would be a Greeley Police and Fire Dispatch Center and a Weld County Dispatch Center. Due to this most recent decision it is likely that the contract between COG and WC regarding Records functions will also be dissolved.
Longmont	Memo of understanding with Boulder County for CCIC/NCIC "guard" in the event of an emergency closure or relocation. Automated License Plate Reader (ALPR) and COPLINK both purchased through multi-agency grant requests.
Broomfield	N/A

Surveying Other Organizations

Records

Identify strategies used for managing staffing and workload while responding to demands to reduce budgets during the recessionary conditions over the last three years and the impact they had on the organization Fort Collins Organization: Loveland **Larimer County Budget Reduction Budget Reduction** Impact on the **Budget Reduction** Impact on the Impact on the Strategy Organization Strategy Organization Strategy Organization We have not had to reduce staffing over the past three years; however we conducted a workload analysis which provides us with valuable data which we've used to upgrade positions and/or reallocate positions to different divisions.

Surveying Other Organizations

Records

Greel	е у	Longr	mont	Broomfield		
Budget Reduction	Budget Reduction Impact on the		Impact on the	Budget Reduction	Impact on the	
Strategy	Organization		Organization	Strategy	Organization	
If vacancy not filled Overtime costs increase Slowing of the judicial process Inaccurate statistics		Reduced records unit hours of operation from 24 to 20, which allowed for more people per shift and in turn reduced OT needed to fill planned and unplanned	Reduced OT hours. Met with initial resistance from operations personnel on grave shift. Dispatch monitors CCIC/NCIC main terminal during 2am to 6am	The Records unit has not engaged in any budget reduction strategies		
		absences.	records closure.			
		Better use of schedule adjustments and comp time in lieu of OT to fill planned vacancies. Automated distribution of police reports to professional stakeholders (examples: DA, Courts, and Social Services) by using E-mail instead of hardcopy	Reduced OT hours. Reduction in office supply cost. More timely response to requests or automatic distribution to customers.			
		No longer print and file hardcopy police reports. Reports printed only upon request. Updated records retention policy to comply with minimum retention requirements for individual document types.	Reduced paper and "lost" reports due to misfiling. Reduced off-site records storage cost.			

Surveying Other Organizations

Records

	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
1.	Transcription of	Maintain efficient report processing -	Maintain the confidentiality of	Paperless	Maintain and keep
	reports	reports ready for approval within 2	the records; enter all data with		current on all reports
		business days of receipt in Records.	accuracy and proficiency; follow		received by sorting,
		Continued emphasis on exemplary	applicable laws and policies when		distributing, scanning,
		customer service.	releasing or denying information		and entering in records
					management system and
					digital storage.
2.	Case final of reports	Continue work with Patrol Division to	Provide superior customer	Business Process	Observe and practice the
	(QA, NIBRS	improve timeliness of report	service to both internal and	Review to improve	organizational values of
	verification, etc.)	approval to aid statistical reporting.	external customers.	efficiency.	the department not only
					for Unit by department
					wide.
3.	Arrest/Citation Entry	Transition APS (electronic traffic	Provide accurate statistical		Maintain accurate
		tickets) into Records workflow within	information and reports; adhere		records of the movement
	Traffic Accident Entry	30 days of program implementation.	to all CBI & FBI NIBRS rules and		of all records filed, in
			regulations.		strict conformance with
					statutes and
					departmental guidelines.

Surveying Other Organizations

Records

When did you la	ast receive funding for new/additional positions in your unit?
Fort Collins	In 2012, we received one additional Police Report Specialist position. This was as a result of the tax initiative that was passed in November of 2010.
Larimer	No additional funding; when Records lost a position due to attrition in 2004, part of the funding was used to create the Sr. Records Tech
County	positions.
Greeley	3 still currently in the budget for 2013; previously we encountered position cuts only.
Longmont	Haven't increased staff numbers in past 10 years.
Broomfield	2001 - one (1) Records Supervisor and one (1) Records Specialist

Have you lost p	ositions due to reduction in force or early retirement incentives during the past 4 years? Is so, how many and what positions? How have eir duties?
Fort Collins	No we haven't lost positions due to RIF or early retirement incentives in the past four years. However, we have reallocated one PRS position to be a Police Services Technician and one PRS position was used to create an additional position in our MIS Department. We were able to make these adjustments based on where the greater need was. In addition, we completed a workload analysis which provided us with staffing level data. However, in 2010 we were poised to lose one Police Report Specialist position. We did not lose this position because a sale tax initiative was passed which allowed us to keep this position.
Larimer	Possibly will lose one this year. I anticipate that continued implementation of software and review/changes of business processes will allow
County	the loss without loss of productivity.
Greeley	We lost one DC I position and 2 hourly positions due to budget cuts.
Longmont	None in records.
Broomfield	No.

Surveying Other Organizations

Communications

Staffing												
			Dispatc	h Emergen	су		Dispatch Non-emergency					
	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
		Collins	County					Collins	County			
Sworn	0.0			1.0	0.0	1.0					Same as	
											emergency	
Civilian	20.0	32.0		52.0	21.0	20.0	Same	Same 32		2.0		
Total	20.0	32.0		53.0	21.0	21.0				2.0		
			All	Others					To	otal		
	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
		Collins	County					Collins	County			
Sworn	0				0.0		0.0			1.0	0.0	1.0
Civilian					2.0		20.0	32.0		54.0	23.0	20.0
Total					2.0	•	20.0	32.0		55.0	23.0	21.0

Please describe	positions included in the "All Other" column above.
Loveland	Fully staffed, the center employs 15 Communications Specialists, two Lead Communication Specialists, two Communications Supervisors, and one Communications Manager. The center attempts to maintain staffing levels at three Specialists from 11 AM – 1 AM and two Specialists from 1 AM – 11 AM.
Fort Collins	No other positions are included and our numbers are those currently staffed. We are allotted 36 FTE's. 1 Manager, 6 Supervisors and 28 Dispatchers. We are currently down 4 positions.
Larimer County	No response
Greeley	Although we have 46 emergency dispatcher positions and 8 supervisors, 2 of those dispatcher positions are essentially administrative in function.
Longmont	One Director of Communications Center One Communications Technician, responsible for CAD maintenance, VOIP phone system, other computer systems, Portable/Mobile Radio Tracking
Broomfield	Civilian staff includes one temp and three supervisors; sworn position is a Division Commander-Communications and Records

Surveying Other Organizations

Communications

Does your agen	Does your agency utilize a call tree on your business/non-emergent lines? Is not what methodology do you use to make contacts?					
Fort Collins	No response					
Larimer	No response					
County						
Greeley	We do. Since both County and City of Greeley lines come to use, we have phone trees on both.					
Longmont	No response					
Broomfield	No: we talk to people and figure out the appropriate resource.					

Please select all of the services provided by dispatch in your department. "X" means provided by Dispatch. If not Dispatch, unit entered.						
Services	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
911 PSAP	X	Х		Х	Х	X
Business Lines	X			Х	Х	
Administrative Lines	X	Х		Х	Х	X
CCIC/NCIC Entries	X	Х		Х	Х	X
Warrant Entries	X	Х				X
Audio/Video Recording	X	Х		Х	Х	X
Requests						
Cell Phone Admin	X					
Portable & Mobile Radio	X			X	X	X
Tracking/Admin						
Emergency Medical	X	Χ		X	X	X
Dispatch						
Single Agency Activity					X	
Multiple Agency Activity	X	X		X		X
Other:	Sex Offender Entry					
Other:						
Other:						

Surveying Other Organizations

Communications

Fort Collins: Communications only enters temporary warrants and CCIC/NCIC entries after hours. The Records section enters them during their hours.

Does your agen	cy utilize a call tree on your business/non-emergent lines? If not, what methodology do you use to make contacts?
Fort Collins	Not sure if this is what you are looking for. We do utilize a call tree but it for when the citizen calls into the department. They have 4 options to choose from (Records, Dispatch, Patrol and Investigations. We also have an Automatic Call Distribution (ACD) System in dispatch where dependent on the dispatcher's login they will receive calls based on their skill level and their job function that day, i.e., are they call taking only, are they working a secondary radio channel, primary radio channel, etc.
Larimer	No response
County	
Greeley	No response
Longmont	No response
Broomfield	Unit manages radio selection and purchase; deployment and inventory handled by Admin Division after initial purchase and programming Warrant entries are limited to NCIC entry, when appropriate: all initial warrant entry is completed by the courts

Surveying Other Organizations

Communications

Enter the allocation of time time for employees dedica	•	•	ne typical employee in t	these positions on t	he average in a year.	(Please average
Type of Duty	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
Core Duties	78	68	No response	87.5	80	67
Administrative Duties	10	<1			2	10
Collateral Assignments	0	20			5	5
Training	2	<1 (24 hours)		1.0	5	8
Leave time	10	10 (5 weeks)		11.5	8	10

	No. of Law Enforcement Agencies Dispatched							No	. of Fire Age	ncies Dispat	ched	
	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
		Collins	County		(2005)			Collins	County			
2000		1		16	1.0	1		3		20	1.0	0
2011	2	1		18	1.0	1	2	3		20	1.0	1
Change		0		2	0.0	0		0		0	0.0	1
		No	. of EMS Aչ	gencies Dis	patched				No. of	911 Calls		
	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
		Collins	County					Collins	County			
2000		1		3	1.0	0		54,941		60,872	30,904	23,005
2011	1	1		3	1.0	1	44,059	59,532		100,230	32,483	
Change		0		0	0.0	1		+4,591		39,358	+1,579	
		ľ	No. of Non-	emergency	/ Calls				No. of EMS	Dispatch Ca	lls	
	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
		Collins	County					Collins	County			
2000		65,570		309,920	176,654			9,734			N/A	
2011	108,766	94,871		239,383	174,768	95,702	5,055	9,638		16,369	3,222	
Change		+29,301		70,537	-1,886			-96				

Surveying Other Organizations

Communications

11111		Ta	alk Time in	Hours for t	he Year			What is	your minim	num console	average?	
	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
2000								3			2 (0200- 1600) 3 (1600- 0200)	1
2011	3,286						3 (11AM- 1AM) 2 (1AM- 11AM)	3-4			2 (0200- 0800) 3 (0800- 2100) 4 (2100- 0200)	2
Change								+1			+1	1
IIIIII		What is	s your maxi	mum cons	ole average?				Turnover Ra	ite in Dispat	ch	
	Loveland	F =t										
	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
2000	Loveland			Greeley 7	4.0	Broomfield 2	Loveland			14.8% (2003)	Longmont	Broomfield
2000	Loveland	Collins		,			Loveland 18.11	8.6 8.3		14.8%	Longmont 9.0	Broomfield
	Loveland	Collins 5		7	4.0	2		Collins 8.6		14.8% (2003)		Broomfield
2011		6 +1 No	County o. of Emplo	7 14 7	4.0 6.0 +2.0	2 6 4	18.11 Avg no.	8.6 8.3 -0.3 of hours in a	County year a supe	14.8% (2003) 14.8%		ıking calls
2011	Loveland	5 6 +1	County	7 14 7	4.0 6.0 +2.0	2	18.11	8.6 8.3 -0.3	County	14.8% (2003) 14.8%	9.0	
2011		Collins 5 6 +1 No Fort	c. of Employ	7 14 7 yee per Su	4.0 6.0 +2.0 pervisor	2 6 4	18.11 Avg no.	8.6 8.3 -0.3 of hours in a	County year a supe	14.8% (2003) 14.8% ervisor work	9.0 s a console ta	ıking calls
2011 Change		Collins 5 6 +1 No Fort Collins	c. of Employ	7 14 7 yee per Sup	4.0 6.0 +2.0 pervisor	2 6 4 Broomfield	18.11 Avg no.	8.6 8.3 -0.3 of hours in a	County year a supe	14.8% (2003) 14.8% ervisor work	9.0 s a console ta	ıking calls

Fort Collins Avg no. of hours in a year a supervisor works on a console taking calls: It is dependent on staffing but on average each supervisor works approximately 325 hours a year on a console handling phones and radio.

Surveying Other Organizations

Communications

Does your conse	ole coverage vary by season? Yes/No; If yes, please explain.
Loveland	Yes No
Fort Collins	Yes Not necessarily always by season – we only staff 3 from 0300-0700 but all other hours are 4 minimum. On holidays (Halloween, 4 th of July and New Year's we staff at a minimum 5 with a supervisor, during peak times. We may have 3 dispatchers and 1 calltaker or 4 dispatchers.
Larimer County	Yes No
Greeley	No
Longmont	No
Broomfield	No, we evaluated seasonal differences in calls/calls for service and did not find our call load varying enough to make those shifts appropriate

Surveying Other Organizations

Communications

Loveland	1,200 hours –mostly on the job training, learning functions of Call-taker, FIRE/EMS dispatching and Police dispatching, certification in the National Crime Information Computer (NCIC) and Emergency Medical Dispatching
Fort Collins	Our training program is as follows: 3 weeks academy, 1 week of EMD and CPR training, 6-8 weeks of OTJ phones training, 6-8 weeks of Fire Channel training, 4-5 weeks of Channel Two (DATA chn) and 6-8 weeks of Channel 1 (police channel) training. Our training can take anywhere from 6-8 months to complete – those with experience may be released after 6 months. We have 28 dispatcher positions, 5 of which will be dispatcher III positions (new positions that are going to be call-taking only). The other 23 positions are phones/radio dispatchers. Except for the 5 Dispatcher III positions, everyone else must cross train and work all radio positions.
Larimer County	No response
Greeley	Fire/EMS: 4 week academy, Call-taking 6 weeks, Fire 6 weeks, EMS 6 weeks. Approx. total is 22 weeks. Law: 5 week academy, call-taking 6 weeks, GPD 6 weeks, WCSO 6 weeks, Towns 6 weeks, Clearances 6 weeks. Approx. total is 35 weeks.
Longmont	Typically our Comm Center training lasts approximately six months. The first four to six weeks post hire are spent in a "classroom" environment, held off console, where the trainee is tasked with learning the systems, memorizing relevant material and attending NAEMD training if possible. The next phase involves the trainee being assigned a trainer for Phones. Trainees gradually ease into the position; the first week is primarily listening and being quizzed. The next week would be spent answering non emergency lines. The third week, the trainee begins to answer emergency lines with the fourth and fifth week encompassing all phone lines and providing EMD when necessary. The sixth week is "ghost week" and if passed successfully the trainee is signed off. If not, we don't extend beyond eight weeks for any phase for training. The trainee is then moved into Fire Dispatch, CCIC/NCIC and finally Law Dispatch. Each phase lasts for approximately six weeks. A DOR is completed for each day the trainee is involved in the process.
Broomfield	Approximately 12-16 weeks, which includes EMD certification. Dispatchers are not routinely cross trained for other responsibilities.

Surveying Other Organizations

Communications

How do you ma	inage over time and comp time?
Fort Collins	Currently we limit when an employee can accrue comp time; short notice shift coverage, mandatory meetings, trainings if we can't flex an employee off and employees can double dip on holidays (use a holiday when they are working that holiday and get time or pay at overtime rate). We have been discussing the need to modify it and plan on limiting the accrual of comp time in 2013. We are looking at allowing accrual to the holiday practice and short notice coverage. As for overtime, we are in the process of evaluating our overtime expenditures; when we use it, why we use it, how we cover vacancies, scheduling, etc. We have traditionally used it to cover any vacancy to include personal time off, sick, training, etc.
Larimer County	
Greeley	Liberally. Nearly all training must be done on overtime. We maintain minimum staffing levels so OT is posted anytime staffing falls below minimum. We will hit around 8,000 hours of paid OT in 2012.
Longmont	Like most agencies, we attempt to keep OT usage to a minimum. Each shift has a minimum staffing level, and we are typically staffed at least one above the minimum staffing levels. Training and "primary vacation" (each employee gets two weeks of guaranteed vacation per year) take precedence over other time off requests. We have had quite a few FMLA leaves of late as well as mandatory training and our OT budget is strained at the moment. We will just eek under the cap this year. Compensatory time is capped at sixty five hours. The PD standard doesn't mandate a usage of comp time within any certain period of time. It is regulated as vacation would be.
Broomfield	OT or comp is the employee's decision; we just have to stay within our budget for OT

Surveying Other Organizations

Communications

What are the m	ost effective recruiting strategies?
Fort Collins	Not really sure that the most effective strategy has been but we have been very fortunate to get a good number of applications at each of our openings over the past several hiring's. We have posted jobs on CCIC, 911 Resource Center, NENA, and APCO and in the Coloradoan. We have also posted positions in Police publications.
Larimer	No response
County	
Greeley	We have found no effective recruiting strategy and struggle with recruitment.
Longmont	Good question. There seems to be difficulty in obtaining qualified individuals to apply for the position of Communications. It isn't a field that one knows much about, nor does one grow up dreaming of being a 911 Dispatcher. We had great success with an off the wall recruitment video our Center completed
Broomfield	Word of mouth

Surveying Other Organizations

Communications

What are the m	ost effective retention strategies?
Fort Collins	We bid by seniority now and that changed for 2012. We have various projects/programs that employees can be engaged in; Mentoring, Training and Recognition and Rewards committee. We have lost employees over the past 2 years for various reasons; moving on to a police officer or firefighter position, graduation from Master's Program and wanted to start new career and we have one employee decide they didn't want to work graves. We have worked hard at bringing more staff on so hopefully this will eventually minimize overtime and employees won't be burned out.
Larimer	No response
County	
Greeley	We do follow many of APCO's Project Retains recommendations, inc.: employee recognition by employees, annual banquet and picnic, we allow personal cell phones in the center, two 50" TVs in the center with Dish Network basic, fairly liberal internet PCs at every console.
Longmont	No response
Broomfield	Career development, balance benefit of seniority with respect for newer employees, professional work environment

Surveying Other Organizations

Communications

Software used	in your function
Fort Collins	We use the following applications/software in the dispatch center. Some of these applications are supervisory/manager use only; Cassidian Aurora reporting software, Crystal Reports, RF Flow (used for flow charts - ACD system), Adobe Acrobat 9 Pro (SOP and Training manual), Call Rex (instant recording on supervisor workstations), CARD Access 3000 for gate access, camera viewing and administrative access to add cards, users, etc). IA Pro and Blue Team for investigations (IA's) Employee used applications: Tiburon CAD, Coplink, 3SI, Outlook, WebQuery (part of the Tiburon system), NICE Scenario Replay/DSS Equature, Telestaff for time keeping and overtime hiring.
Larimer	No response
County	
Greeley	CED is not Spillman
Longmont	Unsure what this question entails.
Broomfield	Sungard H.T.E., GTG mapping, Positron phones, Commtech paging, APCO Meds, VPI voice logging, CCIS Messenger, Expectations training software, WhenToWork scheduling: Microsoft Office suite, Burn4Free

Surveying Other Organizations

Communications

Identify the mo	st effective use of technology to improve efficiency (fewer resources required to complete a task) and effectiveness (quality of work our operation.
Fort Collins	N/A
Larimer County	No response
Greeley	Adding phone trees when we upgraded our phone system in 2008 reduced non-emergency phone calls by 33% (decreased by more than 80,000 calls per year).
Longmont	Adoption of a new CAD system. Transitioning our hard copy resource materials to soft copy for easier access and update.
Broomfield	We have a very old CAD system, so everything we have must fit to that outdated technology. As such, we are not particularly efficient and our effectiveness is driven by the quality of our people, not our software. We are currently looking to update all software applications.

Surveying Other Organizations

Communications

	oriefly describe the purpose of any consortiums, joint ventures or other interagency collaborative agreements (IGA'S, MOU's) to more efficiently perform basic functions of your unit.
Fort Collins	 We have several: IGA – between PFA and Windsor Severance and PECC – regarding response area for dispatch services (Auto Aid) IGA – between PFA, Loveland Fire, PECC and Loveland Dispatch – regarding response area for dispatch services (Auto Aid) IGA – between PFA, Wellington Fire and PECC – regarding response area for dispatch services. IGA – between PFA, Livermore and PECC – regarding response area for dispatch services. We had an IGA regarding Physician Advisor but LETA is taking that over. IGA with Poudre Valley Health Systems for dispatching services – we handle their dispatch services and receive payment for those services. IGA with LETA for Emergency Telephone Services.
Larimer County	No response
Greeley	I'm not sure we have any. Greeley and Weld County merged dispatch operations in 1992. They will be splitting into two centers in 2012.
Longmont	No response
Broomfield	N/A

Surveying Other Organizations

Communications

Identify strategies used for managing staffing and workload while responding to demands to reduce budgets during the recessionary conditions over the last three years and the impact they had on the organization

last three years and the impact they had on the organization								
Organization: Lo	oveland		Fort C	collins	Larime	er County		
Budget Reduct	ion	Impact on the	Budget Reduction	Impact on the	Budget Reduction	Impact on the		
Strategy		Organization	Strategy	Organization	Strategy	Organization		
			Increase in overtime	We increased				
				overtime to cover our				
				minimum staffing				
				levels that were				
				increased in 2012 for				
				several reasons; call				
				volume and also to				
				support the				
				changeover from				
				using handsets to				
				using headsets only in				
				the Communications				
				Center.				
				We also covered				
				training costs with				
				overtime – allowing				
				trainers to train new				
				hires and have their				
				consoles covered.				
			Increased supervisory	Supervisors were				
			coverage on consoles	instructed to work a				
				minimum amount of				
				time on the consoles				
				so that we could				
				eliminate unnecessary				
				overtime.				

Surveying Other Organizations

Communications

Supervisors were trained to handle technical failures and questions. Previously we would need to call our Systems support, hourly technical help to troubleshoot issues,	This is a good impact as it allows for our supervisors to know more about our applications and software and allows the center to be more self-sufficient.	
how to handle more issues in the center.		

Greeley		Longr	nont	Broomfield		
Budget Reduction	Impact on the	Budget Reduction	Impact on the	Budget Reduction	Impact on the	
Strategy	Organization	Strategy	Organization	Strategy	Organization	
No pay increases	Lost 4 dispatchers to Ft. Collins in 2010. In 2011 they raised salaries 10.5%	No response		We have not had budgetary driven staff reductions in this area.		
Didn't upgrade Tiburon CAD for nearly 7 years.	In 2011 the County went with a new CAD vendor (Spillman). There are now many unhappy agencies. Should have kept Tiburon and upgraded.					

Surveying Other Organizations

Communications

7	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
1.	Hiring and training new employees with the goal of being fully staffed. We have been understaffed for years and so our goal is to be fully staffed. We have hired 7 positions this year and 5 are still in training. One will be released by November 1 st Hiring and training will be our number one goal until we are fully staffed.	No response	Splitting operations between Greeley and Weld County.	Migration to a new CAD system. This has been a multi-year, multi-million dollar project that culminates this year	Continued professional development of staff
2.	Retaining staff – we revised our training manual and hiring processes 2 years ago because we were hiring the wrong individual for the job and we were losing too many employees in the training program. We are committed to keeping employees here and have moved to seniority shift bidding, we have allowed more opportunities for employees to be involved; mentoring, training, appreciation committee, new projects (phone system and voice logging system). We also offer an acting supervisor position so employees who are interested in a leadership position can apply and fill in at times when a supervisor is not working.		Get Spillman CAD working properly or finding a new CAD vendor.	Public education and acceptance of the Emergency Notification System	Upgrade technology: CAD, phones, logging recorder
3.	Ongoing training for existing staff – we realize that keeping up with continue education for our existing staff is critical and that if we don't continually train and reinforce procedures, they get forgotten.		Increasing staffing levels.	Collaborative effort with the Fire Department Command Staff to improve the understanding of the roles and responsibilities of both divisions.	

Surveying Other Organizations

Administrative Services

		Administrative Services							
	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield			
Sworn	3	187/193 authorized	No response	4	Not Provided	No response			
Civilian	4	92/ 100 authorized		5					
Total	7	279/ 293 authorized		9					

What functions	What functions are managed in Administration?						
Fort Collins	Budget, Internal Affairs, Hiring, Training, Supply, other admin tasks such as policy update, personnel (FTE) tracking and payroll.						
Larimer	No response						
County							
Greeley	No response						
Longmont	Budget, Professional standards, training and personnel, property and evidence, facilities, fleet, public safety outreach						
Broomfield	No response						

Is your departm	Is your department accredited? If so, by what organization (i.e., C.A.L.E.A.)				
Loveland	Yes, C.A.L.E.A.				
Fort Collins	No, but may be moving to CALEA direction				
Larimer	No response				
County					
Greeley	Colorado Chief's Association				
Longmont	No				
Broomfield	No response				

Surveying Other Organizations

Administrative Services

What assignments are included in your Professional Standards Unit? Mark an "X" if they are included in this unit.							
Services	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	
Internal Affairs	Х	Х	No response	Х	X	No response	
Personnel (hiring)	Х	Х			Х		
Early	Х	Х			Х		
Warning/Intervention							
Accreditation	Х	N/A					
Training	Х	X					
Dept. Pay Plan	Х	See note below					
Management							
Citizen Academy	Χ	X					
Public Information	Х	PIO Reports to Chief					
Other:					Audits of Petty Cash		
Other:					Property & Evidence		
Other:				Х	Special Enforcement		
					Unit-Buy Funds and		
					Confidential		
					Informant		
					Management		

Fort Collins: Budget and Payroll are separate from Professional Standards but in Administration

Greeley: Early Warning/Intervention: will be in the future with the purchase of software

Surveying Other Organizations

Administrative Services

	ost effective use of technology to improve efficiency (fewer resources required to complete a task) and effectiveness (quality of work your operation.
Fort Collins	IAPro/Blue Team software is an efficient way to manage IA files and case review by chain of command, Blue Team is a component that allows supervisors to enter and track performance complaints and officers make direct entry to Blue Team on use of force incidents. We have good software (Crown Point) to manage employee and training records, but we do not have sufficient staffing to make all of the data entries and combine all of our data bases.
Larimer	No response
County	The Professional Standards Office will be implementing software that will track supervisor reviews, traffic accidents, response to resistance,
Greeley	and IA investigations. The application will provide better management and tracking of incidents to assist with early warning and training needs.
Longmont	Excel is the best friend we have in managing our data. Our accounting and budget system are 28 years old for the city, so we have to use our own accounting to track expenditures.
Broomfield	No response

Surveying Other Organizations

Administrative Services

	Identify strategies used for managing staffing and workload while responding to demands to reduce budgets during the recessionary conditions in this division over the last three years and the impact they had on the organization.							
Fort Collins	Our biggest strategy is to add civilian staffing to our hiring/training unit to allow training officer to conduct more training. Because of the increased hiring we have done over the last few years our Training Officers have spent a majority of their time on hiring and background checks. This has led to increased overtime for officers outside of the division to provide training. We added one administrative assistant to the training unit last year to move in this direction, but due to budget priorities we have been unable to achieve further reallocation of workload to civilian staff.							
Larimer	No response							
County								
Greeley	No response							
Longmont	Our Professional Standards Sergeant manages Training and Personnel. It is a full time job for two sergeants and we are getting it done with one.							
Broomfield	No response							

Surveying Other Organizations

Administrative Services

Wh	What are the top three priorities for the unit in 2012?									
	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield					
1.	Improve the management of our training and hiring records.	No response	Arrest career criminals	Complaint Management	No response					
2.	Improve data collection and evaluate/reduce the overtime expenditures for the department.		Provide well trained, qualified officers							
3.	Create a strategic plan for the department.		Provide exceptional customer service	Use of Force Monitoring						

Surveying Other Organizations

Administrative Services

Is your Civilian Administrative Staf	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
Special Event Management	Х		No Response	,	X	No Response
Payroll/Timesheets	X	Х	·	Х		
Budget Management	X	Х		Х	X	
Petty Cash	X	Х		Х	X	
Office Supply Ordering/Inventory	Х	Х		Х	X	
Tracking/Reporting Use of	Х	Х		Х		
Force/Unusual Occurrences						
Transcription (IA Interviews, etc.)	Х	Х		Х	Х	
Meeting Minutes	Х			Х	Х	
Awards/Commendations	Х			Х	Х	
Vacation Home Checks/Extra	Х					
Patrols						
Other:	Equip Purchasing				Equip Purchasing	
Other:	Contract Mgmt				Contract Mgmt	
Other:	Meeting Room Mgmt.				Chaplain Liaison	
					Range Support	
					Meeting Room	
					Mgmt	
					Logistics	

Fort Collins: Special Events: Civilian staff in the Patrol Division with the oversight of a Patrol Lieutenant have the responsibility for the special event permit process and scheduling and managing the events.; Use Telestaff for Payroll/Timesheets; We have a Budget Analyst and an Accounts Payable Clerk to manage the budget.; We don't transcribe IA interviews. We record them and the IA Sergeant summarizes the interviews in the IA case summary. If we need to transcribe the interviews the civilian administrative staff would be responsible for this; For monthly management staff meetings. Notes for our weekly Executive Staff meetings are taken by our PIO. Administrative assistants work with our Awards Committee. The civilians do most of the administrative work for the committee; We don't provide vacation home check services. Extra patrol requests are placed on the shift-briefing clipboard by whoever takes the call, usually officers or detectives themselves.

Surveying Other Organizations

Administrative Services

Greeley: Petty Cash: There are three petty cash accounts outside the Drug Task Force one in administration, one in Investigations and one in Patrol, the civilian Budget Manager track and audits these accounts as well as separate audits conducted by the Professional Standards Sergeant and City Finance Auditor.

Awards: this is a committee composed from civilian and sworn personnel. The civilian positions in this Section are: Fiscal Manager, Property Specialist, Payroll/Accts Payable, Training Coordinator, and Chief's Admin. Assistant.

Describe the us	Describe the use of volunteers to assist with the administration of the department? If so how many hours were contributed in 2011?							
Fort Collins	We use some volunteer time in the training unit to help with the data entries. We have begun paying one of our agency volunteers as an hourly employee to help with this task. We would like to increase the use of volunteers in our department, but we lack the staff capacity to implement and manage a better program. The majority of our volunteers are in Victim Services (16 volunteers) and Restorative Justice (57). Victim Services logged 14,000 volunteer hours (mostly oncall time) and Restorative Justice logged about 1800 hours. The volunteers in the Explorer (12) and Auxiliary (7) programs in the Patrol Division totaled about 400 hours in 2011							
Larimer	No response							
County								
Greeley	Yes; 126 hours. There are also two citizen's advisory committees to the Police Department who serve as sounding boards and access points to different community groups. (126 hrs)							
Longmont	Yes Hours: None Provided; Special Projects, research, wanted suspect research							
Broomfield	No response							

Surveying Other Organizations

Administrative Services

Does your agen	Does your agency possess an approved long range plan for hiring sworn and civilian staff?						
Fort Collins	No						
Larimer	No response						
County							
Greeley	No						
Longmont	No						
Broomfield	No response						

	grange plan, has an identified funding mechanism been established to fund the agency growth- such as a public safety tax or other dedicated
Fort Collins	In 2010 Fort Collins voters approved an additional sales tax package that included streets, parks, fire, police and "other council priorities." Police receive 17% of the annual collection for the 10 year sun-setting tax. 2012 collections are estimated to be about \$3.6 million. In 2007 we had PERF do a staffing study and this was useful in justifying the need for additional personnel, but there was no commitment to follow the recommendations. The 2010 tax increase did not fully staff the recommendations. The manner in which we will sustain these services when the tax expires has not been addressed.
Larimer County	No response
Greeley	No response
Longmont	No response
Broomfield	No response

Surveying Other Organizations

Administrative Services

	Has your agency adopted specific hiring strategies to maximize civilian support staff functions in order to ensure that sworn staff remains focused on law							
Fort Collins	Yes; As mentioned above, our three Training Officers and a Sergeant spend a majority of their time conducting hiring processes and background investigations. We identified a need to increase civilian staffing so we could have civilian personnel doing many of these tasks that do not require the KSAs of police officers. We moved an administrative assistant position to the Training Unit from Investigations Division, which assisted with this. A budget request to add another civilian clerk did not receive funding. Civilian staff in Records and Dispatch conduct their hiring processes with the assistance of the Training Unit, but the background investigations are conducted by sworn staff. This continues to be a challenge for us to get the right people doing the right work.							
Larimer	No response							
County								
Greeley	Yes; Over the years the Greeley Police Department has had a group of Civilian Public Safety Technicians and Animal Control Officers to handle non-criminal service calls or animal control calls. Presentations have been made during budget processes to request funding for increases.							
Longmont	No response							
Broomfield	No response							

Surveying Other Organizations

Operations

Staffing												
11111	Patrol						Traffic					
	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
		Collins	County					Collins	County			
Sworn	59	91	77	81	86	55.0	6	7	7	7.0	6	11.0
Civilian	1	2	0	2	2	1.55	0	2.5	0	0.0	0	0.0
Total	60	93	77	83	88	56.55	6	9.5	7	7.0	6	11.0
	Community Service Officers							Street Cr	imes/Gang			
	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
		Collins	County		CSO/AC	code		Collins	County			
						compliance						
Sworn	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.5 for AC		2	0	N/A		6 + 1 sgt.	
Civilian	4	8.0	0	4.0	3.0 CSO,	3 + 1 mgr	0	0			0	
					4.0 AC,							
Total	4	8.0	0	4.0	7.5	4.0	2	0			7.0	
			(Other					To	otal		
IIIIII	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	Loveland	Fort	Larimer	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
		Collins	County		Pol. Serv.	Animal		Collins	County			
					Tech.	Control						
Sworn	0	8, 9	*2	16.0	0.5		67	115	86	104.0	100	66.00
Civilian	0	0,0	*23	4.0	4.0	3.0	5	12.5	23	10.0	13	8.55
Total	0	17	*25	19.0	4.5	3.0	72	127.5	109	114.0	113	74.55

Larimer County:

No Community Service Officers. But they do have FRONT Desk Officers that do a lot of counter, cold, no leads type of cases plus covers all Tow paperwork that takes a lot of work off of patrol. Two officers work this position 8-5 Mon.-Fri.

Units that helps Patrol at the SO are a Criminal Impact Unit that has 5 Investigators and a Sgt. they work sex offenders, street gangs, street drug deals, and VICE. They deal with problem areas in patrol. The Second Unit is the Traffic unit that has an Officer assigned to every shift. Plus a Sgt and a Cpl. for Traffic. * Dispatch (19 civilians) and Civil process servers (4 civilian) and two sworn work at The Ranch are also in the Operations Division.

Surveying Other Organizations

Operations

Longmont:

Gang and Crime Suppression Unit: Mission-based Schedule-Normal hours 1400-0000, but hours change depending on the mission. 3 officers work Monday-Thursday and 3 work Tuesday-Friday

Report Taking Unit (RTU): Shift Schedule- 0800-1800 1 police service technician (PST) per day total achieved 99% of the time and 0900-1900 1 PST per day total achieved 99% of the time. There are 4 total PST which are supervised by a sworn Sgt.

Animal Control Unit (ACU): Shift Schedule – 0800-1800 1 ACO per day total achieved 100% of the time. 0900-1900 1 ACO per day total achieved 100% of the time. Animal Control is supervised by a sergeant who splits his time overseeing the Report Taker Unit (PST). There are 4 AC units hired right now, an additional slot is unfilled for the 5th one once the economy improves.

CSOs- Shift schedule- 630-430pm, 9-7pm for two CSOs. There are 3 CSOs hired right now with 2 more approved to hire once the economy improves. CSOs are supervised by the traffic unit Sgt.

Broomfield: Broomfield no longer has community service officers, but rather has animal control officers. Code Officers are M- F 7:00 AM – 5:30PM

Fort Collins: Patrol shifts included: Days early week 7a-5p, 8:30a-6:30p, late week—same, Swings early week 3p-1a, 4:30p-2:30a, power shift 6:00p-4:00a late week only, Midnights early and late week 9:30p-7:30a. (All shifts work either Sunday-Wednesday or Wednesday through Saturday. Wednesday is training day.

Shift Schedule: Please list your shifts with the hours and the minimum supervisor and officer staffing for each shift. Separate table for each shift									
Description	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield			
Shift Name	Days	Days	Days	Platoon A/B Days	Watch 1	Days			
Start Hour – End Hour	0700-1700	0730-1730 or 0830- 1830	0645-1645	0700 / 1700	0630 -1630	0600 -1600			
Minimum Officer Staffing Requirement	5	70% of all available officers assigned per shift	3	7 Officer / 1 PST	9 officers, I sgt	5 ofc./a sgt.			
Minimum Supervisor Staffing Requirement	1		1						
% of time Minimum Staffing was Achieved	100 (48% of time just at minimum)	50	100	99%	87.7	100% with OT			

Surveying Other Organizations

Operations

Shift Schedule: Please list your shifts with the hours and the minimum supervisor and officer staffing for each shift. Separate table for each shift								
Description	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield		
Shift Name	Swings	Swings	Swings	Platoon A/B	Watch 2	Swings		
				Swings				
Start Hour – End Hour	1400-0200	1500-0100, 1630-0230	1615-0215	1630 / 0230	1345 -2345	1400 -0000		
Minimum Officer Staffing	5	70% of all officers	3	7 officers/ no PST	9,10 or 11 officers, 1	6 ofc./1 sgt		
Requirement		assigned per shift			sgt			
Minimum Supervisor	1		1					
Staffing Requirement								
% of time Minimum	100 (43% of time	50	100	99%	81.7%	100% with OT		
Staffing was Achieved	just at minimum)							

Shift Schedule: Please list your shifts with the hours and the minimum supervisor and officer staffing for each shift. Separate table for each shift									
Description	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield			
Shift Name	Nights	Midnights	Nights	Platoon A/B	Watch 3	Graves			
				Lates					
Start Hour – End Hour	2100-0700	2130-0730	2045-0645	2130 / 0730	2100-0700	2100 -0700			
Minimum Officer Staffing	5-until 0200, 4	70% of all officers	2	7 officers/ no PST	9 officers, 1 sgt	6 ofc./1 sgt			
Requirement	from 0200-0700	assigned per shift							
Minimum Supervisor	1		1						
Staffing Requirement									
% of time Minimum	100 (52% of time	25	100	99%	82.8%	100% with OT			
Staffing was Achieved	just at minimum)								

Surveying Other Organizations

Operations

Shift Schedule: Please list y	Shift Schedule: Please list your shifts with the hours and the minimum supervisor and officer staffing for each shift. Separate table for each shift						
Description	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	
Shift Name	N/A	Power (swings)	N/A	Platoon A Days- Power Platoon A & B	Power Watch		
				Swing-Power			
Start Hour – End Hour		1800-0400		0900/1900 1400/2400	1630-0230		
Minimum Officer Staffing		70% of all available		Included above	2 officers, 1 sgt		
Requirement		officers on shift					
Minimum Supervisor							
Staffing Requirement							
% of time Minimum Staffing was Achieved		50%			81.7		

CSO: shift schedule. 4 on the front end of the week and 4 on the back. Overlap on Wednesday s. Early start: 7am-5pm, Mid start: 8:30am-6:30pm, Late start: 11am-9pm.

Broomfield: Misc:

Broomfield uses districts and once all 5 districts are staffed, any additional cars are rove cars that cover districts that are busy or cover cars on stops. All sergeants and officers have the same days on shift. Shifts are Sun-Wed or Wed-Sat. They go through 3 shift rotations per year, only being able to stay on one shift (days, swings, graves) for a maximum of 2 rotations. BPD as two substations, one is in the mall. Officers use pool cars and are updating the fleet to caprices and explorers.

BPD uses an excel document for maintaining a schedule. View only for officers. SWAT training is every other Wednesday. As the city has grown they realign districts to even out the call load. Things have worked out to be about every 5 years they add an officer to each shift (6 total) to cover the whole week. They will add a district and realign them to cover. K9 officers are transitioning to be "rove" cars that do not have a district so they are better able to use the dogs instead of tying up a dog on a DUI or DV call for hours.

CST are additional positions, not officer collaterals. Officers do basic evidence collection and Criminalists are called out to larger scenes. BPD has a training division that does the legwork for the trainings. They have a similar position to Carla coordinating extra duty events.

Surveying Other Organizations

Operations

Enter the allocation of time expressed in percentages of total time for a Patrol Officer on the average in a year.						
Type of Duty	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
Core Duties	42	50	70	61.5	52	60
Administrative Duties	20	22	10	10.0	20	15
Collateral Assignments	20	10	5	12.5	10	15
Training	2	8	5	6.0	8	5
Leave time	16	10	10	10.0	10	5

Larimer County: A Deputy spends 90% of his day on the Core Duties. Due to two factors: First they only spend 1 to 2 hours doing their reports. They enter the names addresses and charges but dictate the narrative, no typing, that is done by records turnaround time one day on priority cases and couple of days on non-priority. Second no duplication on entry for booking, evidence, reporting etc. With Tiburon system.

Collateral assignments the same but done on days off and time is flexed out. Very limited time paid as overtime. He noted no minimum strength but they have Five Deputy work day shift at a minimum. The sixth Deputy works the East Mulberry Corridor (Community Policing Assignment.) Plus a Cpl. and a Sgt. are not counted in the six.

Fort Collins: Time allocations are estimates at the time of this report. The total of core duty time was reduced to come to 100% total. Rob McDaniel, 11/30/12.

Enter the allocation of time	Enter the allocation of time expressed in percentages of total time for a Community Service Officer on the average in a year.						
Type of Duty	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	
Core Duties	42	70	N/A	56.0	PST-75%	80 code	
					ACU-50%		
					CSO-60%		
Administrative Duties	20	15		30.0	PST- See Core	10 code	
					ACU- 25%		
					CSO-25%		
Collateral Assignments	20	5		0.0	PST – 10%	None	
					ACU-10%		
					CSO-5%		
Training	2	5		6.0	PST – 5%	5 code	
					ACU – 5%		
					CSO-10%		
Leave time	16	5		10.0	PST – 10%	5 code	
					ACU - 10%		

Surveying Other Organizations

Operations

Enter the allocation of time	Enter the allocation of time expressed in percentages of total time for a Street Crimes/Gang Officer on the average in a year.					
Type of Duty	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
Core Duties	42	N/A	N/A		60	
Administrative Duties	20				10	
Collateral Assignments	20				15	
Training	2				10	
Leave time	16				5	

Enter the allocation of time	Enter the allocation of time expressed in percentages of total time for a Traffic Officer on the average in a year.						
Type of Duty	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield	
Core Duties	26	62	70	56.5	50	60	
Administrative Duties	30	10	10	15.0	10	15	
Collateral Assignments	4	10	5	12.5	20	15	
Training	25	8	5	6.0	10	5	
Leave time	15	10	10	10.0	10	5	

Enter the allocation of time expressed in percentages of total time for an Other on the average in a year.						
Type of Duty	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
Core Duties	N/A	62	N/A			
Administrative Duties		10				
Collateral Assignments		10				
Training		8				
Leave time		10				

Surveying Other Organizations

Operations

Please select all of the serv	rices provided by disp	atch in your departmen	t. "X" means provided	by Community Serv	rices Officers.	
Services	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
Parking Enforcement	Х	Х	N/A	Х	Х	NA
Cold Accident Investigation	Х	Х			х	NA
Booking & Transport of Prisoners	Х					NA
Abandon Vehicles	Х	Х		Х	Х	NA
Code Enforcement Investigations	Х	Х			Х	NA
Non-injury Accidents	Х	Х		Х	Х	NA
Other:		X(see below)		X(see below)	X (see below)	
Other:		*				
Other:						

Fort Collins: CSOs do parking enforcement, 95% of MVAs with and without injury, Cold hit and run MVA, Accident portion of DUIs, Abandoned Vehicles, Expired plates tickets, Unattached Trailers, Dog at large, Animal waste, Cold vehicle trespass, Cold Burglary with no suspects, Cold Theft, Motorist Assists. CSO position does mostly MVAs and parking, other calls are rare for them to take, but they do at times. *A couple of CSOs are extensively trained at Crime Scene Investigators for major crime scenes. Rob McDaniel, 11/30/12.

Longmont: When the PST is understaffed or overwhelmed, a CSO from the Traffic Unit is sometimes assigned to the office to provide temporary assistance. Animal Control only handles animal calls & follow-ups. They are too busy to do anything else. CSOs also conduct pat downs with officers, same sex situations, collect evidence, AC backup, transport bikes, cold theft, vehicle trespass, gas drive off, criminal mischief. CSOs are trained to level 3 accident investigation and motorcycle accidents.

Greeley: Front Desk, Animal Control, Traffic Direction at TA's or other issues

Broomfield: Code Compliance Officers: Weeds, junked vehicle, rubbish, signs, zoning violations, site development violations, dumpsters, etc.

Surveying Other Organizations

Operations

What kinds of c	ollateral duties are handled by Community Services Officers?
Loveland	K-9 agitator, Field Training Officer, Intoxilyzer Instructor, Santa Cops committee, Awards Committee, Infection Control Instructor, CopLink Instructor, Explorer Assistant Advisor.
Fort Collins	K9 agitator, FTO, Crash team (code 77), Crime Scene security, (possible future- CSI).
Larimer	N/A
County	
Greeley	We call them Public Safety Technicians. When not working the department's front desk they assist patrol officers in the field with minor calls for service. Some of them are trained as evidence technicians. One monitors our fleet maintenance.
	Police Service Technicians: community meetings, internal liaison positions, external liaison positions
Longmont	ACU: community meetings/training, police training, associate work (CAACO), city employee training
	CSO: FTO once proficient with job, SWAT negotiator, work with explorers.
Broomfield	N/A

Surveying Other Organizations

Operations

What are the m	inimum in-service training requirements for police officers each year in this division?
Loveland	48 total for disciplines of firearms, driving, defensive tactics, legal updates, dealing with mentally ill.
Fort Collins	12 Hours total for a special CSO Defensive tactics (4 hours, 3 times a year), 1-2 hrs a month CSOs attend Police Officer trainings that may apply to their job, they don't attend portions that do not apply. Total of maybe 24 hrs a year required. 120 hours for police officers in legal updates, defensive tactics, firearms, active shooter/mobile field force and driving.
Larimer County	96 hours in the disciplines of firearms, arrest control, simunitions/active shooter/less lethal weapons, CPR, driving and legal updates.
Greeley	We have overlapping platoons that provide 12 ten hour days of training to each platoon each year. Officers are expected to attend the training unless excused. Some officers attend alternate overlap days of training to be able to make the required training.
Longmont	GCSU – 80 hours/yr RTU – 80 hours/yr for the unit sergeant; varies for the report takers. They attend in-service which is directly relevant to their job ACU - 80 hours/yr for the unit sergeant; varies for animal control CSO's. They attend in-service which is directly relevant to their job. CSO: 8 mandatory trainings- Taser, OC, defensive tactics, driving, blood borne pathogens, SFST, Legal update, CPR. CSOs only attend those that are relevant to their job or partial trainings.
Broomfield	Code Compliance Officers: None, try to go to quarterly training if available. NA for CSO Officers train at least 40 hours per year on arrest control, CPR/first aid, driving, officer survival, Taser, and firearms. Broomfield's Training Unit also offers other classes that officers can put in for, and based on available funding, get approved for classes on a first-come-first served basis. Classes offered with an outside source of funding, such as grants and scholarships, are attended as much as possible.

Surveying Other Organizations

Operations

What are the p	olicies for use of overtime or what strategies are used to manage overtime hours?
Loveland	Supervisors are directed to maintain minimum staffing always. They have the discretion to use overtime when needed to call someone in to work when needed for minimum strength or extra officers for any purpose. The same is so for staffing of Community Service Officers.
Fort Collins	CSOs rarely have overtime, they are told by their Sgt. to be done by the end of the shift even if that means coming to the station early to get paperwork done and not taking calls. They are well over budget for overtime this year due to short staffing; unfilled vacancies, injured officers on modified duty. To counter this officers are pulled from adjacent shifts to work extra. Sergeants and Lieutenants must approve the overtime. One other strategy used is to pull other officers from specialized units to cover when needed. The administration is assessing whether the agency has officers involved with too much training time; keeping officers away from their primary duties.
Larimer County	Minimum staffing must be maintained. Overtime is used to fill vacancies. Sergeants and Lieutenants oversee this.
Greeley	We use overtime to maintain our officer's safety throughout the day. Our supervisors have authority to maintain our minimum staffing levels as they see the need. If our supervisors believe our safety level and ability to provide service during any specific time of day is at a level that can be held for a few hours until a power shift can come on duty they can wait. On the other hand they have authorization to call officers in if the need arises. If a platoon is impacted by a high use of sick leave, other officers from specialized assignments can be designated to provide patrol duties for a period of time. It is still the supervisor's discretion on the use of over time; to call in early or hold over, etc. We do have one area of overtime usage that the department has no control over. Our Police Association and the City enter into a bargaining agreement. Through that agreement we are obligated to pay the officer 3 hours of overtime when they appear off-duty to testify. There is one exception and that is if an officer comes directly from court to his/her regular work time, we only pay actual hours of testimony.
Longmont	GCSU – except for mandatory paid overtime, it is usually adjust the schedule fire, comp time earned and then paid overtime (Policy 210) RTU – Report Takers are paid overtime for off duty court and shift coverage – all other overtime is adjusted or comp time earned (Policy 210) ACU – Animal Control CSO's are paid overtime for off duty court and shift coverage – all other overtime is adjusted or comp time earned (Policy 210)
Broomfield	Overtime hours are managed by supervisors and commanders on an as-needed basis. Officers are encouraged to flex time whenever possible in lieu of overtime hours, and are allowed to bank comp hours up to 40 in lieu of pay.

Surveying Other Organizations

Operations

	ity/special events assignments managed? How are those hours compensated (i.e., special event rate, overtime, etc.)? If special event rate is ne rate charged the event organizer?
Loveland	Most special events assignments are either on a first come, first serve sign up basis or officers submit their name to be drawn out of a pool to fill events that require multiple officers. Unless it is a City of Loveland sponsored event, the officer is paid a flat special event rate. Otherwise they get overtime. Call backs to work follow Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) laws; overtime is paid. A civilian administrative assistant oversees this process.
Fort Collins	CSO: Telestaff is used for extra duty. \$35 an hour is the special event Bidding is done on Telestaff, multiple officers sign up and preference is given to those with less OT hours. Organizers pay the department \$51/hour, two hour minimum. If it is a large scale event officers may not sign up readily. Then, they pay everyone overtime to fill all the slots. Otherwise, Telestaff automatically posts the openings and officers get a phone call when it is their turn to accept or decline it.
Larimer County	In the Area of Special Events the main ones are Dam duty, Ranch, CSU Football And DUI. All paid by outside sources paid at straight time until 11hours in the month pay period and then it goes into overtime. Dam duty exception that is paid as overtime. Events paid through SO's payroll. Officers get \$35/hour for special events. A computer program is used for sign up processes.
Greeley	Large special events like the Greeley Independence Stampede are preplanned. We do not allow vacation time during that event. Officers from special assignments and on loan from the Platoons then comprise our policing efforts at the Stampede. Overtime has become negligible. Off-duty employment is handled through our police officer's association. The department approves the off-duty request and then the Police Officer's Association schedules the officers. All payments are provided directly to the police officers by the organization or person requesting service. We do have special event permits that at times allows for us to recommend the use of off duty police officers. The event sponsors then contact the police union to obtain those resources. We do not place our officers on overtime and then bill an event or person for their cost.
Longmont	GCSU - Contracted off duty work (extra duty) is handled by the Support Services Commander. See Policy 213. Special event assignments (parades, community events, etc.) are managed through the Traffic Office. Officers are compensated at their specific overtime rate. Special event assignments are based on first come/first served. RTU – Report takers are not eligible for extra duty or special event overtime as they are not trained for this duty. ACU - Contracted off duty work (extra duty) is handled by the Support Services Commander. See Policy 213. Special event assignments (parades, community events, etc.) are managed through the Traffic Office. Officers and CSO's are compensated at their specific overtime rate. Special event assignments are based on first come/first served.

Surveying Other Organizations

Operations

Broomfield

Broomfield has an officer assigned as special event coordinator. This officer coordinates extra duty contracts, scheduling of officers, and serves as the liaison between citizens/organizations and the Police Department. The officers working these events receive time and a half pay, and the vendor is charged \$48/hour/supervisor (sergeant) and \$44/hour/officer, unless it is a school, and then it is charged \$40/hour/officer.

-	st effective use of technology to improve the efficiency (fewer resources required to complete a task and the effectiveness (quality of work
performed) of y	your operation.
Loveland	The use of laptop computers in the cars enables the officer to communicate without using the radio at times. They can use them further for checking for driver's license information, warrants, motor vehicle registrations and can track calls of service that they and other officers are assigned. Cell phones are also an important tool. Officers can get text messages and department pages in addition to call citizens for police service matters. Internal Records and Communications data systems are important for obtaining information when researching in an investigation and writing reports.
Fort Collins	Tiburon computer system combines our version of the "Beast" evidence booking software and in car laptop silent dispatch system along with QQ, "web query" and suspect history search feature. Tiburon also enables officers to populate and print summons and parking tickets. Tiburon is linked to their version of AFR to cut down on duplication of information entry and uses the same password. It also checks other Police Depts. databases and is used for mug shots. Dictation of reports with digital recorder that is uploaded through any computer and then sent back to the officers for review after submitting. Parking ticket printer and writing portable handheld unit for speed and neatness, also auto populates past info and tracks tickets along with "parking services" boot notices. Silent dispatch and Tiburon allows CSOs to self initiate calls like we allow Officers to pull their own traffic stops, enabling CSOs to cut down drastically on radio traffic and operate when the radio is very busy or a critical incident ties up dispatch with priority calls only. Substations located in 3 other areas than the main police department around town that have computers and resources.
Larimer County	Big Time Saver for the SO is they just issued all Officers Cell phones. Saved a lot on drive time to make phone calls. Mobile data laptops in the cars for tracking calls for service. Officers can type some minor report information, other reports are dictated. Automated License Plate readers, tasers, in-car cameras (for some traffic and patrol) are used.
Greeley	The use of computers in the officer's vehicles has made a large impact on our efficiency and effectiveness. Our officers have many more entries into the CAD system than our dispatch center does. We also dictate reports which save officer time. Officers are issued cell phones to allow phone contact with citizens and arrange meeting times, obtain additional information or, when possible, resolve call over the phone.

Surveying Other Organizations

Operations

Longmont	GCSU - Automated Report Writing System, Automated Booking System, Mobile Data Computers in vehicles. In 2013, unit members will also be issued Ipads which will enable them to be more efficient in the field through the instantaneous sharing of information and Intel with each other and SEU (Special Enforcement Unit). RTU – Automated Report Writing System, Use of the internet resources to improve quality of investigations and minimize pass-on to commissioned staff ACU/CSO - Automated Report Writing System, Mobile Data computers in vehicles, MDC and upcoming CAD transfer will improve identification of calls for service and their location, improving response time and efficiency
Broomfield	MDV is similar to our MDT in car computers. They switched to a different signal and get much fewer disconnects with it. GPS is used and reports that can be typed in the computer are. Bluetooth technology is being used for radios and it has some hiccups. Sometimes transmissions are not received by some radios that are in closer proximity to each other. Code Compliance Officers use in-car computer, they have their own set up in the vehicle and initiate cases through PD code compliance module. 1. On-line reporting 2. In-car computers 3. Verified Alarm Response

Surveying Other Organizations

Operations

	briefly describe the purpose of any consortiums, joint ventures or other interagency collaborative agreements (IGA'S, MOU's) to more efficiently perform basic functions of your unit.
Loveland	We have agreements with many human services agencies throughout the county. The idea is to identify roles and communicate how agencies can collaborate to complete their respective missions through cooperation and cost sharing where appropriate. We have these with the Thompson R2-J School District, Larimer District Attorney's Office, Northern Colorado Bomb Squad, Northern Colorado Drug Task Force, Northern Colorado Forensic Crime Lab, Larimer Child Advocacy Center, Department of Human Services, Alternatives to Violence and others.
Fort Collins	Regarding CSOs : The city of Fort Collins has two additional branches of law enforcement. A park ranger division and parking enforcement. 8-9 employees do downtown parking enforcement and share info on the same system as the CSOs. Park rangers patrol paths and parks. Each cite independently of Police, but through the same system. Northern Colorado Bomb Team, Regional Crime Lab and agreements with CSU for handling college students have been beneficial. Our SWAT team trains with others and backs the others up as needed.
Larimer County	Agreements for SWAT mutual aid, Regional Crime Lab, Department of Human Services for criminal investigations. They also have contracts to provide dispatch services for Wellington, Tinmath and Berthoud.
Greeley	We have many MOU/IGAs in place. These agreements include such topics as; pursuit policies, lab agreements, evidence handling agreements, and CAD and RECORDS systems. We also have IGAs with Federal Agencies for gangs, drugs, weapons, etc.
Longmont	GCSU - Have joined and use Colorado Bureau of Investigations Colorado Gangs (CoG) program RTU – N/A ACU – N/A
Broomfield	N/A However, Broomfield is both the City and the County. They cover state patrol officers when needed and have a class that officer's take from their traffic unit to make stops and patrol the interstate. Broomfield also has its own detention center with 80 beds used and it has an expansion that is completed. The expansion ups them to 200 beds, but budget and staffing has kept them using only the 80 beds. They are not "renting" out the beds to other agencies.

Surveying Other Organizations

Operations

Identify strategies used for managing staffing and workload while responding to demands to reduce budgets during the recessionary conditions over the last three years and the impact they had on the organization

last three years and the impact they had on the organization					
Organization: Loveland		Fort Collins		Larimer County	
Budget Reduction	Impact on the	Budget Reduction	Impact on the	Budget Reduction	Impact on the
Strategy	Organization	Strategy	Organization	Strategy	Organization
A Community Service Officer position was vacated and not refilled. Alternative response measures were added for some types of calls for police service including dispatchers handling information and internet reporting.	Less coverage for CSO duties primarily on Swing and Night shifts. We have tried not to impact direct service deliveries to the public. However, it increased some response times slightly.	Dispatch refusing to take certain calls if the comp does not provide contact info for officers. A sales tax initiative passed allowing Fort Collins to add more officers. The hiring process takes a while to get a number of good candidates. They are still 20-25 below what they are authorized to hire now. Civilian positions were left vacant in order to keep from laying any officers off since 2008.	Is only partially implemented and still being deliberated. Cutting down on frivolous calls and citizens trying to use police as a harassment tool. Three levels of prioritization of services were created so that if they got into worse case scenarios the administration would start by reducing lower priorities. Proactive efforts, crime prevention would be among things cut first.	Used vacancy savings Monitored use of overtime closely Community Outreach reduced	Personnel overworked and fatigued Not as responsive or in contact with the public as they were so busy on calls Morale of officers suffering some

Surveying Other Organizations

Operations

Gree	ley	Longmont		Broomfield	
Budget Reduction Strategy	Impact on the Organization	Budget Reduction Strategy	Impact on the Organization	Budget Reduction Strategy	Impact on the Organization
Except for one year, we maintained our manpower. We left two positions open for that year.	Investigations lost two positions to patrol to enable us to maintain our response needs.	GCSU- GCSU was created in 2007 through the passage of the Public Safety Tax. It's always been fully staffed. RTU – last three years N/A for Report Taker Unit ACU - One Animal Control CSO approved through staffing study and to be funded through Public Safety Tax has been put on hold due to economic down turn. CSO – Two CSOs are approved but are also on hold due to economic down turn.	ACU- Workload being handled by four Animal Control CSO's instead of five, so additional workload is assumed by the other AC CSO's.	Code: The city had 3 years of layoffs, reduced budget, clothing, travel, printing Officers: Training was reduced	Code: none Lowered morale, recently found more training dollars
Our overtime was cut	For the most part this did not affect us because our overtime expenditures above previously budgeted levels were covered by open positions while going through the hiring process for new officers.	GCSU - On some occasions, GCSU personnel are used to assist Patrol with minimum staffing issues. RTU- Prior to 3 years ago, the staffing for the Report Taker Unit was reduced from 6 to 5 and then later, 5 to 4. Recent requests to refill these positions have not been successful due to the economic downturn.	overtime costs for the Patrol Division for minimum staffing needs. RTU- Workload being handled by four PST Report Takers instead of six. Total workload is being managed by fewer employees	Vehicles are rotated out at 150,000 miles now	This has created a clog in replacement vehicles. 8 or more new vehicles are not ready in time for the old ones to be rotated out.
Training funds were reduced	This severely limited outside training. We continued our internal training system.			Reduced uniform replacement	

Surveying Other Organizations

Operations

What different	al response methods do you use (i.e., online reporting, limiting response to motor vehicle accidents on private property)?
Loveland	Cold investigation reports are taken through the police department website. Dispatchers have increased the number of service calls that they handle without involving an officer or CSO.
Fort Collins	Records department may handle online reports. CSOs take more accidents and they handle private property accidents, issuing a summons on private property regularly. Officers take telephone reports.
Larimer County	Differential reporting through phone reports, reducing hours worked at front desk which provides fingerprinting.
Greeley	We use online reporting and limit our responses to private property accidents. We also use our public safety technicians who mainly staff our front desk, or when in the field to take lower priority or non-safety related calls to improve our patrol officer availability.
Longmont	GCSU - GCSU personnel respond to all gang related calls for service when they are on duty. Patrol responds when GCSU is off duty. All calls for service are managed through Communications via MPR protocols (Managed Police Response). When on duty, GCSU will assist Patrol with their calls for service when needed/necessary. RTU - Reports are taken in person (at the PD), over the phone or via the mail. We do not have online reporting but it is being explored ACU- Non-emergency animal calls which come in when Animal Control is off duty are held until an AC CSO comes on duty. Otherwise, the call is handled by Patrol. A form exists that dispatch or officers go over with private property accidents to attempt to save an officer a trip to the scene or are given to the complainants to fill out themselves.
Broomfield	Broomfield began online reporting in 2012. Verified alarm response was implemented years ago, which cut down on the amount of false alarm calls that Broomfield responds to annually.

Surveying Other Organizations

Operations

What are your	bonding procedures for warrant arrests? What drove setting this procedure?
Loveland	Municipal Court sets a schedule for their warrants and charges. We use personal recognizance (signature promise) if a person meets minimal criteria for some local and state charges. The Larimer County Detention Center is quite often full. As a result we try to bond and release anyone that we can from our facility. The jail's capacity has been an important factor into setting our procedures. If we have to take them to the jail then we do.
Fort Collins	FCPD does not bond people for warrant arrests, they take them to jail.
Larimer County	All booked through Larimer County jail and their guidelines.
Greeley	We transport our prisoners to the Weld County jail. We do not bond suspects at our police department.
Longmont	Bond from the PD when possible, if the money or bonding agent is a long time out they will take the prisoner to jail. Recently, sergeants have been turning away warrants when it is busy and the warrant is not from a local agency or boulder county. They will still take felony warrants from other agencies if they have time.
Broomfield	If an arrestee is transported to the Broomfield Detention Center, they will either post bond and be able to leave, or if unable to post bond, will be housed in the Detention Center. If the warrant is a Broomfield warrant, they will stay until either able to post bond or be seen by a judge. If the warrant is another agency's, that agency is contacted and may come to pick up the arrestee within three days. For further information on Broomfield's bonding procedure, please contact Sgt. Mark Goodell, 303-438-6419 or mgoodell@broomfield.org .

Surveying Other Organizations

Operations

wnat are your w	What are your warrant processing fees?				
Loveland	\$60 – waved in certain situations				
Fort Collins	Does not Bond. None.				
Larimer	Unknown				
County					
Greeley	None (other than our MOU with the jail for the costs of arrests for municipal violations, and this is rare.				
Longmont	No fee.				
	\$10 Bonding fee for all who "bond out"				
	\$30 Booking fee for all arrestees				
	The \$10 fee can be waived by a watch commander under certain circumstances (i.e., the arrestee has only enough money to post bond, but not pay the \$10 bonding fee).				

What are your	What are your procedures for registering sex offenders?				
Fort Collins	CSOs do not process sex offenders. One half-time civilian completes all of these registrations.				
Larimer County	A Corporal (sworn) handles all of them. Sometimes front desk deputies help.				
Greeley	This is done in Investigations; however, sex offenders must report to an investigator to register, photograph, and completes the paper work. Fees are charged depending on the frequency of reporting and registration requirements				
Longmont	RTU - Report Taker Unit handles majority of sex offender re-registrations. SXOs are scheduled to respond on Fridays to complete registration, though many respond throughout week. PST's handle the paperwork associated with registration, while officers handle taking updated photos. Initial registration is handled by Patrol's Court Liaison Officer.				
Broomfield	Offenders must contact Detective Dale Hammell of the Broomfield Police Department (dhammell@broomfield.org). Detective Hammell is responsible for registering them and providing information to update the web site and sex offender registry maintained by Records.				

Surveying Other Organizations

Operations

How do you ha	ndle tow paperwork and the sale of vehicles?
Loveland	We have a civilian Investigative Technician that reviews and prepares the paperwork. A Traffic Unit Officer follows up on the inspection of the vehicle and authorizes the proper disposal of the vehicle.
Fort Collins	An administrative secretary does tow paperwork and appraisals, CSOs may go out and do a vin check and damage assessment at the tow yard and report to the secretary. Tow companies are given the paperwork in order to submit it for sale to the state of Colorado.
Larimer County	
Greeley	Our Municipal Court bailiff handles our abandoned vehicle processing with the tow companies as a collateral duty. She does the inspections and paperwork to maintain compliance with state statutes.
Longmont	RTU- N/A
Broomfield	Towed vehicles are documented by a Tow Sheet and the CR # (example-CR-12-1294). When they are received, they are put onto a spread sheet in numerical order, entered into H.T.E. (Broomfield's records management system), and dealt with when information such as ownership and reasons for tow are obtained. They are then released if the proper documentation is received by the tow companies. After calling the tow company, we send out a DR2008 (if the vehicle is not claimed within 10 days) and await a response from the registered owner. If a response is not received, we are able to sell the abandoned vehicle to the tow company. It is appraised by one of our traffic police officers and then sold for the value they place on the vehicle.

Surveying Other Organizations

Operations

How have you r	nanaged resources to respond to the top three community priorities?
Loveland	We have examined data that tracks numbers and types of serious call types to have more officers working during those peak safety periods for every day, hour and seasonally throughout the year. We staff heavier for high call volumes (during weekday and evenings) when more officers are needed. CSOs are spread equally over the entire seven day week, two on Day shift, and two on Swing shift.
Fort Collins	For CSOs, they do 90% of accidents, even traffic units don't do normal MVAs. The agency is focused on trying to have good customer service through timely responses for assistance. The patrol section is trying to get Priority 1 (urgent) call response times to less than five minutes. There has been an increased effort in traffic enforcement this year. They are up 20 % on summons issued.
Larimer County	With the High Park fire and the President's visit the main Priorities is working within the current budget. Mulberry Road corridor project due to increase in crime due to drugs, homeless people, assaults and prostitution. Officers pulled from all shifts to address. Monitoring medical marihuana dispensaries when they were open.
Greeley	Our supervisors are tasked with conducting business to positively impact the goals of our department. They are allowed the freedom to assign special assignments or other activities that will make a positive impact on our community and help us achieve our goals.
Longmont	GCSU- Gang issues are a top community priority thus the reason why GCSU was created back in 2007. RTU - The Report Taker Unit handles many calls that can be reported solely over the phone and that would otherwise require officer response, thereby improving officer response to higher priority calls for service ACU- One of the top priorities with the AC unit is responding to barking dog complaints. We utilize email and the website to educate public on how to resolve barking dog issues.
	Have reached our goal of maintaining minimum staffing 100% of the time. This was accomplished with the use of overtime when necessary (Goal #1).
Broomfield	Have fostered a climate where officers can make mistakes but learn from them (Goal #3).
	In 2012, had Department-wide meetings to discuss our Mission & Values (Goals #2 & #3).

Surveying Other Organizations

Operations

1	Loveland	Fort Collins	Larimer County	Greeley	Longmont	Broomfield
1.	Traffic Enforcement, Crime Enforcement and Problem- oriented Policing projects Impr being man: so th be re data COM deve help Servi Patro data to ac trene More outre throu meei	c: Clearing out e hit and run calls a a summons to bect. rovements are ag made in case hagement system hat all officers will esponsible for the entry. ASTAT is being eloped with the from Information rices Division. ol Lts. will use this hadress crime ds. e community reach is underway hugh community etings and entations by hagers at several	Larimer County Mulberry corridor problem areas Automated traffic summons researched and about to be implemented.	Arrest Career Criminals	CCSU- Reduce criminal gang activity within the city RTU - Continued expansion of duties/responses to mitigate impact on patrol and detectives ACU - Continue to grow relationships with associated agencies (Humane society, Wildlife Rescue, etc.) CSO- Take most of the traffic accidents. 43%	Broomfield Code: city mission statement Officers: Prevention and Solving of Serious Crimes

Surveying Other Organizations

Operations

		T	1
2.	Improve Traffic Safety	GCSU- Educated the	Code: individual goals
		community, schools, and	
		businesses to recognize	Officers: Increase
		and report gang activity.	Community Service and
		RTU - Work on greater	Support – Citizen
		cohesion with Records to	Satisfaction
		assure seamless transition	Satisfaction
		during reorganization	
		ACU - Mitigate issues	
		regarding pending	
		increased instances of	
		skunk rabies from	
		surrounding counties	
		CSO- Write parking tickets.	
		Write Abandoned vehicles	
		(200) a year	
3.	Provide Exceptional	GCSU- Continue to build	Officers: Enhancing the
	Customer Service	relationships with schools,	Department –
		community organizations	Employee
		and members, and other	Development &
		gang units in the area.	Satisfaction
		RTU - Re-visit online	
		reporting system viability	
		and cost – closely	
		associated with goal #1 Re-	
		visit online reporting	
		system viability and cost –	
		closely associated with	
		goal #1	
		ACU - Foster continued use	
		of restorative justice for	
		certain animal control	
		cases	
		CSO- Increase	
		enforcement.	

Surveying Other Organizations

Operations

Fort Collins CSO misc: CSOs don't do any type of prisoner transports, only courtesy rides and their vehicle cage may provide a temporary prisoner holding on scene. FCPD allows CSOs to write tickets with fines similar to parking tickets for having a vehicle parked with expired plates on the street with no warning. CSOs can write certain CRS violations without being post certified.

Broomfield Code: Code Compliance is more like our Code Enforcement unit and less like the CSO position. Code compliance left the PD in January of 2005. Code and Animal control were combined. The city transitioned the CCO to non-uniformed to be more community friendly position and animal control is able to get to calls without neglecting code enforcement. They feel that this has met the needs of community. Budget wise the PD lost 3 positions to community development department but there were 6 officers at the time. Animal control kept 3 positions on and became more specialized.





CALEA Survey



Police Department Staff and Resource Study- Phase II CALEA Survey

INTEROFFICE MEMORANDUM

TO: CHIEF LUKE HECKER
FROM: SGT MIKE HALLORAN

SUBJECT: RMAN RESPONSES TO OUR QUESTIONS ABOUT LONG-RANGE PLANNING AND

STAFFING

DATE: 11/30/2012

In mid-October, I sent out the request for information about long-range planning and staffing to members of the Rocky Mountain Accreditation Network. Two accreditation managers wrote back that they had forwarded the questions to someone in their command staff. I have not been provided information from those agencies. To date I have only received three responses. Those responses are from the Lakewood, CO Police Department (*LPD*), Farmington, New Mexico Police Department (*FPD*), and Douglas County, Nebraska Sheriff's Office (*DCSO*). The original questions and the responses are listed below:

1. Does your agency possess an officially approved/budgeted long range plan for hiring additional sworn and civilian positions in outlying years? If yes, please explain:

LPD - Yes; however, it isn't rocket science. Lakewood's population has only changed 1.8% over 20 years. There are no plans for annexations or growth through developments. Our staffing has remained constant and budget estimates are based upon what we have now. Sworn = 258 Civilian = 144

FPD - We do not currently have an official approved long range plan. We have in the past, but even with the possibility of a huge boom here, and talk of annexation, our City Council is afraid to commit to to much until they see it start occurring.

DCSO – No

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- 2. Has your jurisdiction created strategic funding strategies, separate from the normal budget process, to sustain funding for public safety employees? This could include things such as a public safety tax, COPS grant funding, special revenue funds, etc... If yes, please explain:
- *LPD* In 2005 there was a tax initiative that passed and 50% of the 1% increase in revenue was earmarked for "public safety". The city went on to define public safety as snow plowing, lighting, etc. We don't get much. The majority of our special projects and equipment are funded through fines produced by Compulsory Insurance Requirements (no proof of insurance) CRS 42-4-1409. However, we have used a small portion for part-time, temporary positions. We try not to use discretionary funds for full-time positions.
- **FPD** To a degree. We do have a public safety tax that was established quite some time ago. It is still in effect however this was something that was put into effect in good times, not during an economic down turn. We do have COPS grant funding as well.

DCSO - No

3. Has your agency created a staffing ratio that maximizes the use of civilian staff to support the sworn ranks, and minimizes the need to hire additional sworn officers? If yes, please explain:

LPD – No

FPD - No, we do have Community Service Officers, however we have had them for over twenty years, and it hasn't been discussed in recent years as to replacing sworn with civilians to save on costs. We have added civilian positions to our crime lab, rather than assigning sworn there. However, that has been when we have added positions and we still maintained our sworn officer that is assigned to that position. If that makes sense?

DCSO - No

- 4. Has your agency successfully civilianized positions that had traditionally been held by sworn officers? If so, can you identify which positions? Also, has the change created real cost savings?
- *LPD* Yes, we have several positions that are civilian doing traditional sworn job tasks. My position eliminated a Commander. I am the budget manager, accreditation manager and manage grants. We have Community Service Officers who work the field but in non-enforcement type activities. The Property/Evidence Technicians are trained in fingerprinting and certified in breathalyzer. Each of our Investigation Sections have Investigative Technicians who support the Investigators in follow-up of cases, some are trained in basic crime scene processing (mostly fingerprinting). The Pawn licensing, inspection and tracking are done by civilians. We have a Volunteer Coordinator that performs some crime prevention activities.
- **FPD** Nothing other than the Accreditation Manager. This was done more so to have consistency rather than monetary savings

DCSO - Just the Policy Coordinator (Accred Mgr), back in 2004. Moved from a sworn Sergeant position, changed to maintain continuity due to promotions from the position. No salary savings, as this new civilian position is compensated between a Lt and Capt salary. I am confident there may be other non-tangible cost savings by not having a sworn position and all their required training, etc.





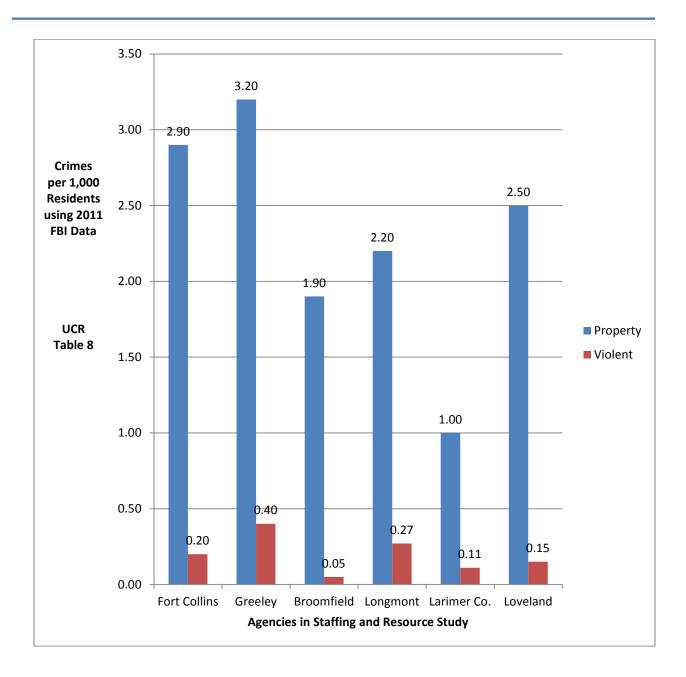
Staffing Level and Violent Crime/Property Crime Data



Police Department Staff and Resource Study- Phase II Community Demographics

	Longmont	Broomfield	Fort Collins	Greeley	Larimer County	Loveland
The Citizenry: (2010 Cen	sus)					
Population	86,270	55,889	143,986	92,889	299,630	66,859
% Growth in Population over last Ten Years	21.3%	46.0%	21.4%	20.7%	19.1%	32.0%
% population 65 yrs old or older	11.2%	9.9%	8.8%	10.7%	11.9%	14.9%
% Population Below Poverty	12.5%	5.5%	18.0%	22.3%	13.3%	8.6%
Unemployment: Dec 2011 not seasonally adjusted (source Larimer County)	6.1%	6.9%	7.2%	10.7%	6.3%	5.4%
Education: Bachelor's Degree or More	37.6%	44.4%	50.1%	26.2%	42.5%	36.80%
Mean travel time to work in minutes	22.5	26.8	19.3	20.1	22.0	24.2
Household Information:						
No. of Households	32,116	20,116	55,889	33,050	120,295	29,178
% Home Ownership	63.7%	74.4%	55.8%	59.6%	67.5%	65.90%
Median Household Income	\$56,025	\$75,590	\$49,589	\$41,845	\$56,447	\$54,062
Median Home Value	\$238,400	\$270,500	\$241,600	\$172,200	\$246,000	\$214,700
Other Community Inform	nation:					
Square Miles	26.19	33.03	54.26	46.55	2,596.00	35.21
Mill Levy/\$1000 Assessed Valuation	13.420	28.968	9.797	11.274	21.571	9.564
Sales Tax Rate	3.28%	4.15%	3.85%	3.46%	0.80%	3.00%
Budget Information:						
Police Dept Budget 2012	\$18,574,682	\$13,235,267	\$30,574,700	\$19,025,223	\$14,831,961	\$16,015,060
Total General Fund Budget 2012 (excluding inter-fund transfers)	\$65,982,716	\$36,679,972	\$82,498,874	\$56,160,327	\$73,805,351	\$58,225,160
% Police Budget of Total General Fund Budget	28.2%	36.1%	37.1%	33.9%	20.1%	27.5%





Violent Crimes:

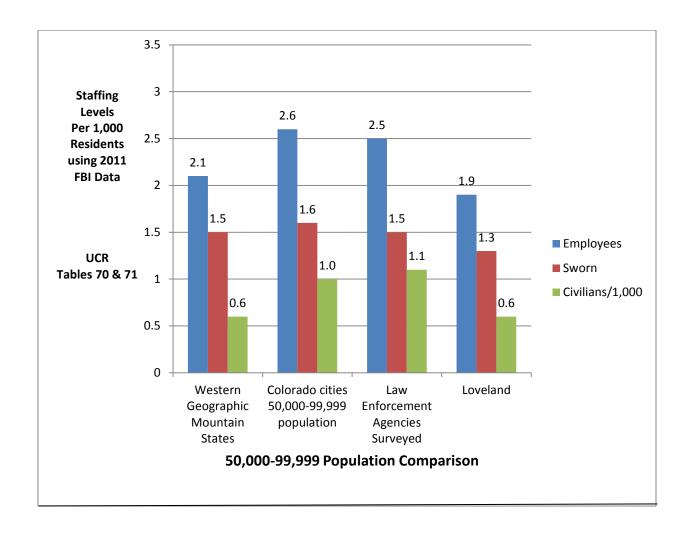
Murder

Non-negligent manslaughter Forcible Rape Robbery Aggravated Assault

Property Crimes

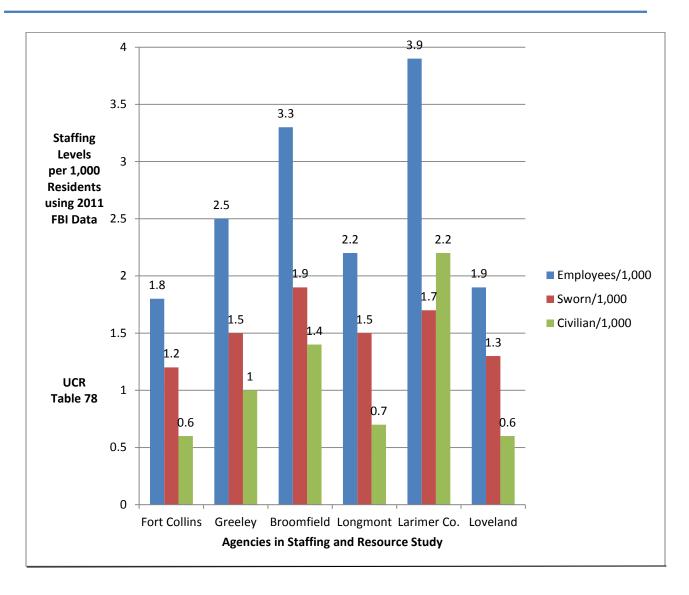
Burglary Larceny/Theft Motor Vehicle Theft Arson







Police Department Staff and Resource Study- Phase II Staffing Levels Per 1,000 – Northern Colorado Agencies







Staff and Resource Phase 1 Executive Summary



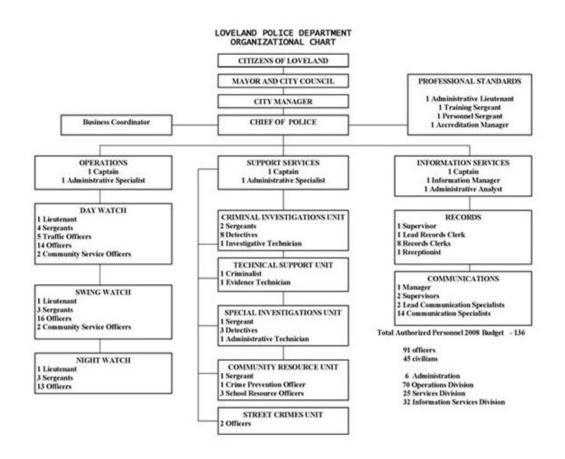
Police Department Staff and Resource Study- Phase I Executive Summary

LOVELAND POLICE DEPARTMENT STAFFING AND RESOURCE STUDY PHASE I EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report is the **first** of a four phase project designed to aid the City Council, the City Manager, and the Loveland Police Department in creating a ten year plan for hiring police and support civilian staff in a strategic manner that best ensures optimal levels of public safety in the Loveland community.

Contained in the body of this document is a situational status report describing the current staffing levels and workload analysis of the Loveland Police Department. The agency is a full service police department consisting of four separate work Divisions. (See Organizational Chart on next page.)





Agency Credentials and Community Perception:

The Department enjoys significant support of the community in carrying out the mission of public safety and has a long reputation as a professional, competent police agency. Since 1992, the Loveland Police Department has been Nationally Accredited through the Commission on Accreditation for Law Enforcement (CALEA). The stated goals of CALEA include:

- Strengthen crime prevention and control capabilities;
- Formalize essential management procedures;
- Establish fair and nondiscriminatory personnel practices;
- Improve service delivery;
- Solidify interagency cooperation and coordination; and
- Increase community and staff confidence in the agency.



Police Department Staff and Resource Study- Phase I Executive Summary

According to the U.S. Department of Justice, there are currently 17,985 law enforcement agencies in the United States, and of those 1%, are accredited through CALEA. (*Census of State and Local Law Enforcement Agencies, 2008:*)

In 2007, the Loveland Communications Center became the 116th Communication Center in the world to be awarded as an Accredited Center of Excellence for Emergency Medical Dispatching. By possessing this credential, dispatchers work under the licensure of a medical doctor and begin providing first aid instructions during 9-1-1 medical calls as emergency service workers are dispatched. Since the inception of Emergency Medical Dispatching, Loveland Communication Center employees have been credited with saving 30 lives.

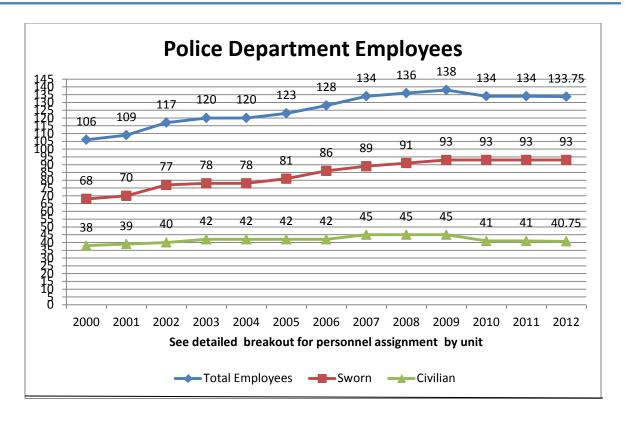
In 2011, the Department conducted a Citizen Satisfaction Survey in which 91.9% of the residents in Loveland reported satisfaction with general police services in their neighborhood; a rating that demonstrates a high level of community approval for the manner in which police services are provided in Loveland.

Agency Situation Status:

This section provides a brief summary of the status of all the Loveland Police Department work groups.

The staffing level in the Department peaked in 2009 when the agency was authorized at 138 employees. In 2010, due to the adverse revenue impacts of the Great Recession, authorized staffing levels dropped to 134 employees. Positions reduced out of the agency work force included the Accreditation Manager, a Community Service Officer, a Communications Specialist, and the Records Receptionist. The workload associated with these positions was retained, and dispersed to a combination of paid staff and volunteers. *The below chart tracks authorized staffing levels in the Department from 2000 through 2012*.





Between 2000 and 2010, authorized staffing levels in the agency increased 7.9%. The data below shows other increases that have impacted police services during that time frame:

- Police calls for service increased 60% (48,000 78,637*)
- 9-1-1 telephone calls into the Communication Center increased 61% (24,000 39,900*)
- Adult Arrests in Loveland increased 60% (2065 3135*)
- Population in Loveland increased 32% (50,608 66,859**)
- Center line road miles in Loveland increased 32% (244 325***)

Sworn Rank and File:

In addition to community growth and increased call load over the last decade, sworn officers in the agency are tasked with a robust number of collateral assignments that consume of average 12% of their work week. When required training, leave time, and administrative time for things like report writing and attending court appearances are included, sworn officer availability to perform their core job duties can be reduced to an average of 47%, of time during a normal work week. *The table below describes*



collateral job assignments that are dispersed throughout the sworn ranks of the Department:

Alcohol Enforcement Unit Officer	Drug Education and Safety Instructor	Peer Support Officer
Anti-Bias policing Instructor	Drug Recognition Expert	Pension Board Member
ATV Liason	DUI Instructor	Physical Fitness Instructor
Background Investigator	Explorer Supervisor	Radar Instructor
Explosive Ordinance Officer	Explorer Advisor	SHARP Instructor
Explosive Ordinance Supervisor	Field Training Officer	Sketch Artist
Canine Agitator	Field Training Unit Supervisor	SFST Instructor
Canine Unit Supervisor	Firearms Instructor	SWAT Command
Chaplain Advisor	Infection Control Officer	SWAT Team Leader
Chemical Agent Instructor	Intoxilizer Instructor	SWAT Tactical
Cland Lab Instructor	Less Lethal Munition Instructor	SWAT Negotiations
Court/DA Liason	Senior Volunteer Advisor	Taser Instructor
Crisis Intervention Unit Officer	Motor Officer	Technical Accident Investigator
Crime Scene Technician	Mounted Unit Officer	Uniform Committee
Defensive Tactics Instructor	Noise Enforcement Officer	Vehicle Committee
Driving Instructor	Officer Safety Instructor	

Based upon the time demands and collateral work load of sworn officers, the agency has become more reactive to calls for service and less proactive in problem solving strategies that are often associated with community policing.

* Loveland Police Annual Reports

** U.S. Census

*** Loveland Traffic Engineering



Technical Support Unit:

In the Property and Evidence room one full time employee is currently responsible for the intake, inventory, and legal disposition of approximately 36,000 thousands of pieces of property and evidence. Factors related to this employee's availability such as sick leave, vacation, training, and required travel time to crime labs, adversely impact employee presence in the property and evidence room and expose the agency to periods of disruption in this area of high liability.

In 2007 one Criminalist position was implemented in the agency for the purpose of increasing the professionalism and effectiveness of evidence collection and processing. In 2009 the Loveland Police Department became one of five agencies to participate in the development of the Northern Colorado Regional Forensic Lab (NCRFL). This lab was created to eliminate evidence backlog and create a faster turnaround time than the State Lab could provide. When the lab was formed the five agencies combined personnel, equipment, and space. In the case of the LPD, the contribution consisted of the Criminalist to perform Latent Print Examiner duties. Placing the Criminalist in the NCRFL has caused a time split between Criminalist duties at LPD, and Latent Print Examiner duties at the NCRFL. The Criminalist splits hours 20hrs per week at each location when possible. Complicated cases or staff availability can dictate which office the criminalist spends a majority of time.

Records Unit:

The factors that impact the work function and workload of the Records Unit staff include the following:

- Number of officers
- Number and types of crime
- State and Federal mandates
- Court and District Attorney requirements
- Policy and procedure changes
- Technology
- Availability of Records personnel to perform scheduled work

Records personnel are responsible for processing all officer reports, releasing the reports and supporting the administrative functions of the police officers. Additionally, the unit plays a significant role in applying diverse technology related to record keeping and reporting. The Records unit staffing levels has decreased 9% from 2009, despite increased workload, particularly that associated with policy and procedure changes and State and Federal mandates. Since 2009, to continue meeting workload demands, the unit has utilized volunteers, paid overtime and modified processes to enhance productivity and efficiency.

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Police Department Staff and Resource Study- Phase I Executive Summary

Police Communications:

The Loveland Emergency Communications Center (LECC) operates 24 hours a day, 365 days a year. Fully staffed, the center employs 15 Communications Specialists, 2 Lead Communications Specialist, 2 Communications Supervisors, and a Communications Manager. While the LECC is authorized for 15 full-time Communications Specialists, it is very difficult to obtain and maintain that staffing level. The LECC loses about 50% of its new hires during the training process. When a Specialist resigns, it can take anywhere from 8 – 12 months to replace them with a fully trained person. The Center has not added any positions since 2007 and one position was lost as a Reduction in Force in 2009.

The LECC answers 911 lines for the southern half of Larimer County covering approximately 260 square miles and non-emergency phones for the Loveland Police Department. LECC dispatches for the Loveland Police Department, Loveland Fire Rescue Authority, Thompson Valley EMS, and the Berthoud Fire Protection District.

Given current staffing in the Communications Center the dispatchers generated 2021.75 hours of overtime in 2011, with the Supervisors covering an additional 1220 hours on the console. Operating at the current staffing level, Communications Specialists are functioning at peak productivity levels, and any additional non-routine event places the Center into overload status.

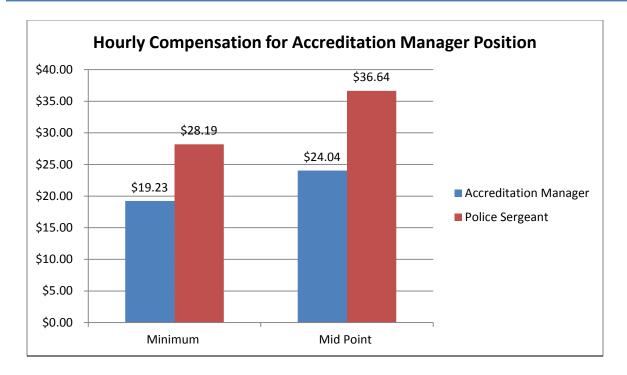
Police Administration:

Aside from the duties of the Police Chief and three Division Commanders, the primary functions of the Police Administration include: Professional Standards, Budget/Finance, Training, Personnel, National Accreditation, and Internal Affairs.

In 2009 the National Accreditation Manger position, which had been filled with by a civilian, was reduced from the work force and the Police Department budget. Recognizing the value of National Accreditation, and desiring to maintain the credential, the department re-assigned the administrative training sergeant to the office of Accreditation. This sergeant is compensated in significantly higher pay grade than civilian accreditation manager (pay grade 10 vs. pay grade 6). *The graph on the next page demonstrates this pay difference:*

December 11, 2012 185





The Personnel Sergeant assumed the duties of the Training Sergeant and has carried out the duties of both offices since 2009.

The Professional Standards Lieutenant conducts internal affairs investigation and carries other significant and diverse work functions.

Summary:

Most law enforcement agencies in the United States have experienced adverse budget impacts associated with the Great Recession. Some have been severe. With the support of elected officials and city management, the Loveland Police Department weathered the financial/revenue crisis of the Great Recession better than many law enforcement agencies. The business model for the agency over the last five years has been to maintain current available resources and continue providing the most effective police services possible. This situation status study is the first step toward advancing the productive development of the agency over the next ten years. The vision is to advance police services in a way that is most complimentary toward economic development, downtown revitalization, and enhanced quality of life for residents and visitors of Loveland.

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POLICE DEPARTMENT STAFFING AND RESOURCE STUDY- PHASE II

December 11, 2012 City Council Study Session



Overview of the Loveland Police Department four phase Staff and Resource Study

Phase I: Assessment of current situation, Completed May 2012:

A description of how current Police Department staff is deployed in the mission of public safety in Loveland, and an analysis of existing work load.

Phase II: Determine and compare to goals or standards, December 2012:

A benchmarking evaluation of current, accepted public safety standards and norms in the Northern Colorado region, and an assessment of the vision for future police services in Loveland.

Phase III: Define Options or alternatives needed to reach the goals or standards, from the present situation, January 2013:

Analyze the findings of phase one and two, and develop recommendations for a ten year hiring and staffing and resource plan in the Police Department. Give consideration to staffing options and differential means of achieving long range public safety goals.

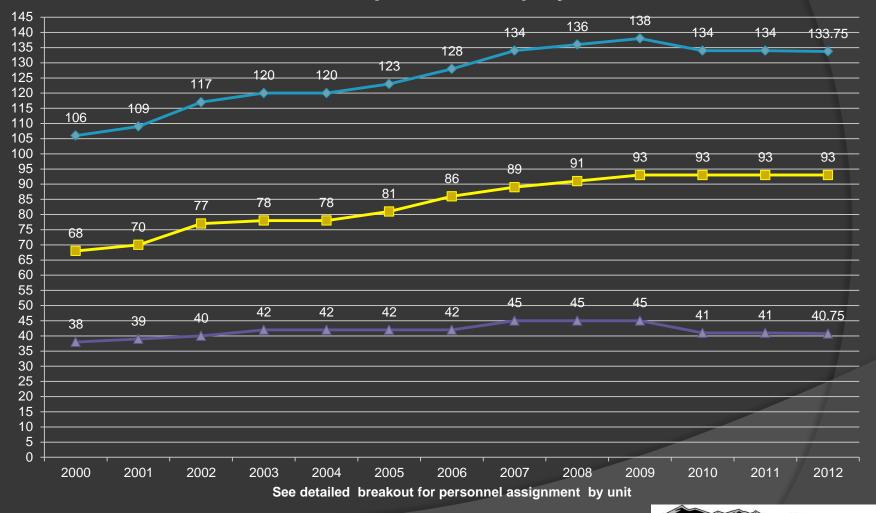
Phase IV: Action Plan, February 2013:

Develop a 10 year hiring and staff allocation plan which is consistent with the available and/or feasible resources of the City of Loveland.



Phase I - Findings Recap

Police Department Employees



---Sworn

Civilian

Total Employees

Phase I – Findings Recap

Between 2000 and 2010, authorized staffing levels in the agency increased 7.9%. The data below shows other increases that have impacted police services during that time frame:

- Police calls for service increased 60% (48,000 78,637)
- 9-1-1 telephone calls into the Communication Center increased 61% (24,000 39,900)
- Adult Arrests in Loveland increased 60% (2065 3135)
- Population in Loveland increased 32% (50,608 66,859)
- Center line road miles in Loveland increased 32% (244 – 325)



Phase II – Purpose: Benchmarking

Determine and compare to goals or standards, December 2012:

 A benchmarking evaluation of current, accepted public safety standards and norms in the Northern Colorado region, and an assessment of the vision for future police services in Loveland.



Phase II – Scope of Comparison

Departments:

- Fort Collins Police Department
- Larimer County Sheriff's Department
- Greeley Police Department
- Longmont Police Department
- Broomfield Police Department

Units:

- Patrol
- Investigations
- Property and Evidence
- Records
- Crime Prevention
- Communications
- Administration
- School Resource Officers



Phase II – Survey Data Focus

Section 1: Policy and Operational Trends:

 Staff was asked to identify policy and operational trends they discovered as similarities within organizations in the survey group.

Section 2: Best Practices and Innovations:

 Staff was asked to identify the most innovative strategies they found for meeting community needs with limited resources within the survey group. They were also asked to suggest which of the strategies the Loveland Police Department should consider using.

Section 3: Long-term Strategies for Improvement in Loveland:

 What practices did you find that you would like to incorporate? Identify the impact you would expect that practice to have on the Loveland Police Department.

Section 4: Comparative Strengths for Loveland:

 The Loveland Police Department has also been innovative. Please communicate the most effective strategies that we have implemented and have worked well for the agency.

Phase II – Survey Response Summary Categories

- Staffing
- Technology
- Organizational Strategies
- Community Outreach



Phase II Survey Findings: Staffing

- Departments optimize the employment of civilian employees to support the mission of sworn police officers.
- Law enforcement staff is present at the front counter to handle walk in police services.
- Deployment of specialized units to focus on specific crimes.
- Quartermasters and/or inventory control staff manage the vast and expensive array of tools, weapons, vehicles, and equipment.
- IT support staff have been assigned specifically to the police agencies.
- Staff specifically assigned manage information and enhance the public image of the agency in social media environment.
- Using volunteers in non-critical positions is common.
- Budget limitations that restrict staffing levels and operational strategies are common.

Phase II Survey Findings: Technology

- Technology designed to improve reporting efficiency and minimize redundant data entry.
- Electronic ticketing writing, smart phones, I Pads, portable computers, and surveillance equipment are common tools for enhancing the effectiveness and efficiency of all police operations.
- Internet Protocol is being deployed in phone systems, mapping, records systems, and in radio communication centers.
- Social Media technology is being embraced and deployed more frequently.



Phase II Survey Findings: Organizational Strategies

- Agencies are employing more civilian employees, including community service officers, to handle traffic accidents, parking enforcement, and code enforcement.
- Regional Intergovernmental Agreements and/or Memorandums of Understanding are becoming more common for purposes of shared resources and cost control. Examples include the Northern Colorado Bomb Squad, the Drug Task Force, and the Northern Colorado Regional Forensic Crime Lab. Each of the survey agencies believe this trend should continue and expand.
- Due to increasing complexity in criminal investigations, specialization is becoming more common.



Phase II Survey Findings: Organizational Strategies

- Street crime units, gang units, or community impact units are being deployed by most agencies in order to target specific criminal behavior.
- Some agencies have deployed recorded phone tree messages to direct callers that are seeking police services. This has reduced staff time answering telephones.
- Some agencies deploy an outside vendor to provide accident reports via the internet. The vendor charges for this service. Currently, the Loveland Police Department provides accident reports to insurance companies and people for free.
- Record Management Systems allow for the electronic dissemination of reports and files to insurance agencies, other law enforcement agencies, and the general public usually within days of the report being taken. This includes electronic transmission of reports that are mandated by state and federal agencies.



Phase II Survey Findings: Community Outreach

- Crime prevention officers are most frequently utilized to reach out to Elementary age children as none of the survey agencies has school resource officers assigned to Elementary Schools.
- School resource officers are often used to conduct educational classes for students in the school district.
- Community outreach programs should be proactive rather than reactive if they are to have the desired effect of crime reduction.
- Social Media is viewed as a new and vital frontier that police agencies must learn to interact in effectively in order to enhance the image of the agency and provide timely public safety information to the community.
- Each of the surveyed agencies view community outreach as important and deploy strategies to meet the need.



Phase II – CALEA Agency Survey Findings

- Three police agencies with a history of CALEA accreditation responded to the request for information:
 - Lakewood, Colorado Police Department
 - Farmington, New Mexico Police Department
 - Douglas County, Nebraska Sheriff's Department

• Findings:

- None of these agencies had completed or adopted a comprehensive staff and resource plan such as the one Loveland is advancing.
- Two of the agencies indicated that funding had been identified specifically to support the development of their departments, however they did not view the strategies to be effective.
- The Lakewood, Colorado Police Department has civilianized a number of police positions to support the effective delivery of law enforcement services.



86,270

21.3%

11.2%

12.5%

6.1%

37.6%

22.5

The Citizenry: (2010 Census)

% Growth in Population

% population 65 yrs old

over last Ten Years

% Population Below

Unemployment: Dec 2011 not seasonally

adjusted (source Larimer

Education: Bachelor's

Mean travel time to work

Degree or More

in minutes

Population

or older

Poverty

County)

55,889

46.0%

9.9%

5.5%

6.9%

44.4%

26.8

Fort

Collins

143,986

21.4%

8.8%

18.0%

7.2%

50.1%

19.3

P. 234

Loveland

66,859

32.0%

14.9%

8.6%

5.4%

36.80%

24.2

Larimer

County

299,630

19.1%

11.9%

13.3%

6.3%

42.5%

22.0

Greeley

92,889

20.7%

10.7%

22.3%

10.7%

26.2%

20.1

Longmont

Loveland

Larimer

County

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Loveland							

Broomfield

Fort

Collins

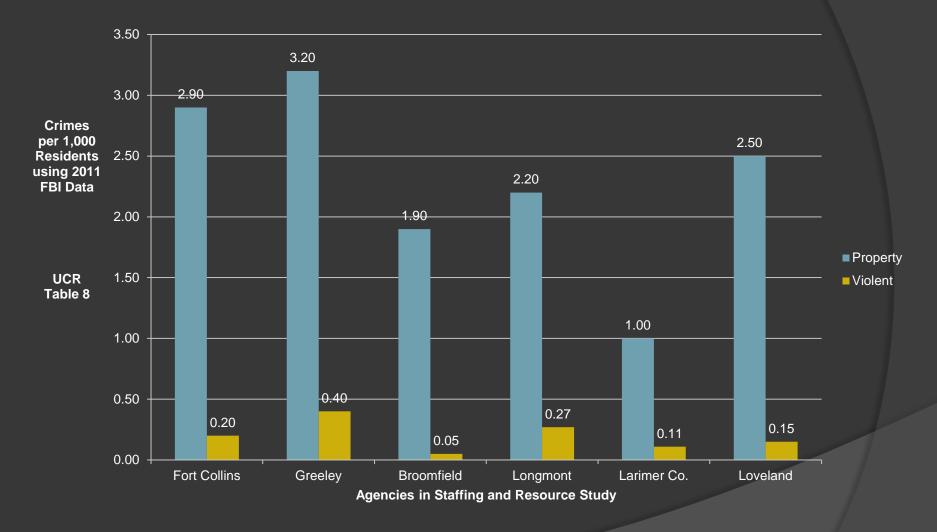
Greeley

	Longmont	Broomfield	Fort Collins	Greeley	Larimer County	Loveland	
Other Community Information:							
Square Miles	26.19	33.03	54.26	46.55	2,596.00	35.21	
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	Longmont	Broomfield	Fort Collins	Greeley	Larimer County	Loveland
Budget Information:						
Police Dept Budget 2012	\$18.6M	\$13.2M	\$30.6M	\$19.0M	\$14.8M	\$16.0M
Total General Fund Budget 2012 (excluding inter-fund transfers)	\$66.0 M	\$36.7M	\$82.5M	\$56.2M	\$73.8M	\$58.2M
% Police Budget of Total General Fund Budget	28.2%	36.1%	37.1%	33.9%	20.1%	27.5%



Phase II Comparative Data

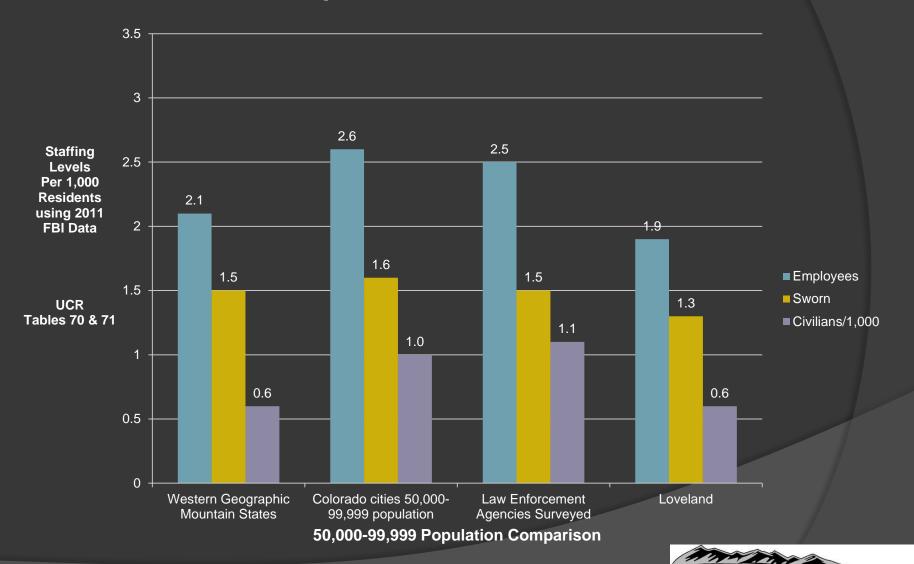


Violent Crimes: Murder; Non-negligent manslaughter; Forcible Rape; Robbery; Aggravated Assault

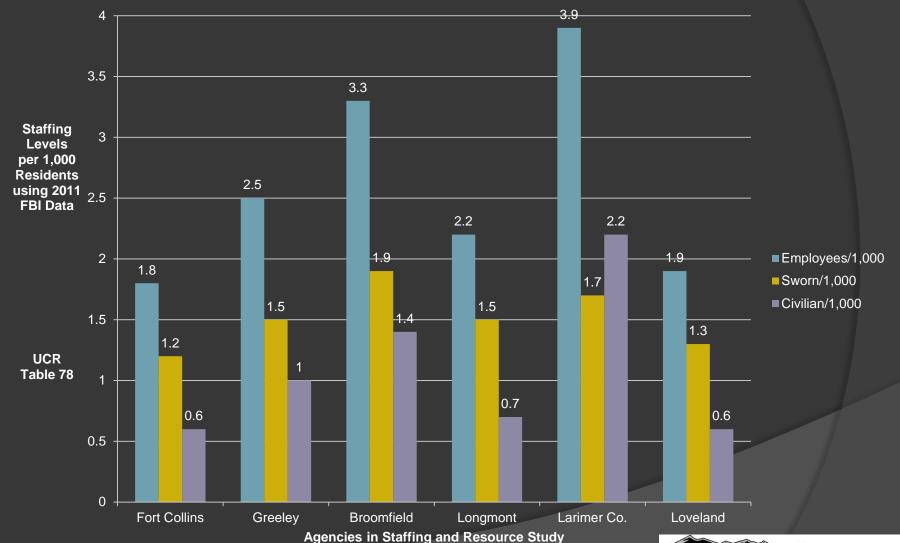
Property Crimes: Burglary; Larceny/Theft; Motor Vehicle Theft; Arson



Phase II Comparative Data



Phase II Comparative Data



Fort Collins- voter approved referendum may impact future ratios for employees (sworn and civilian) per 1,000 population

Council Direction Moving into Phase III

- Staffing
- Technology
- Organizational Strategies
- Community Outreach



Phase II

Questions?

